# **Service**

# Commercial Generator Sets



## Models:

COM5 (36 VDC) COM5 (48 VDC) COM5 (96 VDC) Alpha 5 (36 VDC) Alpha 5 (48 VDC) Alpha 5 (96 VDC)



KOHLER® POWER SYSTEMS\_\_\_\_\_

## **California Proposition 65**



# **WARNING**

Engine exhaust from this product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or other reproductive harm.

# **Product Identification Information**

Product identification numbers determine service parts. Record the product identification numbers in the spaces below immediately after unpacking the products so that the numbers are readily available for future reference. Record field-installed kit numbers after installing the kits.

### **Generator Set Identification Numbers**

Record the product identification numbers from the generator set nameplate(s).

Model Designation \_\_\_\_\_

Specification Number _ Serial Number	
Accessory Number	Accessory Description

# **Engine Identification**

Record the product identification information from the
engine nameplate.
Manufacturer
Model Designation
Serial Number

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# **Safety Precautions and Instructions**

IMPORTANT SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS. Electromechanical equipment, including generator sets and accessories, can cause bodily harm and pose life-threatening danger when improperly installed, operated, or maintained. To prevent accidents be aware of potential dangers and act safely. Read and follow all safety precautions and instructions. SAVE THESE INSTRUCTIONS.

This manual has several types of safety precautions and instructions: Danger, Warning, Caution, and Notice.



#### **DANGER**

Danger indicates the presence of a hazard that will cause severe personal injury, death, or substantial property damage.



#### **WARNING**

Warning indicates the presence of a hazard that *can cause severe* personal injury, death, or substantial property damage.



#### **CAUTION**

Caution indicates the presence of a hazard that *will* or *can cause minor personal injury* or *property damage*.

#### **NOTICE**

Notice communicates installation, operation, or maintenance information that is safety related but not hazard related.

Safety decals affixed to the equipment in prominent places alert the operator or service technician to potential hazards and explain how to act safely. The decals are shown throughout this publication to improve operator recognition. Replace missing or damaged decals.

# **Accidental Starting**

# WARNING



# Accidental starting. Can cause severe injury or death.

Disconnect the battery cables before working on the generator set. Remove the negative (-) lead first when disconnecting the battery. Reconnect the negative (-) lead last when reconnecting the battery.

generator Disabling the set. Accidental starting can cause severe injury or death. working on the generator set or equipment connected to the set, disable the generator set as follows: (1) Place the generator set start/stop switch in the STOP (2) Disconnect the power to the battery charger, if equipped. (3) Remove the battery cables, negative (-) lead first. Reconnect the negative (-) lead last when reconnecting the battery. Follow these precautions to prevent the starting of the generator set by the remote start/stop switch.

# **Battery**

#### Α

#### WARNING



#### Sulfuric acid in batteries. Can cause severe injury or death.

Wear protective goggles and clothing. Battery acid may cause blindness and burn skin.

#### **A** WARNING



### Explosion.

Can cause severe injury or death. Relays in the battery charger cause arcs or sparks.

Locate the battery in a well-ventilated area. Isolate the battery charger from explosive fumes.

Battery electrolyte is a diluted sulfuric acid. Battery acid can cause severe injury or death. Battery acid can cause blindness and burn skin. Always wear splashproof safety goggles, rubber gloves, and boots when servicing the battery. Do not open a sealed battery or mutilate the battery case. If battery acid splashes in the eyes or on the skin, immediately flush the affected area for 15 minutes with large quantities of clean water. Seek immediate medical aid in the case of eye contact. Never add acid to a battery after placing the battery in service, as this may result in hazardous spattering of battery acid.

Battery acid cleanup. Battery acid can cause severe injury or death. Battery acid is electrically conductive and corrosive. Add 500 g (1 lb.) of bicarbonate of soda (baking soda) to a container with 4 L (1 gal.) of water and mix the neutralizing solution. Pour the neutralizing solution on the spilled battery acid and continue to add the neutralizing solution to the spilled battery acid until all evidence of a chemical reaction (foaming) has ceased. Flush the resulting liquid with water and dry the area.

Battery gases. Explosion can cause severe injury or death. Battery gases can cause an explosion. Do not smoke or permit flames or sparks to occur near a battery at any time, particularly when it is charging. Do not dispose of a battery in a fire. To prevent burns and sparks that could cause an explosion, avoid touching the battery terminals with tools or other metal objects. Remove all jewelry before servicing the equipment. Discharge static electricity from your body before touching batteries by first touching a grounded metal surface away from the battery. To avoid sparks, do not disturb the battery charger connections while the battery is charging. Always turn the battery charger off before disconnecting the battery connections. Ventilate the compartments containing batteries to prevent accumulation of explosive gases.

Battery short circuits. Explosion can cause severe injury or death. Short circuits can cause bodily injury and/or equipment damage. the battery before Disconnect generator installation Remove all jewelry maintenance. before servicing the equipment. Use tools with insulated handles. Remove the negative (-) lead first when disconnecting the battery. Reconnect the negative (-) lead last when reconnecting the battery. connect the negative (-) battery cable to the positive (+) connection terminal of the starter solenoid. Do not test the battery condition by shorting the terminals together.

# **Engine Backfire/Flash Fire**



Fire.
Can cause severe injury or death.

Do not smoke or permit flames or sparks near fuels or the fuel system.

Servicing the air cleaner. A sudden backfire can cause severe injury or death. Do not operate the generator set with the air cleaner removed.

Combustible materials. A fire can cause severe injury or death. Generator set engine fuels and fuel vapors are flammable and explosive. Handle these materials carefully to minimize the risk of fire or explosion. Equip the compartment or nearby area with a fully charged fire extinguisher. Select a fire extinguisher rated ABC or for electrical fires or as recommended by the local fire code or an authorized agency. Train all personnel fire extinguisher on fire operation and prevention procedures.

# **Exhaust System**



Carbon monoxide.

Can cause severe nausea, fainting, or death.

The exhaust system must be leakproof and routinely inspected.

Generator set operation. Carbon monoxide can cause severe nausea, fainting, or death. Carbon monoxide is an odorless, colorless, tasteless, nonirritating gas that can cause death if inhaled for even a short time. Avoid breathing exhaust fumes when working on or near the generator set. Never operate the generator set inside a building unless the exhaust gas is piped safely outside. Never operate the generator set where exhaust gas could accumulate and seep back inside a potentially occupied building.

Carbon monoxide symptoms. Carbon monoxide can cause severe nausea, fainting, or death. Carbon monoxide is a poisonous gas present in exhaust gases. Carbon monoxide poisoning symptoms include but are not limited to the following:

- Light-headedness, dizziness
- Physical fatigue, weakness in joints and muscles
- Sleepiness, mental fatigue, inability to concentrate or speak clearly, blurred vision
- Stomachache, vomiting, nausea If experiencing any of these symptoms and carbon monoxide poisoning is possible, seek fresh air immediately and remain active. Do not sit, lie down, or fall asleep. Alert others to the possibility of carbon monoxide poisoning. Seek medical attention if the condition of affected persons does not improve within minutes of breathing fresh air.

# **Fuel System**



Explosive fuel vapors.
Can cause severe injury or death.

Use extreme care when handling, storing, and using fuels.

Gas fuel leaks. Explosive fuel vapors can cause severe injury or death. Fuel leakage can cause an explosion. Check the LP vapor gas or natural gas fuel system for leakage by using a soap and water solution with the fuel system test pressurized to per 6-8 ounces square (10-14 inches water column). Do not use a soap solution containing either ammonia or chlorine because both prevent bubble formation. A successful test depends on the ability of the solution to bubble.

#### **Hazardous Noise**





Hazardous noise. Can cause hearing loss.

Never operate the generator set without a muffler or with a faulty exhaust system.

Engine noise. Hazardous noise can cause hearing loss. Generator sets not equipped with sound enclosures can produce noise levels greater than 105 dBA. Prolonged exposure to noise levels greater than 85 dBA can cause permanent hearing loss. Wear hearing protection when near an operating generator set.

# Hazardous Voltage/ Electrical Shock



Hazardous voltage. Can cause severe injury or death.

Only authorized personnel should open the enclosure.

(600 volts and under)



Hazardous voltage. Moving rotor. Can cause severe injury or death.

Operate the generator set only when all guards and electrical enclosures are in place.

Grounding electrical equipment. Hazardous voltage can cause severe injury or death. Electrocution is possible whenever electricity is Open the main circuit present. breakers of all power sources before servicing the equipment. Configure the installation to electrically ground the generator set and related equipment and electrical circuits to comply with applicable codes and standards. Never contact electrical leads or appliances when standing in water or on wet ground because these conditions increase the risk of electrocution.

High voltage test. Hazardous voltage can cause severe injury or death. Follow the instructions of the test equipment manufacturer when performing high-voltage tests on the rotor or stator. An improper test procedure can damage equipment or lead to generator set failure.

Connecting the battery and the battery charger. Hazardous voltage can cause severe injury or death. Reconnect the battery correctly, positive to positive and negative to negative, to avoid electrical shock and damage to the battery charger and battery(ies). Have a qualified electrician install the battery(ies).

Short circuits. Hazardous voltage/current can cause severe injury or death. Short circuits can cause bodily injury and/or equipment damage. Do not contact electrical connections with tools or jewelry while making adjustments or repairs. Remove all jewelry before servicing the equipment.

Testing live electrical circuits. Hazardous voltage or current can cause severe injury or death. Have trained and qualified personnel take diagnostic measurements of live circuits. Use adequately rated test equipment with electrically insulated probes and follow the instructions of the test equipment manufacturer when performing voltage tests. Observe the following precautions when performing voltage tests: (1) Remove all jewelry. (2) Stand on a dry, approved electrically insulated mat. (3) Do not touch the enclosure or components inside the enclosure. (4) Be prepared for the system to operate automatically. (600 volts and under)

**Hot Parts** 



Hot engine and exhaust system. Can cause severe injury or death.

Do not work on the generator set until it cools.

Servicing the generator. Hot parts can cause severe injury or death. Avoid touching the generator set field or exciter armature. When shorted, the generator set field and exciter armature become hot enough to cause severe burns.

Servicing the exhaust system. Hot parts can cause severe injury or death. Do not touch hot engine parts. The engine and exhaust system components become extremely hot during operation.

# **Moving Parts**



Rotating parts.
Can cause severe injury or death.

Operate the generator set only when all guards, screens, and covers are in place.

Tightening the hardware. Flying projectiles can cause severe injury or death. Loose hardware can cause the hardware or pulley to release from the generator set engine and can cause personal injury. Retorque all crankshaft and rotor hardware after servicing. Do not loosen the crankshaft hardware or rotor thrubolt when making adjustments or servicing the generator set. Rotate the crankshaft manually in a clockwise direction only. Turning the crankshaft bolt or rotor thrubolt counterclockwise can loosen the hardware.

#### **Notice**

#### NOTICE

**Hardware damage.** The engine and generator set may use both American Standard and metric hardware. Use the correct size tools to prevent rounding of the bolt heads and nuts.

#### NOTICE

When replacing hardware, do not substitute with inferior grade hardware. Screws and nuts are available in different hardness ratings. To indicate hardness, American Standard hardware uses a series of markings, and metric hardware uses a numeric system. Check the markings on the bolt heads and nuts for identification.

#### **NOTICE**

Electrostatic discharge damage.
Electrostatic discharge (ESD)
damages electronic circuit boards.
Prevent electrostatic discharge
damage by wearing an approved
grounding wrist strap when handling
electronic circuit boards or integrated
circuits. An approved grounding wrist
strap provides a high resistance (about
1 megohm), not a direct short, to
ground.

#### **NOTICE**

Fuse replacement. Replace fuses with fuses of the same ampere rating and type (for example: 3AB or 314, ceramic). Do not substitute clear glass-type fuses for ceramic fuses. Refer to the wiring diagram when the ampere rating is unknown or questionable.

This manual provides troubleshooting and repair instructions for model Alpha 5 and COM5 generator sets and controllers.

The generator sets use a Kohler® CV-14 engine with modified ignition, governor, and fuel systems. Refer to the engine service manual for engine information not covered in this manual.

Information in this publication represents data available at the time of print. Kohler Co. reserves the right to change this publication and the products represented without notice and without any obligation or liability whatsoever.

Read this manual and carefully follow all procedures and safety precautions to ensure proper equipment operation and to avoid bodily injury. Read and follow the Safety Precautions and Instructions section at the beginning of this manual. Keep this manual with the equipment for future reference.

The equipment service requirements are very important to safe and efficient operation. Inspect the parts often and perform required service at the prescribed intervals. Maintenance and service must be performed by appropriately skilled and suitably trained maintenance personnel familiar with generator set operation and service.

# **Maintenance and Service Parts**

Figure 1 lists some routine maintenance and service parts for your generator set. Parts Catalog TP-6091 provides a complete list of replacement parts.

Part Description	Part Number
Maintenance Parts:	
Air Cleaner Foam Element	12 083 07
Air Cleaner Paper Element	12 083 15
Exhaust gasket	12 041 03
Fuse, 150 amp (48 volt)	337123
Fuse, 200 amp (36 volt)	GM13492
Oil Filter	12 050 01
Spark Plug	24 132 03
Test Fixtures:	
Controller board	GM17820
Cover plate	GM23579
Exhaust extension with test port	GM23580
Extended wiring harness	GM23713
Generator set base	GM23578
Oxygen sensor	A-345052
Silencer	GM11509

Figure 1 Maintenance and Service Parts

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## **Service Assistance**

For professional advice on generator power requirements and conscientious service, please contact your nearest Kohler distributor or dealer.

- Consult the Yellow Pages under the heading Generators—Electric
- Visit the Kohler Power Systems website at KohlerPowerSystems.com
- Look at the labels and stickers on your Kohler product or review the appropriate literature or documents included with the product
- Call toll free in the US and Canada 1-800-544-2444
- Outside the US and Canada, call the nearest regional office

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# 1.1 System Description

The generator set provides backup DC power to cable TV systems or telecommunication sites in place of, or in addition to, batteries. The generator set is available in 36-, 48-, and 96-volt DC models. The generator set nameplate lists the unit's rated voltage.

The system batteries provide power at 36, 48, or 96 VDC. When power fails, the control system signals the generator set to start. The generator set provides DC power for continued or reserve operation of the system.

The generator set has both local and remote annunciation and control capabilities. The unit runs on natural gas or LP vapor.

# 1.2 Generator Set Functional Description

The generator set system consists of the generator set (engine and generator) and the control system. The generator set provides regulated DC voltage to the telecommunications power system. The control system provides complete control of the engine and generator, accepts remote control commands, and delivers local and remote annunciation of unit status. Internal control functions include start and stop logic, fault monitoring, unit voltage control, engine speed governing, and local LEDs for fault annunciation. Status indicators include low oil pressure, high temperature, overspeed, overcrank, and engine running.

Under very light loads, the generator set operates at low speed. As loads increase, the control system maintains constant generator output voltage by increasing the generator set engine speed (rpm).

The Kohler CV14 engine drives a direct-connected, variable-speed, 3-phase, voltage-specific generator to produce high-frequency AC power. A 3-phase, full-wave rectifier converts the AC output into low-ripple, unfiltered DC power. The DC inline fuse provides protection for downstream devices in case of overload.

# 1.3 Specifications

The tables in Sections 1.3.1, 1.3.2, and 1.3.3 contain general generator set, engine, and alternator specifications.

## 1.3.1 Generator Set Specifications

	36 VDC	48 VDC	96 VDC	
Manufacturer		Kohler		
Dimensions, L x W x H, mm (in.)	495 x 380 x 514 (19.5 x 15 x 20.24)			
Weight, dry, kg (lb.)	68 (150)			
Rated kW*	5	3.5 or 5 <sup>†</sup>	5	
Rated DC output voltage (VDC)	39	52	104	
Rated amps	128	96	48	

<sup>\*</sup> Derate approximately 3.5% per 300 m (1000 ft.) over 600 m (2000 ft.) above sea level. Derate 1% for each 5.5°C (10°F) increase in temperature above 49°C (120°F).

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<sup>†</sup> Check the generator set nameplate for the kW rating.

# 1.3.2 Engine Specifications

Manufacturer         Kohler           Make/model         CV14           Cycle         4           Compression ratio         8.5:1           Displacement         398 cc (24.3 cu. in.)           Rated horsepower (using natural gas fuel)         10.5 HP           Engine speed         2800-3600 rpm           Overspeed shutdown         3750 rpm           Bore         87 mm (3.43 in.)           Stroke         67 mm (2.64 in.)           Valve train         Overhead Valve           Valve material:	lt	Charification
Make/model         CV14           Cycle         4           Compression ratio         8.5:1           Displacement         398 cc (24.3 cu. in.)           Rated horsepower (using natural gas fuel)         10.5 HP           Engine speed         2800-3600 rpm           Overspeed shutdown         3750 rpm           Bore         87 mm (3.43 in.)           Stroke         67 mm (2.64 in.)           Valve train         Overhead Valve           Valve material:         Intake           Exhaust         Steel           Stallite® Face           Number of cylinders         1           Cylinder block material         Aluminum w/Cast Iron Liners           Cylinder head material         Aluminum w/Cast Iron Liners           Cylinder head material         Aluminum           Piston rings         2 Compression, 1 Oil           Crankshaft material         Heat Treated, Ductile Iron Casting           Bearings, number and type         2, Replaceable Sleeve           Governor         Electronic           Starter motor         Electronic           Starter motor         Electroic, Solenoid Shift           Lubrication system         Full Pressure           Oil capacity (with filter and cooler)	Item	Specification
Cycle         4           Compression ratio         8.5:1           Displacement         398 cc (24.3 cu. in.)           Rated horsepower (using natural gas fuel)         10.5 HP           Engine speed         2800-3600 rpm           Overspeed shutdown         3750 rpm           Bore         87 mm (3.43 in.)           Stroke         67 mm (2.64 in.)           Valve train         Overhead Valve           Valve material: Intake Exhaust         Steel           Number of cylinders         1           Cylinder block material         Aluminum w/Cast Iron Liners           Cylinder head material         Aluminum           Piston rings         2 Compression, 1 Oil           Crankshaft material         Heat Treated, Ductile Iron Casting           Bearings, number and type         2, Replaceable Sleeve           Governor         Electronic           Starter motor         Electronic           Lubrication system         Full Pressure           Oil capacity (with filter and cooler)         2.0 L (2.1 qt.)           Oil type         Synthetic 5W-30           Oil pressure         172-241 kPa (25-35 psi)           Low oil pressure         13.8-34.5 kPa (2-5 psi)           Fuel type         <		
Compression ratio         8.5:1           Displacement         398 cc (24.3 cu. in.)           Rated horsepower (using natural gas fuel)         10.5 HP           Engine speed         2800-3600 rpm           Overspeed shutdown         3750 rpm           Bore         87 mm (3.43 in.)           Stroke         67 mm (2.64 in.)           Valve train         Overhead Valve           Valve material:         Intake           Intake         Steel           Exhaust         Steelitite® Face           Number of cylinders         1           Cylinder block material         Aluminum w/Cast Iron Liners           Cylinder head material         Aluminum           Piston rings         2 Compression, 1 Oil           Crankshaft material         Heat Treated, Ductile Iron Casting           Bearings, number and type         2, Replaceable Sleeve           Governor         Electronic           Starter motor         Electronic           Lubrication system         Full Pressure           Oil capacity (with filter and cooler)         2.0 L (2.1 qt.)           Oil type         Synthetic 5W-30           Oil pressure         172-241 kPa (25-3 psi)           Low oil pressure         1,7 to 2.7 kPa (7 to 11 in. water co	· ·	
Displacement   398 cc (24.3 cu. in.)		
Rated horsepower (using natural gas fuel)	Compression ratio	
Lusing natural gas fuel    2800-3600 rpm	Displacement	398 cc (24.3 cu. in.)
Overspeed shutdown         3750 rpm           Bore         87 mm (3.43 in.)           Stroke         67 mm (2.64 in.)           Valve train         Overhead Valve           Valve material:		10.5 HP
Bore         87 mm (3.43 in.)           Stroke         67 mm (2.64 in.)           Valve train         Overhead Valve           Valve material:	Engine speed	2800-3600 rpm
Stroke 67 mm (2.64 in.)  Valve train Overhead Valve  Valve material: Intake Exhaust Steel  Stellite® Face  Number of cylinders 1  Cylinder block material Aluminum w/Cast Iron Liners  Cylinder head material Aluminum w/Cast Iron Liners  Cylinder head material Aluminum  Piston rings 2 Compression, 1 Oil  Crankshaft material Heat Treated, Ductile Iron Casting  Bearings, number and type 2, Replaceable Sleeve  Governor Electronic  Starter motor Electric, Solenoid Shift  Lubrication system Full Pressure  Oil capacity (with filter and cooler) 2.0 L (2.1 qt.)  Oil type Synthetic 5W-30  Oil pressure 13.8-34.5 kPa (2-5 psi)  Low oil pressure 13.8-34.5 kPa (2-5 psi)  Fuel type Natural Gas or Propane  Fuel pressure 1.7 to 2.7 kPa (7 to 11 in. water column)  Fuel consumption at 5 kW:  Natural gas, 1000 Btu/ft.³  Propane, 2516 Btu/ft.³  Propane, 2516 Btu/ft.³  Battery voltage 12 VDC  Battery ground Negative  Battery recommendation (minimum)  Spark plug type (Kohler part no.) 24 132 03  Spark plug tightening torque, Nm (ft. lb.)  Cooling system Integrated Air Cooling	Overspeed shutdown	3750 rpm
Valve train  Valve material:     Intake     Exhaust  Steel     Stellite® Face  Number of cylinders  Cylinder block material  Cylinder head material  Aluminum w/Cast Iron Liners  Cylinder head material  Aluminum w/Cast Iron Liners  Cylinder head material  Aluminum  Piston rings  2 Compression, 1 Oil  Crankshaft material  Heat Treated, Ductile Iron Casting  Bearings, number and type  Governor  Electronic  Starter motor  Electric, Solenoid Shift  Lubrication system  Oil capacity (with filter and cooler)  Cil type  Synthetic 5W-30  Oil pressure  172-241 kPa (25-35 psi)  Low oil pressure  13.8-34.5 kPa (2-5 psi)  Natural Gas or Propane  Fuel type  Natural Gas or Propane  Fuel pressure  1.7 to 2.7 kPa (7 to 11 in. water column)  Fuel consumption at 5 kW:  Natural gas, 1000 Btu/ft.³  Propane, 2516 Btu/ft.³  Propane, 2516 Btu/ft.³  Propane, 2516 Btu/ft.³  Battery voltage  Battery recommendation (minimum)  Battery recommendation (minimum)  Fuel consumption at Synthem Capacity Standby Gel Cell  Ignition system  Battery/Coil  Spark plug type (Kohler part no.)  Spark plug tightening torque, Nm (ft. lb.)  Cooling system  Integrated Air Cooling	Bore	87 mm (3.43 in.)
Valve material:     Intake     Exhaust     Steel     Stellite® Face  Number of cylinders     Cylinder block material     Aluminum w/Cast Iron     Liners  Cylinder head material     Aluminum Piston rings     2 Compression, 1 Oil Crankshaft material     Heat Treated, Ductile Iron Casting Bearings, number and type     Governor     Electronic Starter motor     Electric, Solenoid Shift Lubrication system     Oil capacity (with filter and cooler) Oil type     Synthetic 5W-30 Oil pressure     172-241 kPa     (25-35 psi) Low oil pressure     13.8-34.5 kPa (2-5 psi) Fuel type     Natural Gas or Propane Fuel pressure     1.7 to 2.7 kPa (7 to 11 in. water column)  Fuel consumption at 5 kW: Natural gas, 1000 Btu/ft.³     Propane, 2516 Btu/ft.³     Propane, 2516 Btu/ft.³     Propane, 2516 Btu/ft.³     Battery recommendation (minimum) Battery recommendation (minimum) Battery recommendation (minimum)  Battery recommendation (minimum) Spark plug type (Kohler part no.) Spark plug type (Kohler part no.) Spark plug tightening torque, Nm (ft. lb.) Cooling system Integrated Air Cooling	Stroke	67 mm (2.64 in.)
Intake Exhaust  Number of cylinders  Cylinder block material  Cylinder head material  Piston rings  Crankshaft material  Bearings, number and type  Governor  Starter motor  Lubrication system  Oil pressure  Fuel pressure  Fuel pressure  Fuel consumption at 5 kW: Natural gas, 1000 Btu/ft.³ Propane, 2516 Btu/ft.³  Battery yoltage  Battery ground  Battery recommendation (minimum)  Spark plug type (Kohler part no.)  Spark plug tightening torque, Nrm (ft. lb.)  Cylinder head material  Aluminum w/Cast Iron Luminum w/Cast Iron Lauminum w/Cast Iron Liners  1 Aluminum w/Cast Iron Liners  1 Heat Treated, Ductile Iron Casting  2 Compression, 1 Oil Heat Treated, Ductile Increased, Ductile Inc	Valve train	Overhead Valve
Exhaust  Number of cylinders  Cylinder block material  Cylinder block material  Cylinder head material  Piston rings  2 Compression, 1 Oil  Crankshaft material  Bearings, number and type  Governor  Electronic  Starter motor  Lubrication system  Oil pressure  Cylinder block material  Heat Treated, Ductile Iron Casting  Bearings, number and type  2, Replaceable Sleeve  Electronic  Starter motor  Electric, Solenoid Shift  Lubrication system  Full Pressure  Oil capacity (with filter and cooler)  2.0 L (2.1 qt.)  Oil type  Synthetic 5W-30  Oil pressure  172-241 kPa (25-35 psi)  Low oil pressure  13.8-34.5 kPa (2-5 psi)  Fuel type  Natural Gas or Propane  Fuel pressure  1.7 to 2.7 kPa (7 to 11 in. water column)  Fuel consumption at 5 kW:  Natural gas, 1000 Btu/ft.³  Propane, 2516 Btu/ft.³  Propane, 2516 Btu/ft.³  Battery voltage  Battery recommendation (minimum)  Augative  425 CCA at -18°C (0°F) or 85 Amp-Hour Capacity Standby Gel Cell  Ignition system  Battery/Coil  Spark plug type (Kohler part no.)  Spark plug type (Kohler part no.)  Spark plug tightening torque, Nm (ft. lb.)  Cooling system  Integrated Air Cooling	Valve material:	
Number of cylinders  Cylinder block material  Cylinder block material  Cylinder head material  Piston rings  2 Compression, 1 Oil  Heat Treated, Ductile Iron Casting  Bearings, number and type  Governor  Electronic  Starter motor  Lubrication system  Oil capacity (with filter and cooler)  Oil type  Synthetic 5W-30  Oil pressure  172-241 kPa (25-35 psi)  Low oil pressure  13.8-34.5 kPa (2-5 psi)  Fuel type  Natural Gas or Propane  Fuel pressure  1.7 to 2.7 kPa (7 to 11 in. water column)  Fuel consumption at 5 kW:  Natural gas, 1000 Btu/ft.³  Propane, 2516 Btu/ft.³  Propane, 2516 Btu/ft.³  Battery voltage  Battery recommendation (minimum)  Battery recommendation (minimum)  Park plug type (Kohler part no.)  Spark plug type (Kohler part no.)  Spark plug tightening torque, Nrm (ft. lb.)  Cooling system  Integrated Air Cooling	Intake	Steel
Cylinder block material  Cylinder head material  Piston rings  2 Compression, 1 Oil  Crankshaft material  Bearings, number and type  Governor  Electronic  Starter motor  Lubrication system  Oil capacity (with filter and cooler)  Oil type  Synthetic 5W-30  Oil pressure  Fuel pressure  13.8-34.5 kPa (2-5 psi)  Low oil pressure  Fuel pressure  1.7 to 2.7 kPa (7 to 11 in. water column)  Fuel consumption at 5 kW:  Natural gas, 1000 Btu/ft.³  Propane, 2516 Btu/ft.³  Battery voltage  Battery ground  Battery recommendation (minimum)  Fuel type (Kohler part no.)  Spark plug gap  Synthetic 5W-30  2.0 L (2.1 qt.)  Sunthetic 5W-30  1.72-241 kPa (25-35 psi)  13.8-34.5 kPa (2-5 psi)  13.8-34.5 kPa (2-5 psi)  1.7 to 2.7 kPa (7 to 11 in. water column)  1.1 m³/hr. (80 cfh)  1.1 m³/hr. (40 cfh)  2.1 kg/hr. (4.66 lb./hr.)  4.2 Lph (1.1 gph)  Battery voltage  Battery ground  Regative  Battery/Coil  Spark plug type (Kohler part no.)  Spark plug tightening torque, Nm (ft. lb.)  Cooling system  Integrated Air Cooling		Stellite® Face
Cylinder head material Piston rings  Crankshaft material Peatrings, number and type  Governor  Starter motor  Lubrication system  Oil capacity (with filter and cooler)  Coil pressure  Fuel pressure  Coil pressure  13.8-34.5 kPa (2-5 psi)  Fuel type  Natural Gas or Propane  Fuel consumption at 5 kW: Natural gas, 1000 Btu/ft.3 Propane, 2516 Btu/ft.3  Propane, 2516 Btu/ft.3  Battery recommendation (minimum)  Battery recommendation (minimum)  Spark plug type (Kohler part no.)  Spark plug gap  System  Capacity Standby Gel Cooling system  Low oil pressure  Low oil pressure  1.7 to 2.7 kPa (7 to 11 in. water column)  2.3 m³/hr. (80 cfh ) 1.1 m³/hr. (40 cfh) 2.1 kg/hr. (4.66 lb./hr.) 4.2 Lph (1.1 gph)  Battery recommendation (minimum)  Spark plug type (Kohler part no.)  Spark plug tightening torque, Nm (ft. lb.)  Cooling system  Integrated Air Cooling	Number of cylinders	1
Piston rings  Crankshaft material  Crankshaft material  Bearings, number and type  Governor  Electronic  Starter motor  Lubrication system  Oil capacity (with filter and cooler)  Cil type  Oil pressure  Oil pressure  Tull Pressure  Oil pressure  172-241 kPa (25-35 psi)  Low oil pressure  13.8-34.5 kPa (2-5 psi)  Fuel type  Fuel pressure  1.7 to 2.7 kPa (7 to 11 in. water column)  Fuel consumption at 5 kW:  Natural gas, 1000 Btu/ft.³  Propane, 2516 Btu/ft.³  Propane, 2516 Btu/ft.³  Battery voltage  Battery recommendation (minimum)  Battery recommendation (minimum)  Fuel system  Battery recommendation (minimum)  Battery recommendation (minimum)  Spark plug type (Kohler part no.)  Spark plug gap  O.75 mm (0.030 in.)  Spark plug tightening torque, Nm (ft. lb.)  Cooling system  Integrated Air Cooling	Cylinder block material	, -
Crankshaft material  Bearings, number and type  Governor  Starter motor  Lubrication system  Oil capacity (with filter and cooler)  Cil pressure  Oil pressure  Oil pressure  Tubrication system  Oil pressure  Oil pressure  Oil pressure  172-241 kPa (25-35 psi)  Low oil pressure  13.8-34.5 kPa (2-5 psi)  Fuel type  Natural Gas or Propane  Fuel pressure  1.7 to 2.7 kPa (7 to 11 in. water column)  Fuel consumption at 5 kW:  Natural gas, 1000 Btu/ft.³  Propane, 2516 Btu/ft.³  Propane, 2516 Btu/ft.³  Battery voltage  Battery recommendation (minimum)  Battery recommendation (minimum)  Fuel giption system  Battery/Coil  Spark plug type (Kohler part no.)  Spark plug gap  O.75 mm (0.030 in.)  Spark plug tightening torque, Nm (ft. lb.)  Cooling system  Integrated Air Cooling	Cylinder head material	Aluminum
Bearings, number and type  Governor  Starter motor  Lubrication system  Oil capacity (with filter and cooler)  Cil pressure  Oil pressure  Cil pressure  Oil pressure  Tull Pressure  Oil pressure  Oil pressure  Tull Pressure  Oil pressure  Tull Pressure  Oil type  Synthetic 5W-30  Oil pressure  Tull Pressure  172-241 kPa (25-35 psi)  Low oil pressure  13.8-34.5 kPa (2-5 psi)  Fuel type  Natural Gas or Propane  Fuel pressure  Ture to 2.7 kPa (7 to 11 in. water column)  Fuel consumption at 5 kW:  Natural gas, 1000 Btu/ft.³  Propane, 2516 Btu/ft.³  Propane, 2516 Btu/ft.³  Battery voltage  Ture to 2.3 m³/hr. (80 cfh) 1.1 m³/hr. (40 cfh) 2.1 kg/hr. (4.66 lb./hr.) 4.2 Lph (1.1 gph)  Battery ground  Negative  Battery ground  Negative  425 CCA at -18°C (0°F) or 85 Amp-Hour Capacity Standby Gel Cell  Ignition system  Battery/Coil  Spark plug type (Kohler part no.)  Spark plug tightening torque, Nm (ft. lb.)  Cooling system  Integrated Air Cooling	Piston rings	2 Compression, 1 Oil
Governor  Starter motor  Lubrication system  Oil capacity (with filter and cooler)  Oil type  Synthetic 5W-30  Oil pressure  172-241 kPa (25-35 psi)  Low oil pressure  13.8-34.5 kPa (2-5 psi)  Fuel type  Natural Gas or Propane  Fuel pressure  1.7 to 2.7 kPa (7 to 11 in. water column)  Fuel consumption at 5 kW:  Natural gas, 1000 Btu/ft.3  Propane, 2516 Btu/ft.3  Propane, 2516 Btu/ft.3  Battery voltage  Battery ground  Battery recommendation (minimum)  Battery recommendation (minimum)  Fuel consumption at 5 kW:  Natural gas, 1000 Btu/ft.3  Propane, 2516 Btu/ft.3  1.1 m³/hr. (40 cfh) 2.1 kg/hr. (4.66 lb./hr.) 4.2 Lph (1.1 gph)  Battery voltage  Battery yound  Negative  Battery recommendation (minimum)  Spark plug type (Kohler part no.)  Spark plug type (Kohler part no.)  Spark plug tightening torque, Nm (ft. lb.)  Cooling system  Integrated Air Cooling	Crankshaft material	
Starter motor  Lubrication system  Oil capacity (with filter and cooler)  Oil type  Synthetic 5W-30  Oil pressure  172-241 kPa (25-35 psi)  Low oil pressure  13.8-34.5 kPa (2-5 psi)  Fuel type  Natural Gas or Propane  Fuel pressure  1.7 to 2.7 kPa (7 to 11 in. water column)  Fuel consumption at 5 kW:  Natural gas, 1000 Btu/ft.³  Propane, 2516 Btu/ft.³  Propane, 2516 Btu/ft.³  Battery voltage  Battery ground  Battery recommendation (minimum)  Battery recommendation (minimum)  Fuel consumption at 5 kW:  Natural gas, 1000 Btu/ft.³  Propane, 2516 Btu/ft.³  1.1 m³/hr. (80 cfh) 1.1 m³/hr. (40 cfh) 2.1 kg/hr. (4.66 lb./hr.) 4.2 Lph (1.1 gph)  Battery voltage  Battery ground  Negative  Regative  Battery recommendation (minimum)  Spark plug type (Kohler part no.)  Spark plug type (Kohler part no.)  Spark plug tightening torque, Nm (ft. lb.)  Cooling system  Integrated Air Cooling	Bearings, number and type	2, Replaceable Sleeve
Lubrication system  Oil capacity (with filter and cooler)  Oil type  Synthetic 5W-30  Oil pressure  172-241 kPa (25-35 psi)  Low oil pressure  13.8-34.5 kPa (2-5 psi)  Fuel type  Natural Gas or Propane  Fuel pressure  1.7 to 2.7 kPa (7 to 11 in. water column)  Fuel consumption at 5 kW:  Natural gas, 1000 Btu/ft.³  Propane, 2516 Btu/ft.³  Propane, 2516 Btu/ft.³  Battery voltage  Battery ground  Battery ground  Battery recommendation (minimum)  Fuel consumption at 5 kW:  Natural gas, 1000 Btu/ft.³  2.3 m³/hr. (80 cfh) 1.1 m³/hr. (40 cfh) 2.1 kg/hr. (4.66 lb./hr.) 4.2 Lph (1.1 gph)  Battery voltage  12 VDC  Battery ground  Battery recommendation (minimum)  Spark plug type (Kohler part no.)  Spark plug type (Kohler part no.)  Spark plug tightening torque, Nm (ft. lb.)  Cooling system  Integrated Air Cooling	Governor	Electronic
Oil capacity (with filter and cooler)  Oil type  Synthetic 5W-30  Oil pressure  172-241 kPa (25-35 psi)  Low oil pressure  13.8-34.5 kPa (2-5 psi)  Fuel type  Natural Gas or Propane  Fuel pressure  1.7 to 2.7 kPa (7 to 11 in. water column)  Fuel consumption at 5 kW:  Natural gas, 1000 Btu/ft.³  Propane, 2516 Btu/ft.³  Propane, 2516 Btu/ft.³  Battery voltage  Battery ground  Battery ground  Battery recommendation (minimum)  Pattery recommendation (minimum)  Spark plug type (Kohler part no.)  Spark plug tightening torque, Nm (ft. lb.)  Cooling system  Integrated Air Cooling	Starter motor	Electric, Solenoid Shift
Oil type         Synthetic 5W-30           Oil pressure         172-241 kPa (25-35 psi)           Low oil pressure         13.8-34.5 kPa (2-5 psi)           Fuel type         Natural Gas or Propane           Fuel pressure         1.7 to 2.7 kPa (7 to 11 in. water column)           Fuel consumption at 5 kW:         2.3 m³/hr. (80 cfh)           Natural gas, 1000 Btu/ft.³         2.3 m³/hr. (40 cfh)           Propane, 2516 Btu/ft.³         1.1 m³/hr. (40 cfh)           2.1 kg/hr. (4.66 lb./hr.)         4.2 Lph (1.1 gph)           Battery voltage         12 VDC           Battery ground         Negative           Battery recommendation (minimum)         425 CCA at -18°C (0°F) or 85 Amp-Hour Capacity Standby Gel Cell           Ignition system         Battery/Coil           Spark plug type (Kohler part no.)         24 132 03           Spark plug tightening torque, Nm (ft. lb.)         0.75 mm (0.030 in.)           Spark plug tightening torque, Nm (ft. lb.)         Integrated Air Cooling	Lubrication system	Full Pressure
Oil type         Synthetic 5W-30           Oil pressure         172-241 kPa (25-35 psi)           Low oil pressure         13.8-34.5 kPa (2-5 psi)           Fuel type         Natural Gas or Propane           Fuel pressure         1.7 to 2.7 kPa (7 to 11 in. water column)           Fuel consumption at 5 kW:         2.3 m³/hr. (80 cfh)           Natural gas, 1000 Btu/ft.³         2.3 m³/hr. (40 cfh)           Propane, 2516 Btu/ft.³         1.1 m³/hr. (40 cfh)           2.1 kg/hr. (4.66 lb./hr.)         4.2 Lph (1.1 gph)           Battery voltage         12 VDC           Battery ground         Negative           Battery recommendation (minimum)         425 CCA at -18°C (0°F) or 85 Amp-Hour Capacity Standby Gel Cell           Ignition system         Battery/Coil           Spark plug type (Kohler part no.)         24 132 03           Spark plug tightening torque, Nm (ft. lb.)         0.75 mm (0.030 in.)           Spark plug tightening torque, Nm (ft. lb.)         Integrated Air Cooling	Oil capacity (with filter and cooler)	2.0 L (2.1 gt.)
Oil pressure         172-241 kPa (25-35 psi)           Low oil pressure         13.8-34.5 kPa (2-5 psi)           Fuel type         Natural Gas or Propane           Fuel pressure         1.7 to 2.7 kPa (7 to 11 in. water column)           Fuel consumption at 5 kW:         2.3 m³/hr. (80 cfh)           Natural gas, 1000 Btu/ft.³         2.3 m³/hr. (40 cfh)           Propane, 2516 Btu/ft.³         1.1 m³/hr. (40 cfh)           2.1 kg/hr. (4.66 lb./hr.)         4.2 Lph (1.1 gph)           Battery voltage         12 VDC           Battery ground         Negative           Battery recommendation (minimum)         425 CCA at -18°C (0°F) or 85 Amp-Hour Capacity Standby Gel Cell           Ignition system         Battery/Coil           Spark plug type (Kohler part no.)         24 132 03           Spark plug tightening torque, Nm (ft. lb.)         0.75 mm (0.030 in.)           Cooling system         Integrated Air Cooling		
(25-35 psi)	•	
Fuel type  Fuel pressure  Fuel pressure  1.7 to 2.7 kPa (7 to 11 in. water column)  Fuel consumption at 5 kW: Natural gas, 1000 Btu/ft.³ Propane, 2516 Btu/ft.³  Battery voltage  Battery voltage  Battery ground  Battery recommendation (minimum)  Ignition system  Spark plug type (Kohler part no.)  Spark plug tightening torque, Nm (ft. lb.)  Cooling system  Natural Gas or Propane  1.7 to 2.7 kPa (7 to 11 in. water column)  2.3 m³/hr. (80 cfh) 1.1 m³/hr. (40 cfh) 2.1 kg/hr. (4.66 lb./hr.) 4.2 Lph (1.1 gph)  Negative  425 CCA at -18°C (0°F) or 85 Amp-Hour Capacity Standby Gel Cell  Battery/Coil  Spark plug type (Kohler part no.)  24 132 03  Spark plug tightening torque, Nm (ft. lb.)  Cooling system  Integrated Air Cooling	•	(25-35 psi)
Fuel pressure         1.7 to 2.7 kPa (7 to 11 in. water column)           Fuel consumption at 5 kW:         2.3 m³/hr. (80 cfh)           Natural gas, 1000 Btu/ft.³         1.1 m³/hr. (40 cfh)           Propane, 2516 Btu/ft.³         1.1 m³/hr. (40 cfh)           2.1 kg/hr. (4.66 lb./hr.)         4.2 Lph (1.1 gph)           Battery voltage         12 VDC           Battery ground         Negative           Battery recommendation (minimum)         425 CCA at -18°C (0°F) or 85 Amp-Hour Capacity Standby Gel Cell           Ignition system         Battery/Coil           Spark plug type (Kohler part no.)         24 132 03           Spark plug tightening torque, Nm (ft. lb.)         24.4-29.8 Nm (18-22 ft. lb.)           Cooling system         Integrated Air Cooling	Low oil pressure	13.8-34.5 kPa (2-5 psi)
Fuel consumption at 5 kW:  Natural gas, 1000 Btu/ft. <sup>3</sup> Propane, 2516 Btu/ft. <sup>3</sup> Battery voltage  Battery ground  Battery recommendation (minimum)  Ignition system  Spark plug type (Kohler part no.)  Spark plug tightening torque, Nm (ft. lb.)  Cooling system  L2.3 m³/hr. (80 cfh)  1.1 m³/hr. (40 cfh)  2.1 kg/hr. (4.66 lb./hr.)  4.2 Lph (1.1 gph)  Negative  425 CCA at -18°C (0°F) or 85 Amp-Hour Capacity Standby Gel Cell  Battery/Coil  Spark plug type (Kohler part no.)  24 132 03  Spark plug gap  0.75 mm (0.030 in.)  Spark plug tightening torque, (18-22 ft. lb.)  Cooling system  Integrated Air Cooling	Fuel type	Natural Gas or Propane
Natural gas, 1000 Btu/ft.3       2.3 m³/hr. (80 cfh )         Propane, 2516 Btu/ft.3       1.1 m³/hr. (40 cfh)         2.1 kg/hr. (4.66 lb./hr.)       4.2 Lph (1.1 gph)         Battery voltage       12 VDC         Battery ground       Negative         Battery recommendation (minimum)       425 CCA at -18°C (0°F) or 85 Amp-Hour Capacity Standby Gel Cell         Ignition system       Battery/Coil         Spark plug type (Kohler part no.)       24 132 03         Spark plug gap       0.75 mm (0.030 in.)         Spark plug tightening torque, Nm (ft. lb.)       24.4-29.8 Nm (18-22 ft. lb.)         Cooling system       Integrated Air Cooling	Fuel pressure	
Propane, 2516 Btu/ft.3  1.1 m³/hr. (40 cfh) 2.1 kg/hr. (4.66 lb./hr.) 4.2 Lph (1.1 gph)  Battery voltage  12 VDC  Battery ground  Negative  Battery recommendation (minimum)  425 CCA at -18°C (0°F) or 85 Amp-Hour Capacity Standby Gel Cell  Ignition system  Battery/Coil  Spark plug type (Kohler part no.)  Spark plug gap  0.75 mm (0.030 in.)  Spark plug tightening torque, Nm (ft. lb.)  Cooling system  Integrated Air Cooling	Fuel consumption at 5 kW:	
2.1 kg/hr. (4.66 lb./hr.) 4.2 Lph (1.1 gph)  Battery voltage 12 VDC  Battery ground Negative  Battery recommendation (minimum) 425 CCA at -18°C (0°F) or 85 Amp-Hour Capacity Standby Gel Cell  Ignition system Battery/Coil  Spark plug type (Kohler part no.) 24 132 03  Spark plug gap 0.75 mm (0.030 in.)  Spark plug tightening torque, Nm (ft. lb.) (18-22 ft. lb.)  Cooling system Integrated Air Cooling	Natural gas, 1000 Btu/ft. <sup>3</sup>	2.3 m <sup>3</sup> /hr. (80 cfh )
Battery voltage  Battery ground  Battery recommendation (minimum)  Ignition system  Spark plug type (Kohler part no.)  Spark plug tightening torque, Nm (ft. lb.)  Cooling system  A.2 Lph (1.1 gph)  A.2 VDC  Negative  425 CCA at -18°C (0°F) or 85 Amp-Hour Capacity Standby Gel Cell  Battery/Coil  24 132 03  Spark plug type (Kohler part no.)  24 132 03  Spark plug tightening torque, (18-22 ft. lb.)  Integrated Air Cooling	Propane, 2516 Btu/ft. <sup>3</sup>	` ,
Battery voltage  Battery ground  Battery recommendation (minimum)  Ignition system  Spark plug type (Kohler part no.)  Spark plug gap  Spark plug tightening torque, Nm (ft. lb.)  Cooling system  Battery/Coil  24.132 03  Spark plug tightening torque, (18-22 ft. lb.)  Cooling system  Integrated Air Cooling		
Battery ground  Battery recommendation (minimum)  Battery recommendation (minimum)  Gapacity Standby Gel Cell  Ignition system  Battery/Coil  Spark plug type (Kohler part no.)  Spark plug gap  D.75 mm (0.030 in.)  Spark plug tightening torque, Mm (ft. lb.)  Cooling system  Negative  425 CCA at -18°C (0°F) or 85 Amp-Hour Capacity Standby Gel Cell  Battery/Coil  24 132 03  5 park plug gap  D.75 mm (0.030 in.)  Spark plug tightening torque, (18-22 ft. lb.)		
Battery recommendation (minimum)  425 CCA at -18°C (0°F) or 85 Amp-Hour Capacity Standby Gel Cell  Ignition system  Battery/Coil  Spark plug type (Kohler part no.)  Spark plug gap  0.75 mm (0.030 in.)  Spark plug tightening torque, Mm (ft. lb.)  Cooling system  425 CCA at -18°C (0°F) or 85 Amp-Hour Capacity Standby Gel Cell  0.75 mm (0.030 in.)  1.15 mm (1.030 in.)  1.16 mm (1.030 in.)  1.17 mm (1.030 in.)  1.18 mm (1.030 in.)	, ,	
or 85 Amp-Hour Capacity Standby Gel Cell  Ignition system Battery/Coil  Spark plug type (Kohler part no.) 24 132 03  Spark plug gap 0.75 mm (0.030 in.)  Spark plug tightening torque, Mm (ft. lb.) (18-22 ft. lb.)  Cooling system Integrated Air Cooling	, ,	-
Spark plug type (Kohler part no.)  Spark plug gap  0.75 mm (0.030 in.)  Spark plug tightening torque, Nm (ft. lb.)  Cooling system  24.4-29.8 Nm (18-22 ft. lb.)  Integrated Air Cooling	Battery recommendation (minimum)	or 85 Amp-Hour Capacity Standby Gel
Spark plug gap 0.75 mm (0.030 in.)  Spark plug tightening torque, 24.4-29.8 Nm (18-22 ft. lb.)  Cooling system Integrated Air Cooling	•	Battery/Coil
Spark plug tightening torque, Nm (ft. lb.)  Cooling system  24.4-29.8 Nm (18-22 ft. lb.)  Integrated Air Cooling	Spark plug type (Kohler part no.)	24 132 03
Nm (ft. lb.)     (18-22 ft. lb.)       Cooling system     Integrated Air Cooling	Spark plug gap	0.75 mm (0.030 in.)
High engine temperature 152°C (305°F)	Cooling system	Integrated Air Cooling
	High engine temperature	152°C (305°F)

# 1.3.3 Generator Specifications

Item	36 VDC	48 VDC	96 VDC
Stator resistance	0.014 ohms	0.024 ohms	0.054 ohms
Stator type	3-Phase	, 3-Lead, Ungi	rounded
Excitation method (rotor)	Permanent-Magnet, Brushless		
Coupling type		irect-to-Engin	е
Insulation (stator)	Class 155, Epoxy Varnish, Vacuum-Impregnated		
Winding material	Copper		
Stator-to-alternator adapter bolt torque	11 Nm (8.1 ft. lbs.)		
Flywheel-to-shaft bolt torque	olt 67 Nm (49.4 ft. lbs.)		
Rotor-to-flywheel bolt torque	olt 38 Nm (28.0 ft. lbs.)		s.)
Fan-to-flywheel bolt torque	25 Nm (18.4 ft. lbs.)		

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### 1.4 Service Views

Record the specification (spec) number from the generator set nameplate and then find the corresponding service view for your unit below.

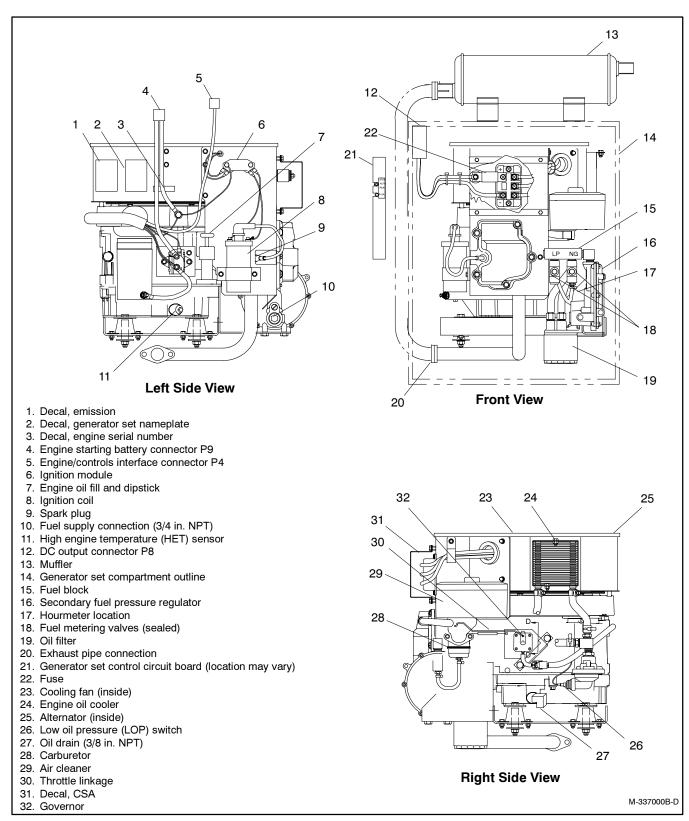


Figure 1-1 Service Views, Specification Numbers PA-195023 and PA-195027

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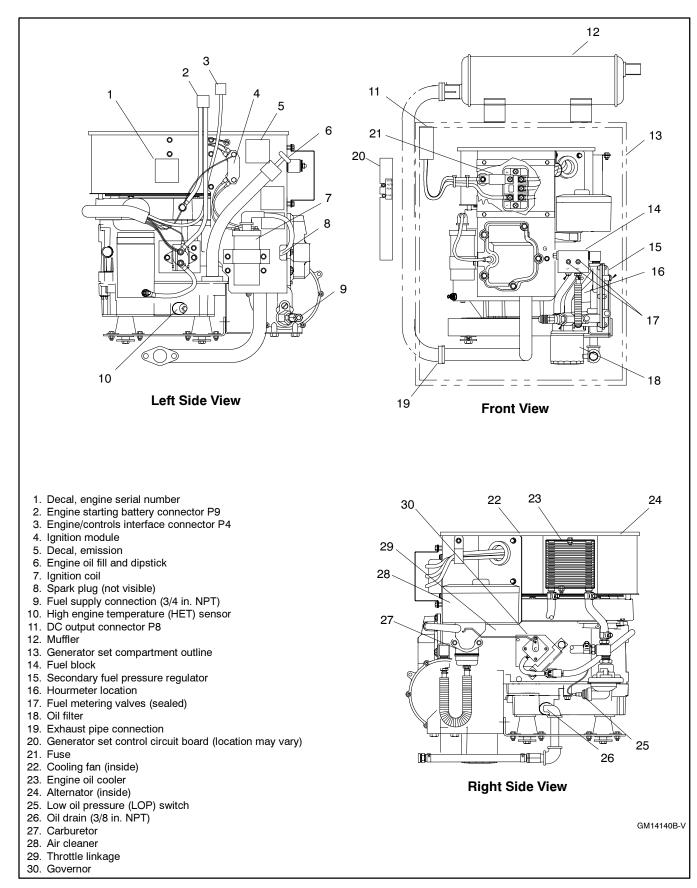


Figure 1-2 Service Views, Specification Numbers GM14140-GA1 through -GA6

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#### A WARNING



Accidental starting.
Can cause severe injury or death.

Disconnect the battery cables before working on the generator set. Remove the negative (-) lead first when disconnecting the battery. Reconnect the negative (-) lead last when reconnecting the battery.

Disabling the generator set. Accidental starting can cause severe injury or death. Before working on the generator set or equipment connected to the set, disable the generator set as follows: (1) Place the generator set start/stop switch in the STOP position. (2) Disconnect the power to the battery charger, if equipped. (3) Remove the battery cables, negative (-) lead first. Reconnect the negative (-) lead last when reconnecting the battery. Follow these precautions to prevent the starting of the generator set by the remote start/stop switch.



Hazardous voltage.
Can cause severe injury or death.

Only authorized personnel should open the enclosure.

(600 volts and under)

are in place.



Operate the generator set only when all guards and electrical enclosures

Grounding electrical equipment. Hazardous voltage can cause severe injury or death. Electrocution is possible whenever electricity is present. Open the main circuit breakers of all power sources before servicing the equipment. Configure the installation to electrically ground the generator set and related equipment and electrical circuits to comply with applicable codes and standards. Never contact electrical leads or appliances when standing in water or on wet ground because these conditions increase the risk of electrocution.



Explosive fuel vapors.
Can cause severe injury or death.

Use extreme care when handling, storing, and using fuels.

Gas fuel leaks. Explosive fuel vapors can cause severe injury or death. Fuel leakage can cause an explosion. Check the LP vapor gas or natural gas fuel system for leakage by using a soap and water solution with the fuel system test pressurized to 6-8 ounces per square inch (10-14 inches water column). Do not use a soap solution containing either ammonia or chlorine because both prevent bubble formation. A successful test depends on the ability of the solution to bubble.

## 2.1 Routine Maintenance

Refer to the service schedule in the operation manual and the hourmeter located on the generator set to schedule routine maintenance. Perform maintenance on each item in the service schedule at the designated interval for the life of the generator set. Service units subject to extreme weather, long operating hours, or dusty or dirty conditions more frequently.

Refer to the operation manual for detailed maintenance information.

TP-6092 3/02 Section 2 Scheduled Maintenance 5

#### 2.2 Service Schedule

Perform the service listed in Figure 2-3 at the designated intervals for the life of the generator set. Refer to the service views in Section 1.4 for system component locations.

### 2.3 Service Access



Servicing the exhaust system. Hot parts can cause severe injury or death. Do not touch hot engine parts. The engine and exhaust system components become extremely hot during operation.

A key is required to open the enclosure. Obtain the enclosure key from the equipment owner. Use the following procedure to gain access to the generator set for maintenance or service. See Figure 2-1.

Refer to the enclosure manufacturer's instruction manual for more information.

Note: Allow the exhaust system to cool before disconnecting the exhaust pipe. Inspect the exhaust gasket and replace if damaged or if it does not seal properly. See the list of maintenance and service parts in this manual for the gasket part number.

#### **Generator Set Service Access**

- 1. Unlock and remove the front door of the enclosure.
- 2. Place the generator set master switch in the STOP position.
- 3. Remove the front panel from the generator set compartment.
- 4. Disconnect the generator set battery harness, engine wiring harness, and load leads at the quick-disconnect plugs.



Figure 2-1 Generator Set Installed in the Enclosure (front panel and door removed)

- 5. Turn off the fuel supply at the upstream valve and disconnect the fuel line on the right side of the enclosure. See Figure 2-1.
- 6. Remove the back panel of the enclosure to gain access to the exhaust pipe connection.
- 7. Disconnect the engine exhaust pipe at the left side below the generator set. See Figure 2-2 and Figure 2-1.
- 8. Grasp the generator tray at the sides and pull the generator set forward.
- Remove the four bolts securing the generator set to the enclosure rails. Use appropriate lifting equipment to lift the generator set off the rails. The generator set weighs approximately 68 kg (150 lb.).

**Note:** Service fixtures are required to run the generator set outside the enclosure. Refer to Section 4.1 for instructions and precautions.

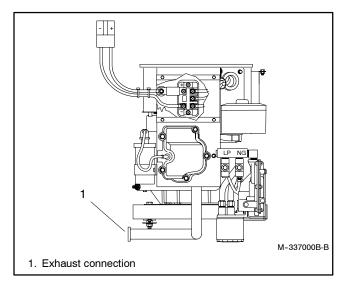


Figure 2-2 Exhaust Connection

#### **Return to Operation**

Slide the generator set back into the enclosure and reconnect the exhaust pipe, fuel system, and wiring harnesses as described below.

- 1. Verify that the generator set master switch is in the STOP position.
- 2. Slide the generator set back into the enclosure.
- 3. Install the exhaust gasket and reconnect the exhaust pipe.
- 4. Reinstall the enclosure back panel.
- 5. Reconnect the fuel line and turn on the fuel supply.
- Check for fuel leaks.
- 7. Reconnect the engine wiring harness, load leads, and battery harness.
- Reconnect the generator set engine battery harness.
- Move the generator set master switch to the center (AUTO) position to return the generator set to standby service.
- 10. Reinstall the generator set compartment front panel.
- 11. Reinstall the enclosure door.

# 2.4 Lubrication System

See the service schedule in Section 2.2 for oil change and oil filter replacement intervals. See the Service Views in Section 1.4 for the oil drain, oil check, oil fill, and oil filter locations. The list of routine service parts in the Introduction of this manual shows the oil filter part number.

	Procedure						
System Component or Procedure	See Section	Visually Inspect	Check	Change	Clean	Test	Frequency
Fuel							
Inspect flexible lines and connections. Replace cracked or spongy hoses. *	_	Х		R			Q
Main LP tank supply level, if used.	_		Х				М
Inspect fuel piping for damage or corrosion.	_	X					Y
Lubrication							
Oil level.	2.4.1	Х	Х				M or before us
Change oil.	2.4.2, 2.4.3	Α		R			Y or 100 hr.
Replace oil filter.*	2.4.3,			R			Y or 200 hr.
<u> </u>	Intro Figure 1						
Cooling							
Check that air ducts and louvers are clean and unobstructed.	2.8		Х		Х		Q
Exhaust System							
Check for leakage. Carbon or soot residue indicates a leak. Repair leaks.	2.9	Х	Х	R			Q
Check for fire hazards.	2.9	Х	X		X		Q
Check for loose or broken hangers and supports. Tighten or replace as needed.	_	Х	Х	R			S
Battery Connections							
Check battery charger operation and charge rate (if equipped).	Battery charger manual.	Х	Х				М
Clean and tighten battery terminals.		X	X		X		Y
Remove corrosion, clean and dry battery and rack.		Х			Х		Y
Battery electrolyte level and specific gravity. <sup>†</sup>			X				Q
Electrical System							
Inspect wiring and components for visible wear or damage.	_	Х					Q
Check for abrasions where wiring is subject to motion.	_	Х	Х				S
Engine And Mounting							
Inspect for visible wear or damage.	_	Х					Q
Inspect air cleaner element; replace if necessary.*	2.5	Х		R			Y or 500
Inspect spark plugs; replace if necessary.*	2.7.2	Х		R			Y or 500
Control System							
Check remote control operation.	Controller manufacturer's instructions.					Х	М
Generator Set							
Check items listed in the Prestart Checklist.	Operation Manual	Х					М
Exercise generator set.	Operation Manual					Х	W
General Condition Of Equipment							
Check for signs of vibration, leakage, excessive	_						_
noise, extreme temperature, or deterioration.		X	Х		X		Q
Inspect and clean enclosure interior.	<u> </u>	X			X		Q
<ul> <li>Consult your local distributor/dealer for parts or ser</li> <li>Not necessary for maintenance-free batteries.</li> </ul>	vice.	X Action R Repla	i ce as ned	cessary			W=Weekly M=Monthly Q=Quarterly S=Six Months Y=Yearly No.=Hours of Running Time

Figure 2-3 Service Schedule

#### 2.4.1 Oil Check

Before operating a new generator set, check the engine oil in the crankcase. See Figure 2-4 or Figure 2-5. Verify that the oil level is at the F mark on the dipstick. Add oil that has a viscosity appropriate for the climate. See Section 2.4.2 for engine oil recommendations.

Do not check the oil level when operating the generator set. To obtain the most accurate oil level reading, shut down the generator set and wait several minutes before checking the oil .

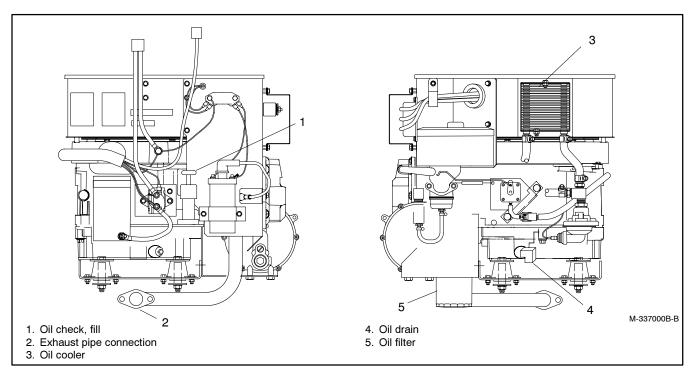


Figure 2-4 Lubrication System, Specification Numbers PA-195023 and PA-195027

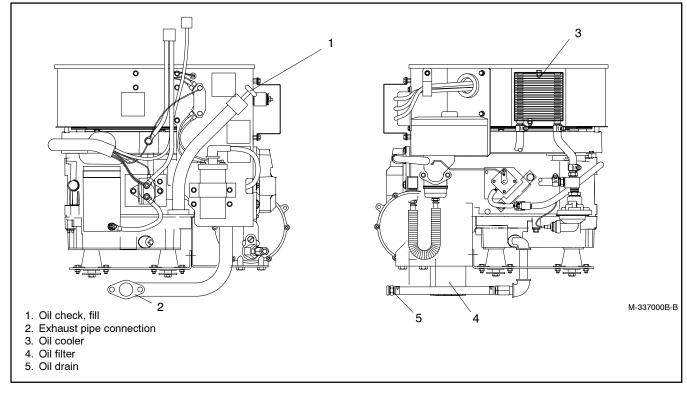


Figure 2-5 Lubrication System, Specification Numbers GM14140-GA1 through -GA6

#### 2.4.2 **Engine Oil Recommendation**

Kohler Co. recommends API (American Petroleum Institute) Service Class SG, SH, or SJ 5W-30 synthetic oil. Synthetic oil oxidizes and thickens less than other oils and leaves fewer deposits on the engine intake valves and pistons.

#### 2.4.3 Oil Change Procedure

Allow the oil to cool to a safe temperature before changing.

- 1. Follow the instructions in Section 2.3 to access the generator set oil drain plug, filter, and fill tube. See Figure 2-4.
- 2. Drain the oil.
  - a. Place an oil collection container below the oil drain and remove the oil drain plug.
  - b. Allow the engine oil to drain completely.
  - c. Replace the oil drain plug.
- 3. Replace the oil filter.
  - a. Place an oil collection container below the oil filter.
  - b. Remove the oil filter by rotating counterclockwise with an oil filter wrench.
  - c. Clean the gasket sealing surface of the oil filter adapter.
  - d. Apply a light coat of clean oil to the rubber seal of the new oil filter.
  - e. Install the new oil filter following the instructions provided with the filter. Hand-tighten the filter.

Note: Dispose of all waste materials (engine oil, fuel, filter, etc.) in an environmentally safe manner.

- 4. Fill with oil.
  - a. Remove the oil fill cap and fill the engine to the F mark on the dipstick. The engine oil capacity is 2.0 L (2.1 gt.). See Section 2.4.2 for oil selection.
  - b. Reinstall the dipstick and the oil fill cap.
- 5. Slide the generator set back into the enclosure and reconnect the fuel line, exhaust pipe, and wiring harnesses as described in Section 2.3. Do not replace the compartment front panel.
- 6. Check for leaks.
  - a. Start and run the generator set to allow the oil pressure to reach the operating range.
  - b. Check for oil leaks around the oil filter and oil drain plua.
  - c. Stop the generator set and recheck the oil level. Tighten the oil filter to stop any leaks. Add oil to bring the level up to the F mark on the dipstick.
- 7. Replace the generator set compartment front panel.
- 8. Move the generator set master switch to the AUTO or center position to return the unit to standby service.
- 9. Reinstall the enclosure door.

#### 2.4.4 Low Oil Pressure Shutdown

The low oil pressure shutdown feature protects the engine against internal damage if the oil pressure drops below a safe operating value because of oil pump failure or other malfunction. This shutdown feature does not protect against damage caused by operating with the oil level below the safe range—it is not a low oil level shutdown. Check the oil level regularly and add oil as needed.

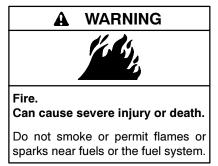
# 2.5 Air Cleaner Element and **Precleaner**

The engine has a replaceable high-density paper air cleaner element with an oiled-foam precleaner. See Figure 2-6. Refer to the service views in Section 1.4 for the air cleaner location.

Wash and oil the precleaner and replace the paper element at the intervals shown in the service schedule. Service the air cleaner more often if the generator set operates under dusty or dirty conditions. Refer to Maintenance and Service Parts in the Introduction section of this manual for replacement part numbers.

Keep the area around the air cleaner housing free of dirt and debris.

Note: Operating the engine with loose or damaged air cleaner components could allow unfiltered air into the engine, causing premature wear and failure.



Servicing the air cleaner. A sudden backfire can cause **severe injury or death.** Do not operate the generator set with the air cleaner removed.

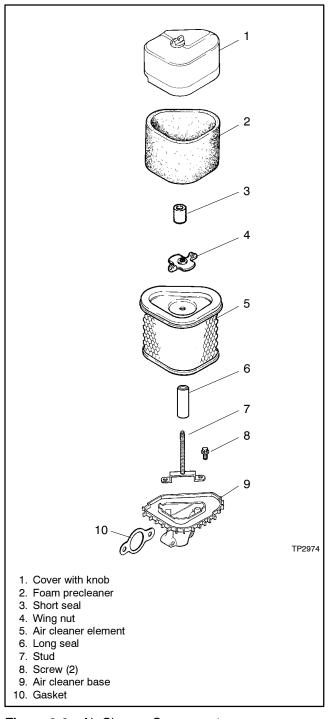


Figure 2-6 Air Cleaner Components

#### Air Cleaner Service Procedure

- 1. Disable the generator set.
  - a. Place the generator set master switch in the OFF/RESET position.
  - b. Disconnect the power to the battery charger, if equipped.
  - c. Disconnect the generator set engine starting battery, negative (-) lead first.
- 2. Remove the foam precleaner and paper element.
  - a. Loosen the air cleaner cover retaining knob and remove the cover.
  - b. Remove the element cover nut, element cover, and paper element with precleaner.
  - c. Remove the short seal, wing nut, and paper element with precleaner.
  - d. Remove the precleaner from the paper element.
- 3. Wash and oil the foam precleaner.
  - a. Wash the precleaner in warm soapy water.
  - Rinse the precleaner with warm water until the water runs clear.
  - c. Squeeze out excess water and allow the precleaner to air dry.
    - **Note:** Do not wring (twist) the precleaner or dry it with compressed air.
  - d. Saturate the precleaner with new engine oil. Squeeze out the excess oil.
- 4. Replace the paper element if it is dirty, bent, or damaged.
  - **Note:** Do not wash the paper element or clean it with compressed air, as both will damage the element.
- 5. Reinstall the air cleaner.
  - a. Install the precleaner over the paper element.
  - b. Check the air cleaner base. Make sure it is secure and not bent or damaged. Remove any dirt or debris from the air cleaner base. Wipe the base carefully so that no dirt falls into the intake throat.
  - c. Check the element cover for damage and fit. Replace all damaged air cleaner components.

- Check the condition of the rubber seal on the air cleaner stud and replace the seal if it is worn or damaged.
- d. Install the paper element, precleaner, element cover, element cover nut, and air cleaner cover. Secure the cover with the cover retaining knob (finger-tighten only).
- e. Check the element cover for damage and fit. Replace all damaged air cleaner components. Check the condition of the rubber seals and replace them if they are worn or damaged.
- f. Install the paper element, precleaner, and wing nut. Replace the short seal and the air cleaner cover. Secure the cover with the cover retaining knob (finger-tighten only).
- 6. Follow the instructions in Section 2.3 to return the generator set to operation.

## 2.6 Battery

Use a starting battery that meets or exceeds the requirements shown in Section 1.3. Follow the battery manufacturer's instructions for battery maintenance and service.

All generator set models use a negative ground with a 12-volt engine electrical system. See Figure 2-7 for the location of the ground connection.

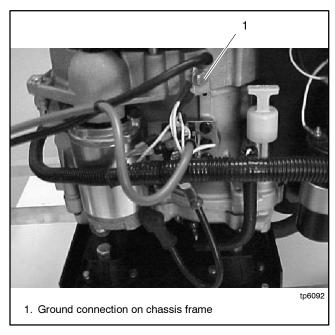


Figure 2-7 Ground Connection

# 2.7 Ignition System

## 2.7.1 Ignition System Description

The generator set uses a battery-powered coil ignition system. Ignition system components include the ignition module, ignition coil, trigger coil assembly, wiring, and spark plug. See the service views in Section 1.4 for ignition system component locations.

Maintain the spark plugs using the instructions in Section 2.7.2. The other ignition system components do not require routine maintenance.

# 2.7.2 Spark Plug

Reset the spark plug gap or replace the plug if necessary. Replace the plug at the intervals shown in the service schedule, Figure 2-3.

- 1. Clean the area around the base of the spark plug to keep dirt and debris out of the engine.
- Remove the spark plug and check its condition. Verify that the insulator is a light toast or gray color. Replace the spark plug if the insulator is discolored, the plug is coated with deposits, or the electrodes are pitted or worn.
- Check the spark plug gap using a wire feeler gauge. Adjust the gap to 0.76 mm (0.030 in.) by carefully bending the ground electrode. See Figure 2-8 and Figure 2-9.

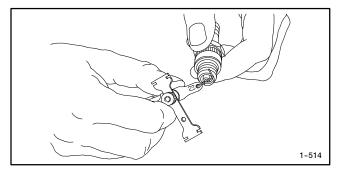


Figure 2-8 Checking the Spark Plug Gap

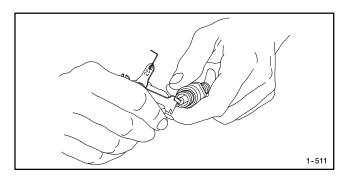


Figure 2-9 Adjusting the Spark Plug Gap

# 2.8 Cooling System

The air inlet and outlet vents are located near the top of the enclosure. To prevent generator set damage caused by overheating, keep the housing cooling inlets and outlets clean and unobstructed at all times.

**Note:** Do not block the generator set cooling air inlet or mount other equipment above it. Overheating and severe generator damage may occur.

# 2.9 Exhaust System

Remove all combustible materials from the exhaust location. Combustible materials include building materials as well as natural surroundings. Keep dry field grass, foliage, and combustible landscaping material a safe distance from the exhaust outlet.

Periodically inspect the exhaust system components (exhaust manifold, exhaust line, flexible exhaust, clamps, silencer, and outlet pipe) for cracks and corrosion.

- Check for corroded or broken metal parts and replace as needed.
- Check for loose, corroded, or missing clamps and hangers. Tighten or replace clamps and/or hangers as needed.
- Check for and remove loose insulation in the exhaust duct.
- Check that the exhaust outlet is clear.

# **Section 3 General Troubleshooting**

This section contains generator set troubleshooting and diagnostic information.

Use the following charts to diagnose and correct common problems. First check for simple causes such as a dead engine starting battery or loose connections.

The generator set may be connected to a customer-supplied remote control system. Disconnect the generator system from the remote control system at plug P6 and use the generator set master switch to operate the generator set. If the problem persists after P6 is disconnected, use the troubleshooting procedures in this manual to diagnose the problem. If the generator set operates normally when P6 is disconnected, the remote controller may have sent a remote stop command or there may be a problem with the remote control system. Refer to the instructions for the remote control system.

**Note:** Use an ohmmeter or continuity tester to check for shorts or open leads in the wiring harnesses before replacing the controller circuit board or other system components.

Follow the instructions in Section 2.3 to remove the generator set from the enclosure, if necessary. Service fixtures are required if it is necessary to run the generator set outside of the enclosure. See Section 4.1.

Maintain a record of repairs and adjustments performed on the equipment.



Accidental starting.

Can cause severe injury or death.

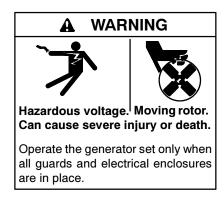
Disconnect the battery cables before working on the generator set. Remove the negative (-) lead first when disconnecting the battery. Reconnect the negative (-) lead last when reconnecting the battery.

Disabling the generator set. Accidental starting can cause severe injury or death. Before working on the generator set or equipment connected to the set, disable the generator set as follows: (1) Place the generator set start/stop switch in the STOP position. (2) Disconnect the power to the battery charger, if equipped. (3) Remove the battery cables, negative (-) lead first. Reconnect the negative (-) lead last when reconnecting the battery. Follow these precautions to prevent the starting of the generator set by the remote start/stop switch.



open the enclosure.

(600 volts and under)



Grounding electrical equipment. Hazardous voltage can cause severe injury or death. Electrocution is possible whenever electricity is present. Open the main circuit breakers of all power sources before servicing the equipment. Configure the installation to electrically ground the generator set and related equipment and electrical circuits to comply with applicable codes and standards. Never contact electrical leads or appliances when standing in water or on wet ground because these conditions increase the risk of electrocution.

#### A **WARNING**



Hot engine and exhaust system. Can cause severe injury or death.

Do not work on the generator set until it

Servicing the exhaust system. Hot parts can cause severe injury or death. Do not touch hot engine parts. The engine and exhaust system components become extremely hot during operation.

# 3.1 Troubleshooting Chart

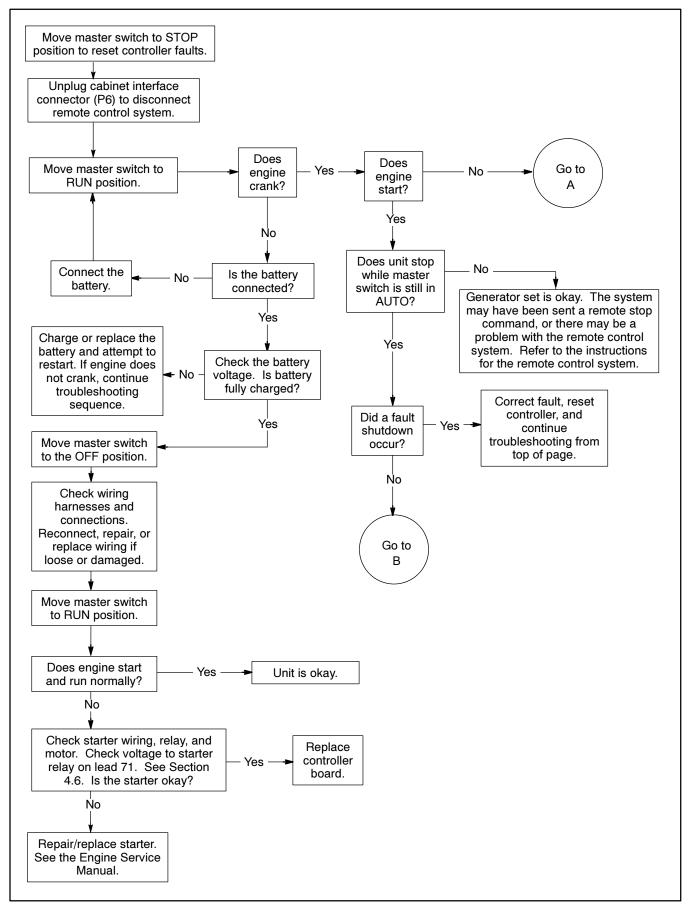
The chart includes a list of common problems, possible causes, and recommended corrective actions.

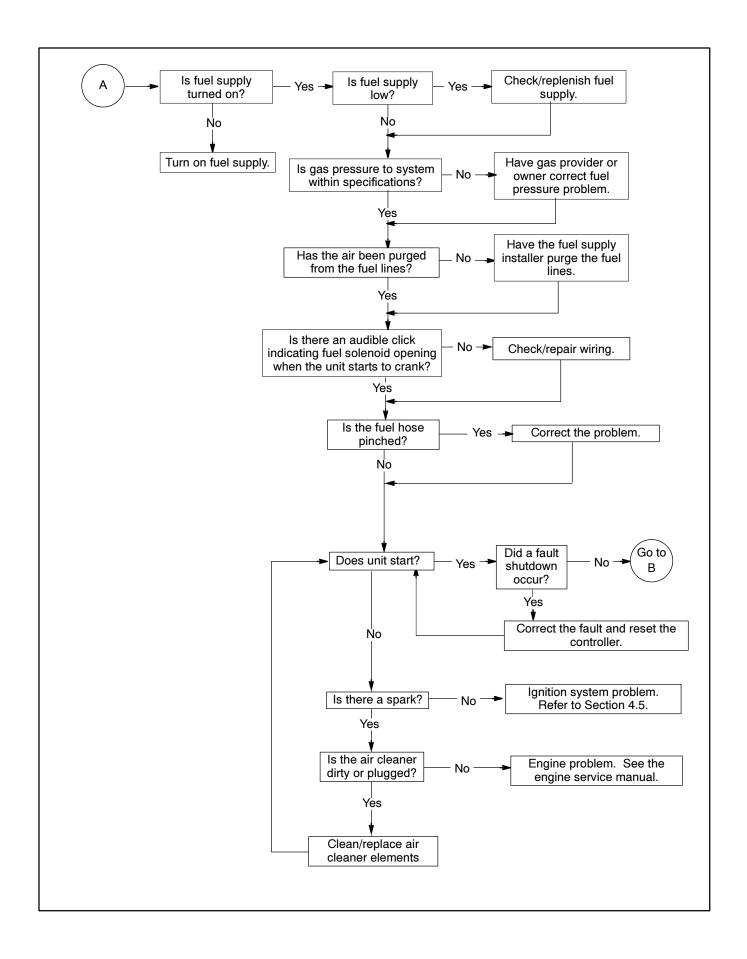
Problem	Possible Cause	Corrective Action	Reference
Unit does not crank	Weak or dead battery	Recharge or replace battery	_
	Engine harness connector not fully locked tight	Disconnect and reconnect	_
	Start switch not in the Auto position.	Move switch to Auto.	
	Remote start cable disconnected	Reconnect start cable	_
	Generator set controls are not receiving the remote start command.	Check remote start cable connections and continuity. Troubleshoot remote control system.	_
	Starter problem	Test starter	Section 4.6 and the Engine Service Manual, TP-2339-C
	Battery connections loose, dirty or incorrect	Correct, clean, or tighten battery connections	_
	Fault shutdown	Identify and correct the cause of the fault. Reset the controller	Section 5.3
	Controller board problem.	Test the board as described in Section 5.5. Connect a spare control board to verify that the board needs to be replaced.	Sections 5.5 and 4.10.
Unit cranks but does	Air cleaner clogged	Clean or replace air cleaner	Section 2.5
not start	Fuel problem	Check fuel supply and replenish if necessary.	_
		Verify that the fuel valve is open.	_
		Check that the fuel regulator opens.	Section 4.7.1
		Check that the throttle linkage moves freely and opens at start.	Section 4.4
		Check the fuel adjustment (oxygen sensor required for this test).	Section 4.7.4
		Check for the correct fuel and fuel block connection.	Section 4.7
	Choke spring disconnected (if equipped with choke assembly)	Connect the choke spring and check that it holds the choke open. (Many units have no choke and do not require the spring.)	Section 4.7.5
	Faulty spark plug	Replace or regap spark plugs	Section 2.7.2
	Loose spark plug wire connection	Reconnect and/or tighten spark plug wire	_
	Ignition system problem	Test ignition system. Replace ignition module if faulty.	Sections 5.5.4 and 4.5
	Weak or dead battery	Recharge or replace battery	Section 2.6
Unit starts hard	Air cleaner clogged	Clean or replace air cleaner element	Section 2.5
	Faulty spark plug	Replace or regap spark plugs	Section 2.7.2
	Weak or intermittent ignition module(s)	Test the ignition system and replace faulty components.	Section 4.5

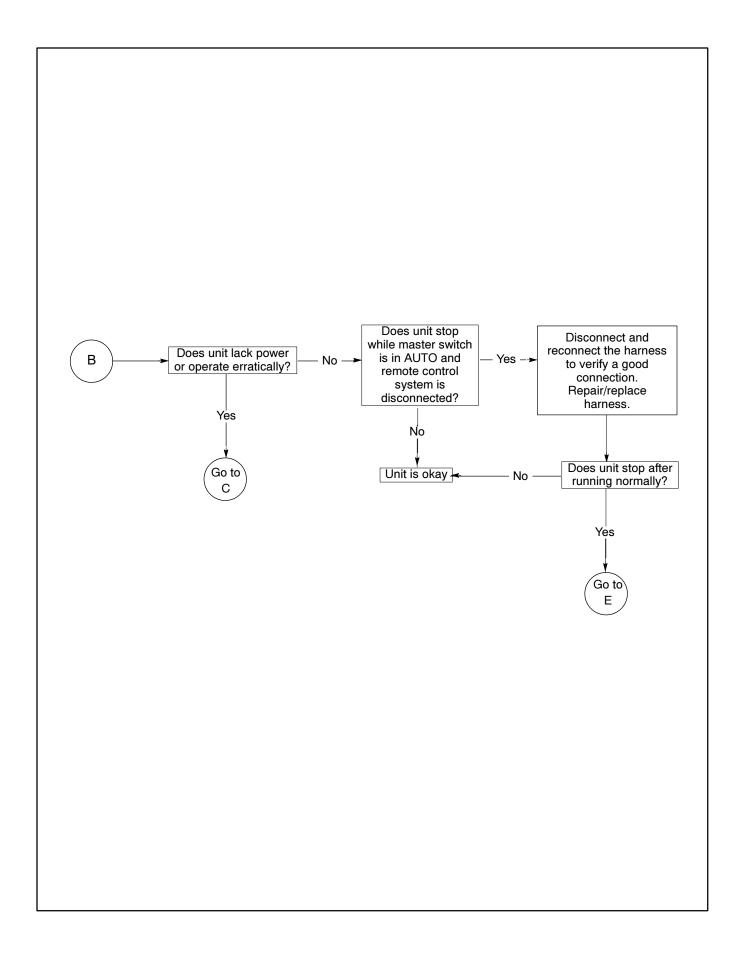
# **Troubleshooting Chart (continued)**

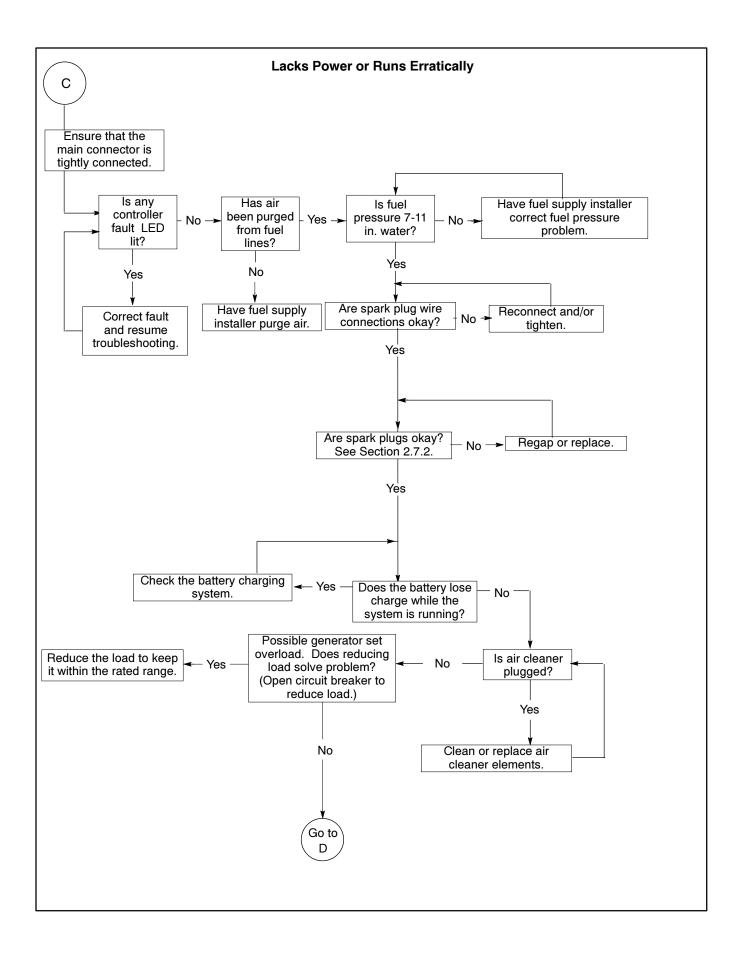
Problem	Possible Cause	Corrective Action	Reference
Unit stops suddenly	Air cleaner clogged	Clean or replace air cleaner element	Section 2.5
	Faulty spark plug	Replace or regap spark plugs	Section 2.7.2
	Fuel starvation	Replenish fuel	_
	Engine harness connector not fully locked tight	Disconnect and reconnect	_
	Fault shutdown	Check controller LEDs. Correct fault and reset controller. Test shutdown operation.	Sections 5.2.3, 5.3 and 5.4
	Faulty shutdown switch	Test switches and replace if necessary.	Section 4.9
Unit lacks power or operates erratically	Engine harness connector not fully locked tight	Disconnect and reconnect	_
	Air cleaner clogged	Clean or replace air cleaner element	Section 2.5
	Insufficient cooling	Inspect and clean cooling system	Section 2.8
	Engine overload	Reduce load on generator set	_
	Faulty spark plug	Replace or regap spark plugs	Section 2.7.2
	Fuel supply problem	Check valves and fuel pressure	Section 4.7
	Governor system problem	Check governor and trhottle linkage.	Section 4.4
Unit does not supply load	Fuel supply problem	Check for the correct fuel and fuel block connection.	Section 4.7
	Excessive load	Check that load does not exceed rating, 3.5 or 5 kW.	_
	Throttle linkage binding	Check that throttle linkage is free to move and open while engine is running.	Section 4.4
	Undervoltage	Check that voltage with no load is 52 volts (48 V models), 39 volts (36 V models), or 104 volts (96 V models).	Section 4.3
Engine noise	Hydraulic lifter leakdown.	Run unit 5-10 minutes under load	_
Unit overheats	Air openings clogged	Clean intake and outlet openings	Section 2.8
	Air cleaner clogged	Clean or replace air cleaner element	Section 2.5
	Overload	Verify that load is within the specified range. Reduce load.	Section 1.3.1

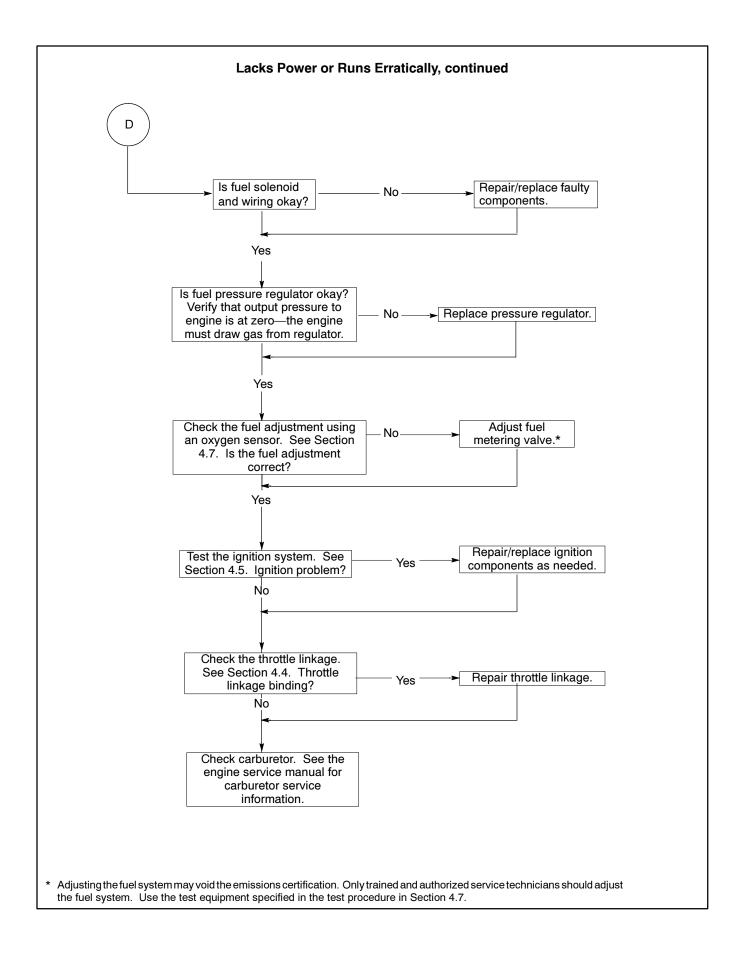
# 3.2 Generator Set/Controller System Troubleshooting Flowcharts











# **Unit Stops After Normal Operation** Ε Possible intermittent wiring problem or control board malfunction. Check all wiring and components. Start the unit. Does it stop Done. after normal operation? Yes Is controller Correct the fault and reset fault LED lit? the controller. No Are alternator output leads Connect/repair/replace connected to AC terminals alternator output leads. on the rectifier? Yes Clean/replace Is air cleaner air cleaner plugged? elements. Νo Are spark plug and Replace or regap spark No plugs. See Section 2.7.2. wires okay? Yes Are fuel solenoid Repair/replace No and wiring okay? fuel solenoid and/or wiring. Yes Is fuel adjustment Adjust the fuel No correct? See Section metering

valve.\*

4.7.4.

Adjusting the fuel system may void the emissions certification. Only trained and authorized service technicians should adjust the fuel system. Use the test equipment specified in the test procedure in Section 4.7.4..

# Section 4 Component Testing and Adjustment

Use the troubleshooting procedures in Section 3 and the wiring diagrams in Section 7 to diagnose problems with the generator set operation. For controller operation and test, refer to Section 5 of this manual and to the remote control manual. Use the procedures in this section to check generator components for proper operation and adjust components when necessary. See the service views in Section 1.4 for component locations.



Hazardous voltage. Can cause severe injury or death.

Only authorized personnel should open the enclosure.

(600 volts and under)

# **Operating the Generator Set** Outside the Enclosure



Hazardous noise. Can cause hearing loss.

Never operate the generator set without a muffler or with a faulty exhaust system.



Operate the generator set only when all guards and electrical enclosures are in place.



Can cause severe injury or death. Do not smoke or permit flames or sparks near fuels or the fuel system.

Servicing the air cleaner. A sudden backfire can cause severe injury or death. Do not operate the generator set with the air cleaner removed.

The generator set is mounted on rails inside the enclosure. Follow the instructions in Section 2.3 to open the enclosure, disconnect the generator set, and slide it out for removal or service.

#### 4.1.1 **Test Equipment**

The following test equipment, available from Kohler Co., is required to run the generator set outside the enclosure:

- Generator set fixture
- Cover plate
- Exhaust pipe extension with test port
- Oxygen sensor (for testing the fuel system)
- Silencer
- Control board
- Extended wiring harness

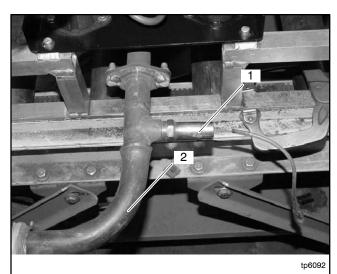
See Maintenance and Service Parts in this manual for the part numbers for the test equipment.

Before running the generator set outside the enclosure:

- Set the generator set on the fixture, aligning the generator set mounting holes with the four pins on the fixture.
- Place the cover over the top of the generator to prevent contact with rotating parts. Tie the cover to the generator set's lifting eye and one of the bolts that secure the rectifier cover.
- Attach the exhaust pipe extension to the silencer. Verify that the test port is plugged or install the oxygen

sensor in the port if needed for fuel adjustments. See Figure 4-1.

- Connect a silencer to the output end of the exhaust pipe extension.
- Connect the engine/controls interface connector P4 to the control board. Use the extension harness if the extra length is needed. See Figure 4-2.
- Connect a starting battery to the terminals shown in Figure 4-2. Connect the negative lead last.



1. Oxygen sensor

2. Exhaust tube GM23580

Figure 4-1 Exhaust Tube and Oxygen Sensor

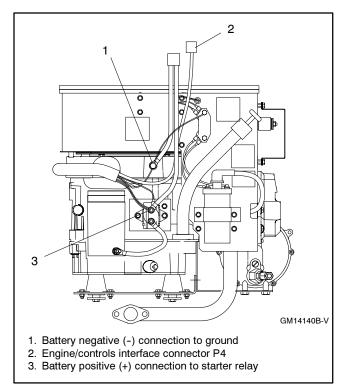


Figure 4-2 Connections

#### 4.1.2 **Lifting the Generator Set**

The generator set weighs approximately 68 kg (150 lbs.). Use adequately rated equipment to lift the generator set.

The generator set has two lifting eyes. Connect lifting hooks to the two lifting eyes and use a strap to support the other end of the generator set. Thread the strap under the wiring harnesses and over the hoses as shown in Figure 4-3 and Figure 4-4, taking care not to damage the throttle linkage.

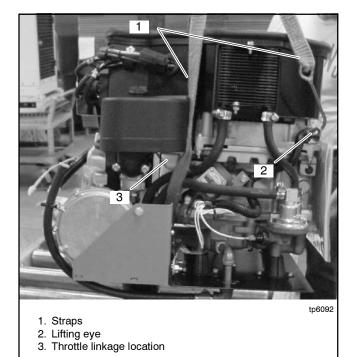


Figure 4-3 Lifting the Generator Set, Air Cleaner Side

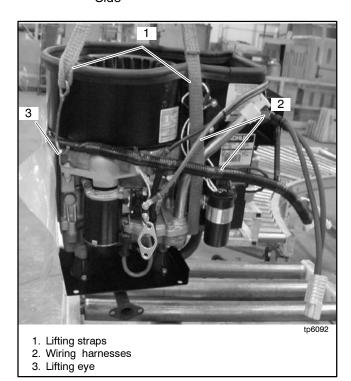


Figure 4-4 Lifting the Generator Set, Starter Side

# 4.2 Circuit Protection

A fuse on the output (DC) side of the voltage rectifier interrupts the generator output in the event of a 50% overload or a short circuit in the wiring between the generator and the load. See Figure 4-5. Replace the fuse if it blows. See Maintenance and Service Parts in the Introduction of this manual for the fuse part number.

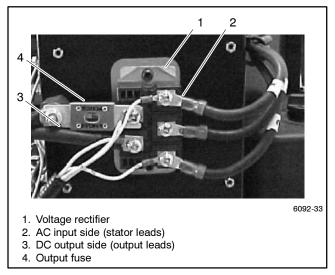


Figure 4-5 Voltage Rectifier and Fuse

#### **Voltage Rectifier** 4.3

The voltage rectifier converts AC voltage from the alternator into DC voltage. Figure 4-6 shows the rectifier schematic.

If there is no DC voltage at the output connector, check the fuse (see Figure 4-5). Test for output at the rectifier to check the output leads. Check for AC voltage into the rectifier. If there is AC voltage coming into the rectifier, but no DC output, replace the rectifier. The voltage rectifier has no adjustments.

The microprocessor controller monitors the DC output voltage. To verify accurate voltage control, increase and decrease loads while measuring DC output voltage at the output connector. The output voltage should remain fairly steady at the rated voltage as the engine speed increases or decreases in response to load changes.

If voltage falls below the rated value as load increases or decreases, check for the following problems:

- Inadequate fuel supply
- Fuel solenoid malfunction
- Fuel metering valve malfunction
- Stepper motor/throttle linkage binding

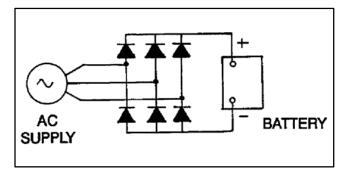


Figure 4-6 Rectifier Schematic

#### **Electronic Governor** 4.4

The system uses a variable-speed generator to maintain the rated output voltage with varying loads. The governor system regulates the engine speed with changing loads.

The governor system consists of an electronic governor control and an electromechanical actuator. Leads AC1 and AC2 provide a speed (frequency) signal from the AC side of the voltage rectifier (terminals E and C) to the control board. The control board signals the actuator, which controls the throttle and hence the engine speed. to maintain the generator nominal output voltage.

#### **Governor Checks** 4.4.1

The factory-set electronic governor does not normally require adjustment. If the engine operates erratically, check the following connections and conditions before adjusting the governor:

- Check the electrical connections and wire harnesses for clean, tight connections.
- Check the speed-sensing connections at rectifier terminals C and E. Poor connections may cause an erratic signal, which could cause the unit to shut down.

- Check the electrical ground connections.
- Check the battery connections. Verify that the connections are clean and tight.
- Check for a good positive 12-volt DC supply. Also check if the positive voltage supply is unstable or below 8 volts DC making the control unit function erratically.
- Check for stepper motor/throttle shaft linkage binding or wear. The linkage arm and lever arms must not bind or rub against other components while moving.
- Verify that the governor stepper motor operates with steady and smooth movement. If the movement of the stepper motor is erratic or large changes in movement occur, check for shaft misalignment, linkage binding, or loose or broken wiring or plug connections.
- If the throttle linkage binds or otherwise does not operate smoothly, check the bushing shown in Figure 4-7 and Figure 4-8. The bushing has a longer slot on one side that must be oriented as shown in Figure 4-7.
- Check the carburetor for dirt, Also, check the idle-adjustment misadjustment. screw. The screw should not prevent the throttle plate from completely closing. Also, check the throttle linkage for any binding, dirt, damage, etc.

Note: Often hunting/surging problems thought to be caused by the governor are actually linked to carburetor adjustment. Check the carburetor adjustment before adjusting the governor.

The fuel shutoff solenoid deenergizes and the generator set shuts down with the following electronic governor faults:

- Loss of pickup while running (throttle moves to closed position)
- Engine overspeed
- · Break of fuel shutoff solenoid lead
- Loss of DC power to governor assembly
- Break of stepper motor leads (erratic performance)
- Actuator linkage failure (erratic performance)

If none of the above conditions exist, proceed to Section 4.4.2, Stepper Motor Check.

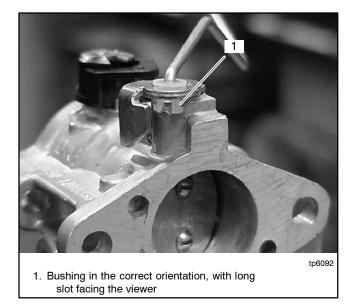


Figure 4-7 Correct Bushing Rotation

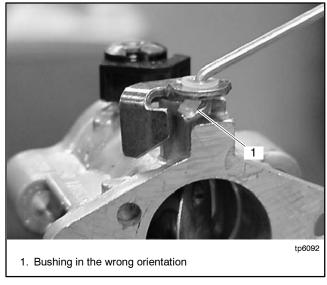


Figure 4-8 Incorrect Bushing Rotation

#### 4.4.2 **Stepper Motor Check**

Use the following procedure to test the operation of the governor stepper motor.

# **Stepper Motor Test Procedure**

- 1. Stop the generator set and disconnect the battery.
- 2. Manually move the governor linkage fully counterclockwise (open throttle). See Figure 4-10.
- 3. Reconnect the battery. The stepper motor should move clockwise to the closed-throttle position with a noticeable clicking sound. If the stepper motor does not stay in the closed-throttle position, replace the stepper motor.

Only two stepper motor leads of each coil group are utilized (BLACK-YELLOW and RED-WHITE). The resistance per phase is 38.5 ohms. See Figure 4-9.

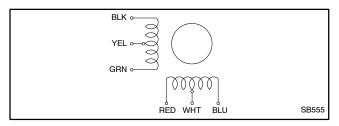


Figure 4-9 Actuator Coil Group

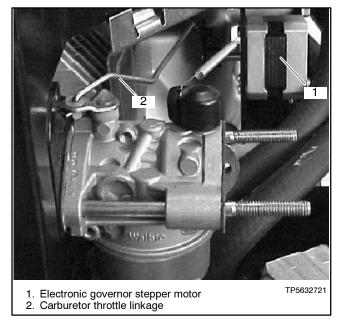


Figure 4-10 Stepper Motor Throttle Linkage

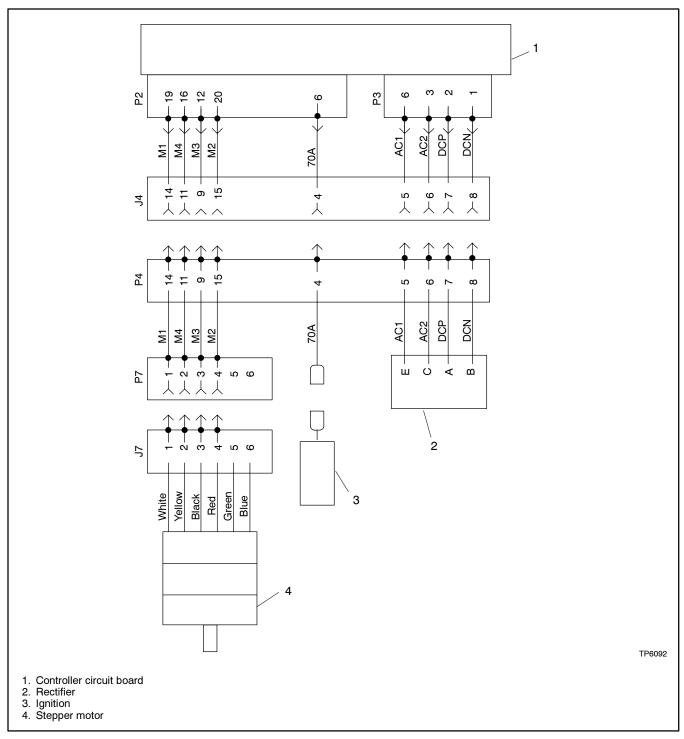


Figure 4-11 Electronic Governor Wiring

# Ignition System

The breakerless ignition system includes a battery ignition coil, electronic ignition module, and an ignition trigger coil. See Figure 4-12. The ignition module electronically interrupts battery voltage to the primary coil winding, inducing high voltage in the secondary winding and producing the spark at the spark plug.

Check the continuity of the spark plug lead. Check the condition of the lead insulation and spark plug boot. Refer to Section 2.7.2 for additional spark plug information.

Figure 4-13 shows some ignition specifications.

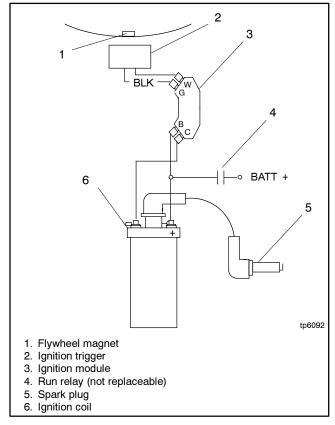


Figure 4-12 Ignition System

Item	Specification
Trigger gap	1.02 mm (0.040 in.)
Trigger coil resistance: Part no. GM17721 Part no. GM23592	190-205 ohms 320-360 ohms
Timing	28° BTDC
Spark plug gap	0.76 mm (0.030 in.)

Figure 4-13 Ignition System Specifications

#### 4.5.1 **Ignition Trigger**

Two types of trigger coils are used. One type, part number GM17721, has a resistor connected to the trigger coil cable. See Figure 4-14. Use trigger coil GM17721 only with ignition module 278903. The other coil, GM23592, has no resistor in the wiring. Use coil GM23592 only with ignition module GM23591, which has an internal resistor. The ignition module part number is stamped on the back of the module. See Section 4.5.2 for more information on ignition modules.

Use an ohmmeter to check the trigger coil resistance and compare the measured value to the resistances shown in Figure 4-13. An open coil will produce a reading of 470 ohms. If the trigger coil is open or shorted, replace it.

Use a feeler gauge to check the gap between the ignition trigger coil and the flywheel. See Figure 4-15 and Figure 4-16. Verify that the gap is set to 1.02 mm (0.040 in.).

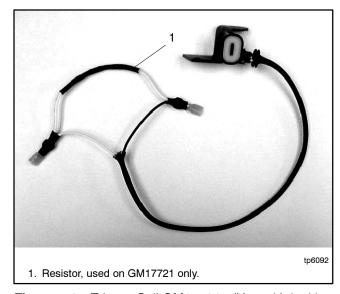


Figure 4-14 Trigger Coil GM17721. (Use with ignition module 278903.)

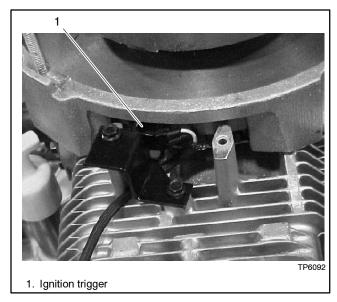


Figure 4-15 Ignition Trigger

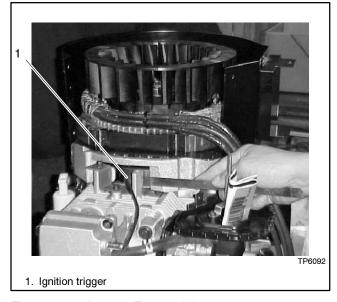


Figure 4-16 Ignition Trigger Adjustment

#### 4.5.2 **Ignition Module**

Use an ohmmeter to measure the resistances across the ignition module terminals. See Figure 4-17 and Figure 4-18. The ignition module part number is stamped on the back of the module. If the measured resistances do not match those shown in Figure 4-18, replace the module.

Note: The ignition module must be matched with the appropriate trigger coil. See Section 4.5.1 for information.

Apply a thin coating of thermal compound between the mounting pad and the module to ensure good heat transfer. Connect the ground wire to the system ground.

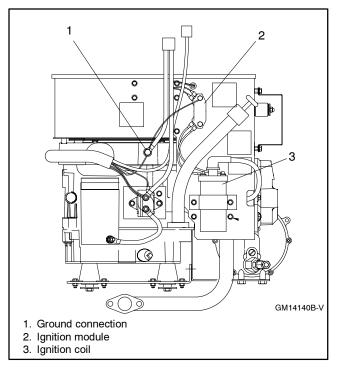


Figure 4-17 Ignition Components

Terminals	Ohmmeter Indication				
Part Numbe	Part Number 278903				
W-G	10 kOhms				
B-Ground	850 ohms				
C-Ground	Diode check: Open circuit in one direction, approximately 2.7 MOhms with the test leads reversed.				
Part Numbe	r GM23591				
W-G	450 Ohms				
B-Ground	850 ohms				
C-Ground	Diode check: Open circuit in one direction, approximately 2.7 Mohms with the test leads reversed.				

Figure 4-18 Ignition Module Resistances

#### **Ignition Coil** 4.5.3

Use an ohmmeter or a test lamp to check the ignition coil primary winding. Measure the resistance across the positive (+) and negative (-) terminals and from one terminal to ground. If the test shows that the winding is open or grounded, replace the ignition coil.

Disconnect the high tension lead from the engine spark plug and connect it to a test spark plug. Disconnect lead C from the ignition module. Move the generator set master switch to START. Ground lead C and watch the test plug for sparks. If no sparks are produced the ignition coil secondary winding is faulty. Replace the ignition coil.

# 4.6 Starter

Check the starter if the generator set engine does not

Check the battery voltage and connections before proceeding. Check for a locked rotor or other fault condition that may have shut down the unit. Correct the fault condition and reset the controller to clear a fault shutdown.

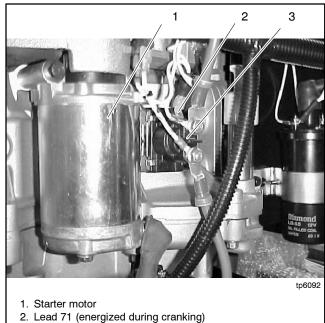
Note: Always check the wiring and connections before replacing components.

The crank cycle attempts to start three times, cranking for 20 seconds and then resting for 5 seconds between attempts. LED 7 on the control board lights to indicate that cranking is energized. LED 5 indicates an overcrank shutdown; reset the controller if LED 5 lights during these tests. See Section 5.2.3.

Move the generator set master switch to Start and check for 12 VDC to the starter relay on lead 71 during the crank attempt. See Figure 4-19. If there is no voltage to the starter during the crank cycle, check the connections. Then check for voltage from the controller at J4-1 and P2-1 (see the wiring diagram, Section 7). If there is no voltage at P2-1 during cranking, replace the control board.

To test the starter relay, check for 12 VDC to the starter motor during the crank attempt. If there is voltage to the relay but not to the starter motor, check the connection between the relay and the starter motor. connection is good, replace the relay.

If there is voltage to the starter motor but the starter motor does not crank the engine, refer to the Engine Service Manual for starter service information. The generator set engine uses an inertia-drive electric starter.



3. Starter relay (crank relay)

Figure 4-19 Starter Components

# 4.7 Fuel System



Explosive fuel vapors. Can cause severe injury or death.

Use extreme care when handling, storing, and using fuels.



Can cause severe injury or death.

Do not smoke or permit flames or sparks near fuels or the fuel system.

Combustible materials. A fire can cause severe injury or death. Generator set engine fuels and fuel vapors are flammable and explosive. Handle these materials carefully to minimize the risk of fire or explosion. Equip the compartment or nearby area with a fully charged fire extinguisher. Select a fire extinguisher rated ABC or BC for electrical fires or as recommended by the local fire code or an authorized agency. Train all personnel on fire extinguisher operation and fire prevention procedures.

#### 4.7.1 **Fuel Regulators**

The typical gaseous fuel system uses two regulators. The primary regulator reduces the line pressure to an allowable inlet pressure for the secondary regulator. The fuel supplier provides and maintains the primary regulator. The secondary regulator is factory-installed on the generator set and is designed for a maximum inlet pressure of 2.7 kPa (6 oz./in.2) or 280 mm (11 in. water column).

Do not try to adjust the fuel pressure, fuel mixture, or engine speed using the fuel lock-off. See Figure 4-20 for the location of the fuel lockoff. The fuel lock-off prevents fuel flow when the engine is not operating.

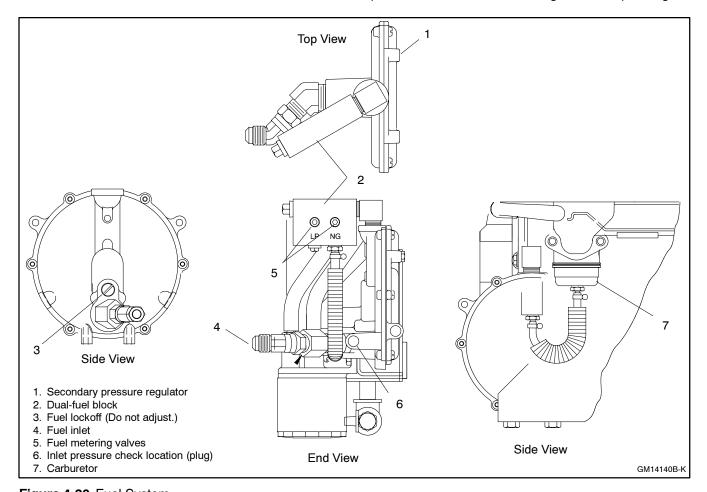


Figure 4-20 Fuel System

# **Checking the Fuel Pressure**

Use a gauge or manometer to check the fuel pressure at the secondary regulator inlet. See Figure 4-20. Measure the fuel pressure with the generator set running at full load. The fuel pressure should be 178-280 mm (7-11 in. water column) or 1.7-2.7 kPa (4-6 oz./in.2). Contact the fuel supplier if the inlet pressure is not within the specified range.

Note: Do not attempt to adjust the fuel mixture or engine speed by adjusting the regulators.

#### 4.7.2 **Fuel Solenoid Valve**

The fuel solenoid valve is located on the outside of the enclosure. It is a 12 VDC valve energized by lead 70 when the generator set controller is in the crank or the run mode. The fuel solenoid valve is supplied with the enclosure.

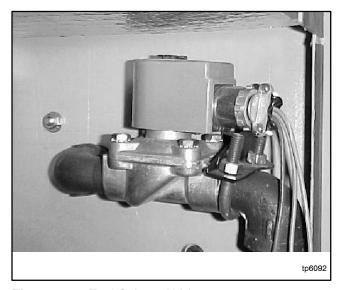


Figure 4-21 Fuel Solenoid Valve

#### **Fuel Conversion** 4.7.3

Two fuel metering valves allow field-conversion between natural gas and LP vapor. Have the fuel conversion procedure performed by trained and qualified personnel.

Note: Do not adjust the fuel metering valves. The fuel metering valves are factory-sealed to comply with applicable emission standards and to provide the best possible hot and cold starting.

The manufacturer ships the generator set with the fuel system set for natural gas. To convert to LP gas, use the following procedure to move the fuel line from the natural gas inlet port to the inlet port in the LP fuel metering valve (or from the LP inlet to the natural gas inlet to convert from LP to natural gas). See Figure 4-22 for the LP and natural gas fuel connection and fuel block locations. Also see the service views in Section 1.4.

## **Fuel Conversion Procedure**

- 1. Remove the enclosure front door and the generator compartment front panel to access the fuel system.
- 2. Move the generator set master switch to the STOP position.
- 3. Disconnect the battery at the quick-disconnect
- 4. Turn off the fuel supply by closing the upstream valve outside of the enclosure.
- 5. Remove the hose clamp and fuel line hose from the fitting in the fuel metering valve.
- 6. Remove the hose fitting from the natural gas (or LP) inlet in the fuel metering valve.
- 7. Remove the plug from the LP (or natural gas) inlet. Clean the plug with a dry cloth or brush, apply fresh pipe sealant, and install it into the natural gas (or LP) inlet.
- 8. Clean the hose fitting with a dry cloth or brush, apply fresh pipe sealant, and install it into the LP (or natural gas) inlet.
- 9. Slide the hose onto the hose fitting and secure it with the clamp.
- 10. Turn on the fuel supply and check for leaks using a gas leak detector.
- 11. Reconnect the battery harness.
- 12. Install the generator compartment front panel. Set the generator set master switch to the AUTO or center position to return the generator set to standby service.
- 13. Replace the enclosure door.

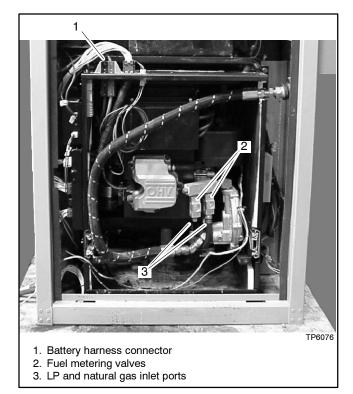


Figure 4-22 Fuel System Conversion

#### 4.7.4 **Fuel System Recalibration**

The fuel metering valves are factory-set to meet emissions requirements and sealed to discourage field adjustments. If the fuel system requires recalibration, only trained, authorized service technicians may adjust the fuel metering valves. Always use an oxygen sensor and an exhaust tube with an oxygen sensor port, available from the generator set manufacturer, when adjusting the fuel metering valves.

Note: Changing the fuel system adjustments may void the emissions certification.

Fuel system recalibration requires the following equipment, which is available from Kohler Co.:

- Oxygen sensor
- Test exhaust pipe with oxygen sensor port

See Maintenance and Service Parts in this manual for the equipment part numbers.

Follow the instructions in Section 4.1 to remove the generator set and operate outside the enclosure.

# **Fuel System Recalibration Procedure**

- 1. Run the generator set at full load and check the oxygen sensor reading. At full load, the oxygen sensor output voltage should be between 0.75 and 0.85 VDC.
- 2. If adjustment is required, remove the seal on the fuel metering valve and adjust the valve to obtain an oxygen sensor reading between 0.75 and 0.85 VDC. See Figure 4-20 for the fuel metering valve location.
- 3. Reseal the valve after adjustment.

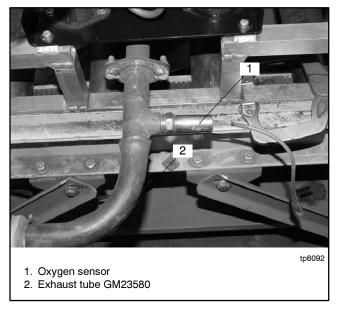


Figure 4-23 Exhaust Tube and Oxygen Sensor

#### 4.7.5 Choke

Some engines are equipped with a choke, which is held open at all times by the choke spring shown in Figure 4-24. If the engine is equipped with a choke, identified by the knob shown in Figure 4-24, check that the spring is attached and holding the choke open.

Generator sets built after June, 2001, do not have a choke assembly and, therefore, do not require the spring.

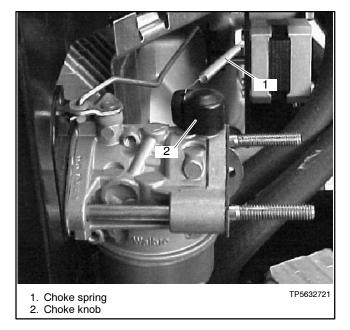


Figure 4-24 Choke Assembly (not included on all engines)

# 4.8 Alternator

The alternator is connected directly to the engine. The alternator uses a permanent magnet rotor and a 3-lead 3-phase stator. See Figure 4-25.

#### 4.8.1 Stator

The stator contains coils of wire laid in a laminated steel frame. The three stator leads are connected together in a wye configuration. See Figure 4-26.

The stator leads supply voltage to the voltage rectifier and the speed-sensing circuit. Before testing, inspect the stator for heat discoloration, visible damage to housing lead wires, exposed coil windings, or exposed areas of frame laminations. Use an ohmmeter to check the continuity of the stator windings using the following procedure.

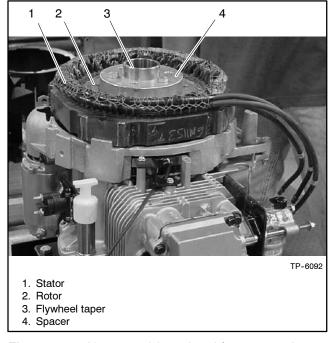


Figure 4-25 Alternator (shroud and fan removed to show components)

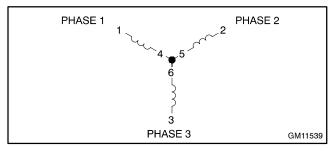


Figure 4-26 Stator Windings

#### **Stator Test Procedure**

- 1. Disconnect the power to the battery charger, if equipped.
- 2. Disconnect the generator set engine starting battery, negative (-) lead first.
- 3. Disconnect output connector P8 from the load. See Figure 4-27.
- 4. Disconnect the stator leads from the voltage rectifier. See Figure 4-27.

Note: Disconnect all stator leads from the voltage rectifier before performing the test.

5. Set the ohmmeter on R x 1 scale. Touch the red meter lead to the black lead and adjust the ohmmeter to show zero ohms.

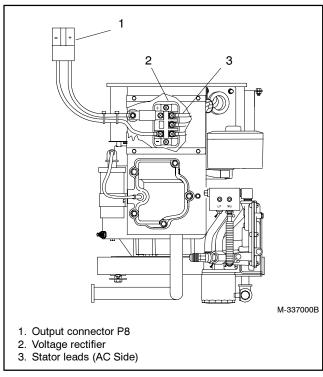


Figure 4-27 Stator Lead Connections to Rectifier

6. Check the cold resistance of the stator windings by connecting the meter leads to stator leads 1 and 2, 1 and 3, and 2 and 3. See Figure 4-28 for stator winding resistance values. Replace the stator if any of the resistance checks reveal an open winding. If the resistance test is not conclusive, perform a megohmmeter test on the stator as described in step 7.

Note: Most ohmmeters do not measure very small resistance values accurately. Check for continuity of the windings with no shorts to The stator is functional if the ground. resistance reading (continuity) is low and there is no evidence (heat discoloration) of shorted windings.

Generator Set Voltage Rating, VDC	Stator Resistance, Ohms
36	0.014
48	0.024
96	0.054

Figure 4-28 Stator Resistance

- 7. If the resistance test in the previous step is not conclusive, perform a megohmmeter test to determine whether the stator is shorted to ground.
  - a. Use a megohmmeter to apply 500 volts DC to any stator lead and the stator's frame. Follow the instructions of the megohmmeter's manufacturer when performing this test. A reading of approximately 500 kOhms (1/2 MOhm) or higher indicates that the stator is in good condition. A reading of less than approximately 500 kOhms (1/2 MOhm) indicates deterioration of the winding insulation and possible current flow to ground.
  - b. If the megohmmeter reading is less than 500 kOhms, replace the stator.

#### 4.8.2 Rotor

The rotor uses permanent magnets. There are no tests or field adjustments for the rotor.

# 4.9 Fault Shutdown Switches

Check the continuity of the high engine temperature (HET) and low oil pressure (LOP) switches. Check for loose connections and open or short circuits in the connecting wires before replacing the switches.

## **High Engine Temperature (HET) Switch**

The HET switch is normally open. Shut down the generator set and allow the engine to cool. Use an ohmmeter to measure the resistance from pin P4-12 to ground. The ohmmeter should indicate an open circuit. Any other reading indicates a short; replace the HET switch.

## Low Oil Pressure (LOP) Switch

The normally closed LOP switch opens when the engine oil pressure reaches the normal operating level and closes if the oil pressure drops below a preset minimum. Use an ohmmeter to check the continuity between pin P4-13 and ground. Verify that the switch is closed while the engine is stopped. Start the generator set and check that the switch opens approximately 5 seconds later. If the switch does not open after the engine reaches normal operating speed, check the oil level and test for leaks in the lubrication system before replacing the LOP switch.

# 4.10 Control Board Replacement

#### NOTICE

Electrostatic discharge damage. Electrostatic discharge (ESD) damages electronic circuit boards. Prevent electrostatic discharge damage by wearing an approved grounding wrist strap when handling electronic circuit boards or integrated circuits. An approved grounding wrist strap provides a high resistance (about 1 megohm), not a direct short, to ground.

If the controller tests in Section 5 or the troubleshooting procedures in Section 3 indicate that the control board needs to be replaced, follow these guidelines:

- Keep the new board in its protective wrapping until installation.
- · Wear a grounding strap while handling the circuit board to prevent damage to the circuit board components.
- Check that all plug connections are secure.

The new circuit board must be calibrated after installation. Use the following procedure to calibrate the board.

#### Calibration Procedure

- 1. Connect a voltmeter to the output terminals of the voltage rectifier.
- 2. Turn R37 on the circuit board fully clockwise.
- Start the generator set with no load.
- 4. Adjust R37 to obtain the voltage output shown in Figure 4-29.

Generator Set Model	Measured Output Voltage, VDC
36 Volt	39
48 Volt	52
96 Volt	104

Figure 4-29 Output Voltages, VDC

# **Notes**

# **Section 5 Controller Operation and Test**

This section describes troubleshooting procedures for the generator set control board, shown in Figure 5-1. Refer to the operation manual for operating instructions. Refer to the remote controller manufacturer's instructions for troubleshooting and servicing remote controllers connected to the generator set.

Control circuit boards GM11783 and GM14243 are not interchangeable. However, control circuit board GM17820 can be used to replace either GM11783 or GM14243.

#### 5.1 Sequence of Operation

The following sections describe the controller sequence of operation during generator start, run, stop, and fault shutdown modes. Use this as a starting point for controller fault identification. Use the LEDs on the controller circuit board to assist in the troubleshooting process. Refer to the wiring diagrams in Section 7 to assist in the troubleshooting procedure.

#### 5.1.1 Starting Sequence

Placing the generator set master switch in the RUN position starts the generator set locally. With the generator set master switch in the AUTO position, momentarily closing contacts P6-5 and P6-6 starts the generator set remotely.

The crank relay energizes, activating the starter motor, SM. The hourmeter, ignition module, coil, and gas valve receive power.

When the engine comes up to speed, the low oil pressure switch contacts open.

#### 5.1.2 **Running Sequence**

Leads AC1 and AC2 from the AC side of the voltage rectifier provide speed sensing signals to the control board.

Note: The generator set shuts down if the controller does not obtain AC output within 1 second after engine start (locked rotor shutdown).

#### 5.1.3 Stopping Sequence

Moving the generator set master switch to the stop position or closing a remote contact between pins P6-6 and P6-7 (and opening P6-5 and P6-6) deenergizes the run relay and stops the generator set.

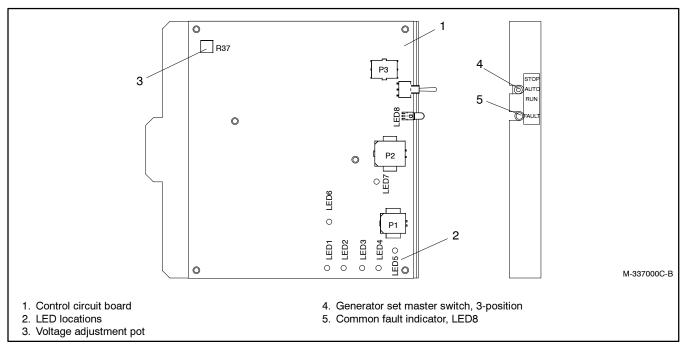


Figure 5-1 Controller Board

#### 5.2 **Control Connections**

Wiring harnesses connect the generator set control board to the system remote controls and the engine. Figure 5-2 shows the wiring harness connections to the control board. See the wiring diagrams in Section 7 for pinouts and connection details. Figure 5-3 defines the abbreviations used in the wiring diagrams.

#### 5.2.1 Generator Set Master Switch

Some models use a 3-position generator set master switch. Set the switch to the AUTO position for remote operation. Set both the generator set master switch and the remote switch to the STOP or OFF position and disconnect the engine starting battery before servicing the generator set.

Other models use a momentary start/stop generator set switch that returns to the center position when released. Be sure to set the remote switch to the OFF position before servicing the generator set. Hold the generator set master switch in the STOP position while disconnecting the starting battery.

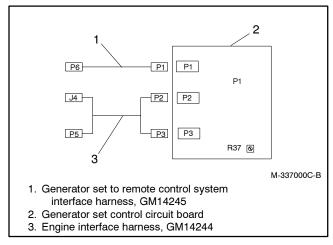


Figure 5-2 Generator Set Control Connections

Abbreviation	Definition
N	Ground
OVC	Overcrank
N/C	Not connected
STT	Start
LOP	Low oil pressure
STP	Stop
OVT	Overtemperature
OVS	Overspeed
DCP	DC output sensing
DCN	DC output sensing
AC1	AC speed sensing
AC2	AC speed sensing
M1	Throttle control
M2	Throttle control
M3	Throttle control
M4	Throttle control
Р	Battery
70	Run
71	Crank

Figure 5-3 Pin Abbreviations

#### 5.2.2 **Remote Start/Stop Connections**

For remote operation, connect a three-wire remote start/stop switch to P6 of the interface harness. To start, open a contact between pins 6 and 7 and close a contact between pins 5 and 6 of connector P6 (see the wiring diagrams). To stop, close the contact between pins 6 and 7 and open the contact between pins 5 and 6.

#### 5.2.3 **Status Indicators**

Eight LEDs on the generator set control board indicate the system status conditions and fault shutdowns listed in Figure 5-4. Figure 5-1 shows the LED locations.

LED	Indicates	Remote Annunciation
1	Overspeed shutdown	Yes
2	Overtemperature shutdown	Yes
3	Engine running status indicator	Yes
4	Low oil pressure fault shutdown	Yes
5	Overcrank shutdown	Yes
6	Fuel valve energized	No
7	Cranking energized	No
8	Common fault indicator	No

Figure 5-4 Control Board LEDs

# 5.3 Fault Shutdowns

The generator set shuts down automatically under the fault conditions listed in Figure 5-5 and cannot be restarted until the controls are reset. Correct the fault condition and then reset the controller by placing either the remote control switch or the generator set master switch in the STOP position. The high engine temperature fault automatically resets when the generator set cools.

Refer to the troubleshooting charts in Sections 3 to further diagnose the cause of a fault shutdown.

#### **Control Resetting Procedure** 5.3.1 (Following Fault Shutdown)

Use the following procedure to restart the generator set after a fault shutdown.

- 1. Move either the generator set master switch or the remote switch to the STOP position.
- 2. Correct the cause of the fault shutdown. See the safety precautions at the beginning of this section before proceeding.
- 3. Start the generator set locally by moving the generator set master switch to the RUN position, or move the master switch to the AUTO position and start the generator set using the remote start switch. Run the generator set to verify that the cause of the shutdown has been corrected.
- 4. Move the generator set master switch to the STOP position to stop the generator set.
- 5. Move the generator set master switch to the AUTO position to return to standby operation.

Fault	Description	Fault Condition/Possible Cause
High engine temperature	Shuts down 5 seconds after the fault. When the engine cools, the fault clears and allows the generator set to be started without resetting the controller. The high engine temperature shutdown is inhibited (does not function) during the first 30 seconds after startup.	<ul> <li>Engine reaches shutdown temperature</li> <li>Very low oil level</li> <li>Air inlet or outlets blocked</li> <li>Cooling system malfunction</li> </ul>
Low oil pressure	Shuts down 5 seconds after the fault. The low oil pressure shutdown does not function during the first 30 seconds after startup.  Note: The low oil pressure shutdown does not protect against low oil level.	<ul> <li>Engine oil pressure drops below low oil pressure limit</li> <li>Very low oil level</li> </ul>
Overcrank	Shuts down after 70 seconds of cyclic cranking. The factory sets the circuit board for three starting attempts: crank 20 sec., rest 5 sec., crank 20 sec., rest 5 sec., crank 20 sec., overcrank fault.  Overcrank shutdown also occurs in the case of a locked rotor.	<ul> <li>Starting problem</li> <li>Locked rotor (two seconds without rotation or no AC speed sensor input)</li> </ul>
Overspeed	Shuts down immediately if the engine speed exceeds 3750 RPM.	<ul><li>Engine RPM exceeds 3750</li><li>Loss of speed (AC) sensing</li></ul>

Figure 5-5 Fault Shutdowns

# 5.4 Fault Shutdown Tests

Verify operation of the controller overspeed, overcrank, low coolant level, low oil pressure, and high engine temperature shutdowns by performing the following tests with the generator set running. Observe the LEDs on the controller circuit board during the tests. Refer to the service views in Section 1.4 for component locations.

Remove the generator set from the enclosure to gain access to the components in the following tests. See Section 4.1 for instructions to remove the generator set and run it using the service fixtures.

**Note:** If you run the generator set outside the enclosure, place the cover over the top of the generator to prevent contact with rotating parts. The cover has an opening in the center to allow cooling air flow.

Check the continuity of the wiring harness leads before replacing the control board. Refer to the wiring diagrams in Section 7 for the lead codes and connecting terminals.

If these tests are inconclusive, test the individual shutdown circuit components as described in Section 5.5.



Can cause severe injury or death.

Only authorized personnel should open the enclosure.

(600 volts and under)



Operate the generator set only when all guards and electrical enclosures are in place.

Servicing the generator set when it is operating. Exposed moving parts can cause severe injury or death. Keep hands, feet, hair, clothing, and test leads away from the belts and pulleys when the generator set is running. Replace

guards, screens, and covers before operating the generator

Short circuits. Hazardous voltage/current can cause severe injury or death. Short circuits can cause bodily injury and/or equipment damage. Do not contact electrical connections with tools or jewelry while making adjustments or repairs. Remove all jewelry before servicing the equipment.

#### 5.4.1 Low Oil Pressure (LOP) Shutdown

The low oil pressure (LOP) switch closes 5 seconds after the oil pressure drops below 5 psi, shutting down the generator set and lighting LED4. The low oil pressure shutdown does not function during the first 30 seconds after startup.

To test the operation of the LOP shutdown, connect a jumper wire from pin J4-13 of the controller-to-engine wiring harness to the generator set ground. Start the generator set. After approximately 35 seconds the generator set shuts down and the fault lamp lights. If the generator set does not shut down, replace the control board.

#### **High Engine Temperature (HET)** 5.4.2 Shutdown

The high engine temperature (HET) switch closes 5 seconds after the generator set temperature reaches 305°F, shutting down the generator set and lighting LED2 on the control board. The high engine temperature shutdown does not function during the first 30 seconds after startup.

To test the HET shutdown, connect a jumper from the HET switch (lead) to the generator set ground. Start the generator set. After approximately 35 seconds the generator set shuts down and the fault lamp lights. Five seconds after the jumper is removed, the fault lamp goes out and the generator set restarts. If the generator set does not shut down and restart as described, replace the control board.

#### 5.4.3 **Overcrank Shutdown**

The generator set shuts down and LED5 lights after approximately 70 seconds of cyclic cranking (three attempts to start). The manufacturer sets the circuit board for three cranking attempts: crank 20 seconds. rest 5 seconds, crank 20 seconds, rest 5 seconds, crank 20 seconds, shutdown. Use the following procedure to test the overcrank shutdown operation.

#### **Overcrank Shutdown Test Procedure**

- 1. Turn off the fuel supply to prevent flooding and remove the coil wire from the ignition module.
- 2. Move the generator set master switch to the RUN position.
- 3. Verify that the generator set shuts down and the fault lamp lights after the third crank/rest cycle.

#### 5.4.4 Overspeed Shutdown

The generator set shuts down and LED1 lights when the engine speed exceeds 3750 rpm.

Use the following procedure to test the operation of the overspeed shutdown.

# **Overspeed Shutdown Test Procedure**

Note: Do not increase the engine speed above 3950 rpm. Increasing the engine speed above 3950 rpm can raise the output voltage high enough to damage the generator and connected equipment.

- 1. Disconnect the load from the generator set.
- 2. Connect a tachometer to the engine spark plug lead to measure the engine speed during the test.

Note: If a tachometer is not available, connect a frequency meter across terminals C and E on the AC side of the voltage rectifier. Increase the engine speed as instructed in step 3. The generator set should shut down when the output frequency reaches 750 Hz. Do not exceed 790 Hz.

- 3. With the generator set running, carefully move the throttle linkage to increase the engine speed. Watch the tachometer and note the speed when the generator set shuts down.
- 4. Reset the controller by moving the master switch to the OFF position and then back to AUTO.

If the generator set does not shut down when the engine speed exceeds 3750 rpm, replace the control board.

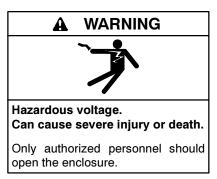
#### **Control Board Tests** 5.5

Use the troubleshooting procedures in Section 3 to diagnose generator set and engine problems. If the troubleshooting procedures indicate a problem with the controller circuit board, use the tests in this section to check the board.

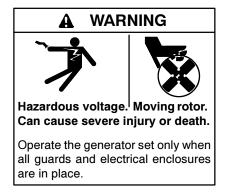
Refer to the wiring diagrams in Section 7 when troubleshooting the generator set control circuit board. Circuit board components cannot be repaired or replaced; if the troubleshooting process reveals a faulty component on the circuit board, replace the board.

Note: Use an ohmmeter or continuity tester to check for shorts or open leads in the wiring harnesses before replacing the controller circuit board or other system components.

Disconnect the generator system from the remote control system at plug P6 and use the generator set master switch to operate the generator set. If the generator set operates normally when P6 is disconnected, then the problem is with the remote control system. Refer to the manufacturer's instructions for the remote control system to troubleshoot the problem. If the problem persists after P6 is disconnected, use the troubleshooting procedures in this manual to diagnose the problem.



(600 volts and under)



Servicing the generator set when it is operating. Exposed moving parts can cause severe injury or death. Keep hands, feet, hair, clothing, and test leads away from the belts and pulleys when the generator set is running. Replace guards, screens, and covers before operating the generator set.

Short circuits. Hazardous voltage/current can cause severe injury or death. Short circuits can cause bodily injury and/or equipment damage. Do not contact electrical connections with tools or jewelry while making adjustments or repairs. Remove all jewelry before servicing the equipment.

#### **Fuel Control Circuit** 5.5.1

Move the generator set master switch to the START position and check for 12 VDC on pin P5-1 (lead 70) of the fuel valve connector. If the valve receives voltage but does not open, replace the valve.

If there is no voltage to the valve, check the battery voltage, battery connections, and ignition system (see Section 4.5). If the battery and ignition system function correctly but the fuel valve does not receive voltage, replace the controller circuit board.

#### 5.5.2 **Speed Sensing and Governor** (Throttle Control) Circuits

The controller monitors the AC voltage produced by the stator to sense and control the engine speed. If the engine speed varies erratically, test the governor operation as described in Section 4.4. If the tests show that the erratic operation is not caused by a faulty governor, replace the controller circuit board.

#### **Start Circuits** 5.5.3

Move the generator set master switch to the START or RUN position. If the engine does not crank, check the following components.

1. Check the battery voltage. Recharge or replace a weak or dead battery.

- 2. Check for 12 VDC to the starter motor. Also verify that the starter motor is grounded. See Section 7, Wiring Diagrams. If the starter motor is receiving voltage but not functioning, replace it. If there is no voltage to the starter motor, check the harness and connections and then proceed to step 3 to check the starter (crank) relay.
- 3. Check for 12 VDC to the crank relay. Section 7, Wiring Diagrams. If the crank relay is receiving voltage but not functioning, replace it. If there is no voltage to the crank relay, check the harness and connections.
- 4. Check for 12 VDC from the control board at P2-1. If there is no voltage, replace the controller circuit board.

#### **Ignition Circuits** 5.5.4

Move the generator set master switch to the START position. If the engine cranks but does not start, check for voltage from lead 70 to ground at terminal B on the ignition module and at the positive terminal of the ignition coil. If no voltage is present during cranking, replace the controller circuit board. If the ignition system is receiving 12 VDC, check the spark plug and test the other ignition system components.

Before disassembly, remove the generator set from any Refer to Section 2.3 for instructions. Disconnect the battery (negative [-] lead first), fuel line, exhaust system, remote start switch, load leads, and other wiring harnesses. In addition to the precautions included in the text, observe all safety precautions listed at the beginning of this manual during the disassembly/reassembly procedure.



Hazardous voltage. Can cause severe injury or death.

Only authorized personnel should open the enclosure.

(600 volts and under)

# WARNING



Accidental starting. Can cause severe injury or death.

Disconnect the battery cables before working on the generator set. Remove the negative (-) lead first when disconnecting the battery. Reconnect the negative (-) lead last when reconnecting the battery.

Disabling the generator set. Accidental starting can cause severe injury or death. Before working on the generator set or equipment connected to the set, disable the generator set as follows: (1) Place the generator set start/stop switch in the STOP position. (2) Disconnect the power to the battery charger, if equipped. (3) Remove the battery cables, negative (-) lead first. Reconnect the negative (-) lead last when reconnecting the battery. Follow these precautions to prevent the starting of the generator set by the remote start/stop switch.

### NOTICE

Hardware damage. The engine and generator set may use both American Standard and metric hardware. Use the correct size tools to prevent rounding of the bolt heads and nuts.

#### **Disassembly Procedure** 6.1

- 1. Follow the instructions in Section 2.3 to open the cabinet, disconnect the generator set, and remove it from the cabinet. See Figure 6-1
- 2. Set the generator set on the service fixture, aligning the generator set's mounting holes with the pins in the fixture.
- 3. Note the 3 stator lead connections to the voltage rectifier for reconnection later. Disconnect the stator leads from the voltage rectifier. Figure 6-2.



Figure 6-1 Generator Set Installed in the cabinet

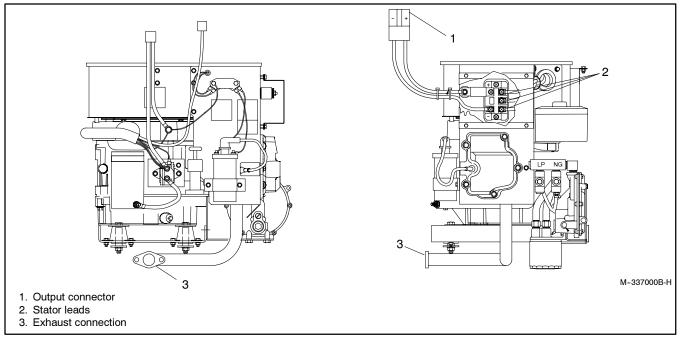


Figure 6-2 Generator Set

- 4. Disassemble the fan and alternator. See Figure 6-3 and Figure 6-4.
  - a. Remove 3 fan screws and remove the fan.
  - b. Remove the 4 socket head cap screws securing the stator to the engine adaptor.
  - c. Remove the stator, guiding the 3 stator leads through the opening in the shroud.
  - d. Remove the 3 screws securing the spacer and rotor to the flywheel. Remove the spacer and the rotor. See Figure 6-5.
- 5. Remove the flywheel, if necessary.
  - a. Remove the thrubolt and convex washer at the center of the flywheel taper. See Figure 6-4.
  - b. Pull the flywheel off the engine crankshaft.

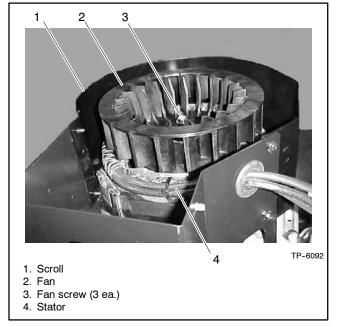


Figure 6-3 Alternator with Fan

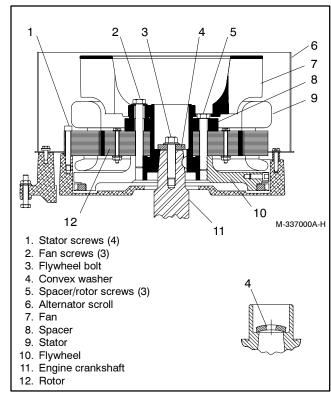
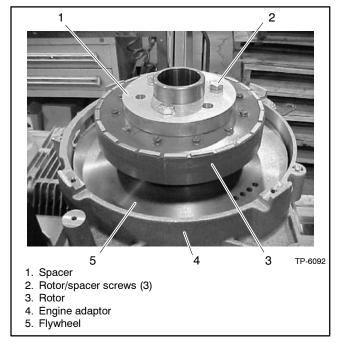


Figure 6-4 Alternator Assembly



**Figure 6-5** Rotor and Spacer (shroud and stator removed)

# 6.2 Reassembly Procedure

- 1. Install the flywheel, if it was removed.
  - a. Clean the engine crankshaft and flywheel taper with a dry cloth.
  - b. Slide the flywheel onto the engine crankshaft.
  - c. Install the M10-1.50 x 45 mm (1.772 in.) thrubolt and convex washer. Install the washer with the convex side up, as shown in Figure 6-4.
  - d. Use a torque wrench to tighten the thrubolt to 67 Nm (49.4 ft. lb.).
- 2. Reassemble the alternator. See Figure 6-4.
  - a. Slide the rotor over the flywheel taper, aligning the bolt holes in the rotor and the flywheel.
  - Place the spacer on the rotor, aligning the bolt holes.
  - c. Use three 63.5 mm (3/8-16 x 2.5 in.) hex head screws to secure the spacer and rotor to the flywheel. See Figure 6-5. Do not tighten the screws.
  - d. Place the stator in position as shown in Figure 6-6. Feed the stator leads through the opening in the alternator scroll.

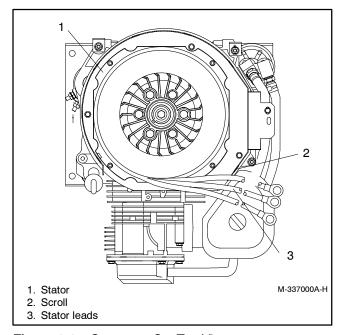


Figure 6-6 Generator Set Top View

- e. Use four 44.5 mm (1/4-20 x 1.75 in.) socket head cap screws to secure the stator to the alternator adaptor. Do not tighten the screws.
- f. Use a 0.25 mm (0.010 in.) feeler gauge to check the gap between the rotor and stator at several places. Adjust the stator position so that the gap is even all around. Use a torque wrench to tighten the rotor screws to 38 Nm (28.0 ft. lb.). Tighten the stator screws to 11 Nm (8.1 ft. lb.) and verify that the gap is 0.25 mm (0.010 in.) all around.

#### 3. Install the fan.

- a. Place the fan on the spacer, aligning the bolt holes with the 3 unused holes in the spacer, rotor, and flywheel.
- b. Use three 82.5 mm (3/8-16 x 3.25 in.) hex head screws and washers to secure the fan. Use a torque wrench to tighten the screws to 25 Nm (18.4 ft. lb.).
- 4. Connect the stator leads to the voltage rectifier. Tighten the voltage rectifier terminal screws to 5 Nm (44 in. lb.).
- 5. Follow the instructions in Section 2.3 to install the generator set in the cabinet.

- 6. Reconnect the generator set components.
  - a. Reconnect the exhaust pipes at the lower left side of the generator set.
  - b. Reconnect the fuel line.
  - c. Reconnect the wiring harnesses.
  - d. Reconnect the engine starting battery, negative (-) lead last.

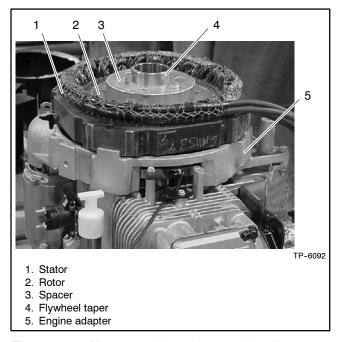


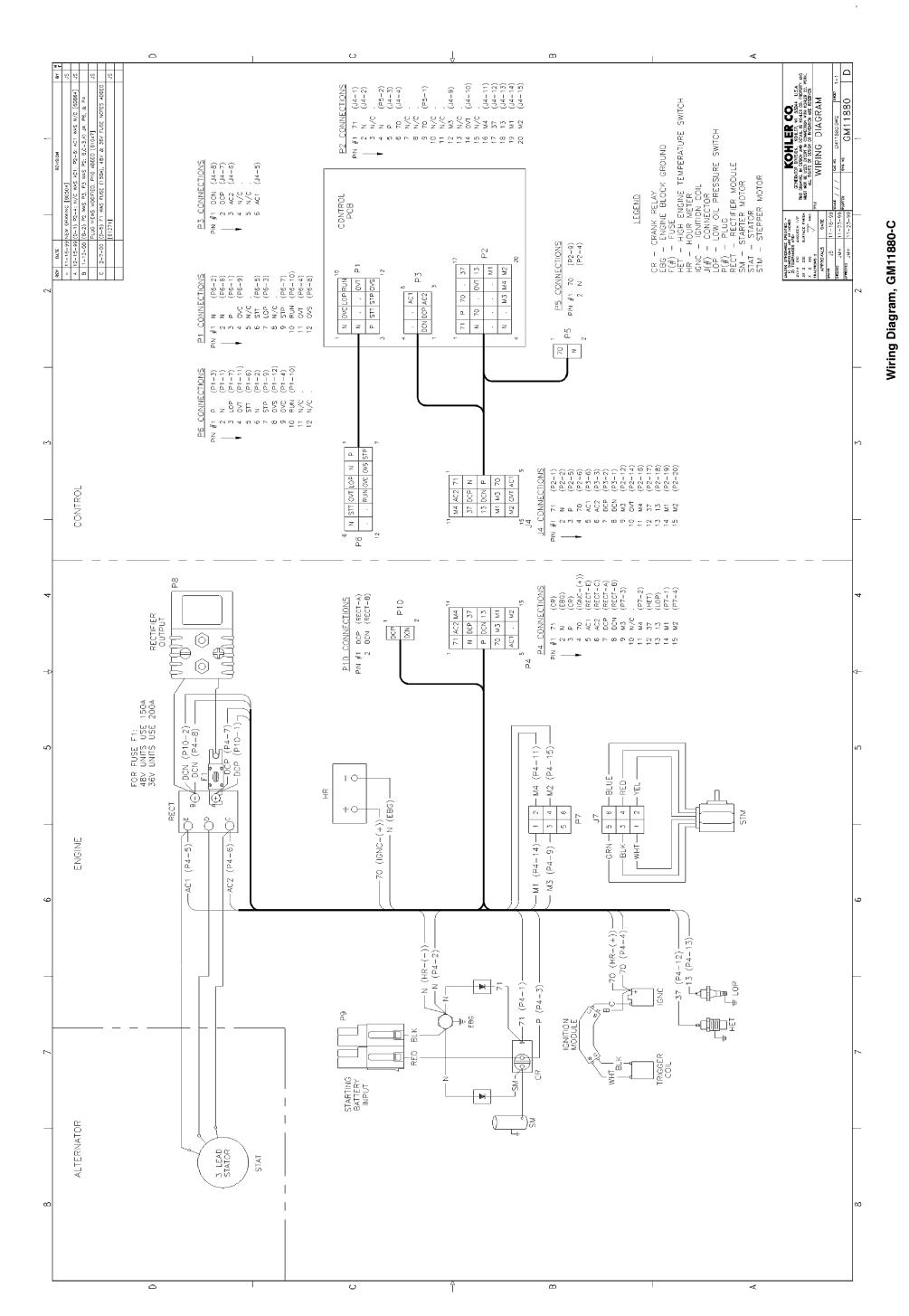
Figure 6-7 Alternator (shroud removed to show components)

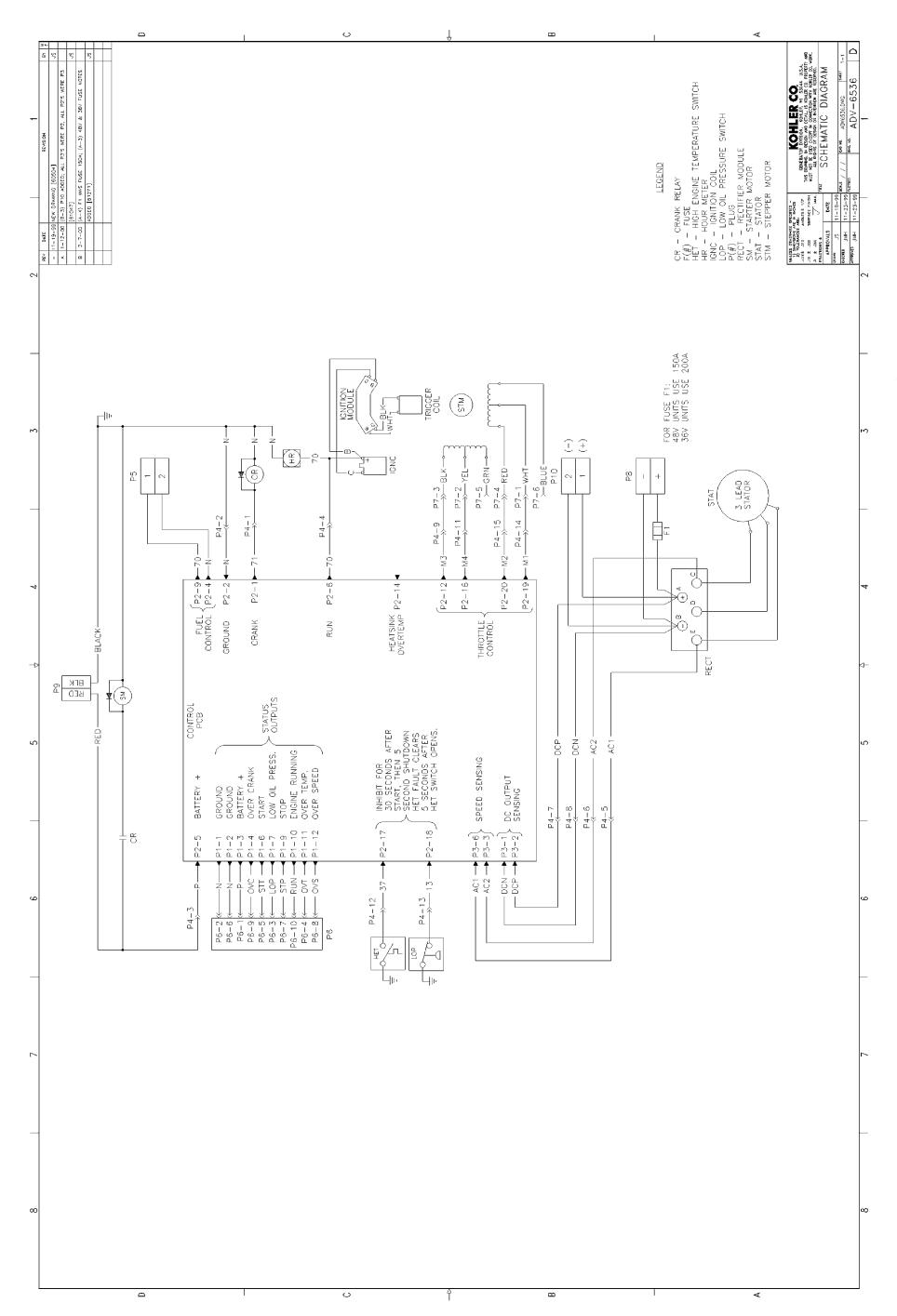
# **Section 7 Wiring Diagrams**

Specification Numbers	Drawing Description	Drawing Number	Page
PA-195023, PA-195027	Wiring Diagram	GM11880-C	53
	Schematic	ADV-6536-B	54
GM14140-GA1, GM14140-GA2, GM14140-GA3, GM14140-GA4, GM14140-GA5, GM14140-GA6	Wiring Diagram	GM14258	55

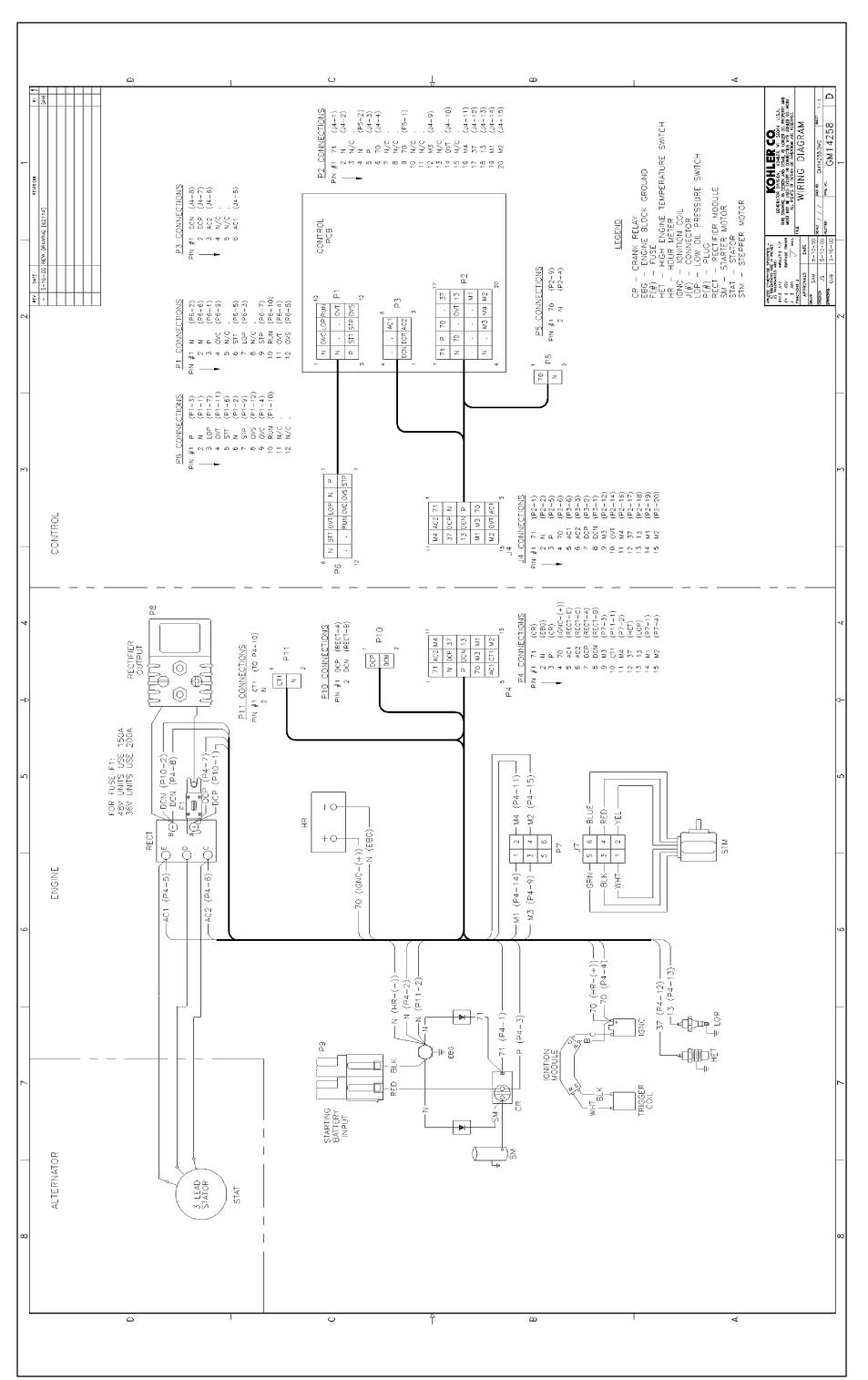
# **Notes**

52 Section 7 Wiring Diagrams TP-6092 3/02





Schematic Diagram, ADV-6536-B



Wiring Diagram, GM14258

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The following list contains abbreviations that may appear in this publication.

THE IOII	owing list contains appreviation	is that ma	y appear in this publication.		
A, amp	ampere	cfm	cubic feet per minute	exh.	exhaust
ABDC	after bottom dead center	CG	center of gravity	ext.	external
AC	alternating current	CID	cubic inch displacement	F	Fahrenheit, female
A/D	analog to digital	CL	centerline	fglass.	fiberglass
ADC	analog to digital converter	cm	centimeter	ĔНМ	flat head machine (screw)
adj.	adjust, adjustment	CMOS	complementary metal oxide	fl. oz.	fluid ounce
AĎV	advertising dimensional		substrate (semiconductor)	flex.	flexible
	drawing	cogen.	cogeneration	freq.	frequency
AHWT	anticipatory high water	com	communications (port)	FS	full scale
	temperature	coml	commercial	ft.	foot, feet
AISI	American Iron and Steel	Coml/Rec	Commercial/Recreational	ft. lbs.	foot pounds (torque)
	Institute	conn.	connection	ft./min.	feet per minute
ALOP	anticipatory low oil pressure	cont.	continued	g	gram
alt.	alternator	CPVC	chlorinated polyvinyl chloride	ga.	gauge (meters, wire size)
Al	aluminum	crit.	critical	gal.	gallon
ANSI	American National Standards	CRT	cathode ray tube	gen.	generator
	Institute (formerly American Standards	CSA	Canadian Standards	genset	generator set
	Association, ASA)		Association	GFI	ground fault interrupter
AO	anticipatory only	CT	current transformer	_	
API	American Petroleum Institute	Cu	copper	GND, 🚇	ground
approx.	approximate, approximately	cu. in.	cubic inch	gov.	governor
AR	as required, as requested	CW.	clockwise	gph	gallons per hour
AS	as supplied, as stated, as	CWC	city water-cooled	gpm	gallons per minute
70	suggested	cyl.	cylinder	gr.	grade, gross
ASE	American Society of Engineers	D/A	digital to analog	GRD	equipment ground
ASME	American Society of	DAC	digital to analog converter	gr. wt.	gross weight
, .o	Mechanical Engineers	dB	decibel	$H \times W \times D$	height by width by depth
assy.	assembly	dBA	decibel (A weighted)	HC	hex cap
ASŤM	American Society for Testing	DC	direct current	HCHT	high cylinder head temperature
	Materials	DCR	direct current resistance	HD	heavy duty
ATDC	after top dead center	deg., °	degree	HET	high exhaust temperature,
ATS	automatic transfer switch	deg., dept.	department		high engine temperature
auto.	automatic		diameter	hex	hexagon
aux.	auxiliary	dia.		Hg	mercury (element)
A/V	audiovisual	DI/EO	dual inlet/end outlet	HH	hex head
avg.	average	DIN	Deutsches Institut fur Normung e. V.	HHC	hex head cap
AVR	automatic voltage regulator		(also Deutsche Industrie	HP	horsepower
AWG	American Wire Gauge		Normenausschuss)	hr.	hour
AWM	appliance wiring material	DIP	dual inline package	HS	heat shrink
bat.	battery	DPDT	double-pole, double-throw	hsg.	housing
BBDC	before bottom dead center	DPST	double-pole, single-throw	HVAC	heating, ventilation, and air
BC	battery charger, battery	DS	disconnect switch		conditioning
ьо	charging	DVR	digital voltage regulator	HWT	high water temperature
BCA	battery charging alternator	E, emer.	emergency (power source)	Hz	hertz (cycles per second)
BCI	Battery Council International	EDI	electronic data interchange	IC	integrated circuit
BDC	before dead center	EFR	emergency frequency relay	ID	inside diameter, identification
BHP	brake horsepower		for example (exempli gratia)	IEC	International Electrotechnical
blk.	black (paint color), block	e.g. EG	electronic governor	0	Commission
DIK.	(engine)	EGSA	Electrical Generating Systems	IEEE	Institute of Electrical and
blk. htr.	block heater	LGGA	Association		Electronics Engineers
BMEP	brake mean effective pressure	EIA	Electronic Industries	IMS	improved motor starting
bps	bits per second	_,, ,	Association	in.	inch
bps br.	brass	EI/EO	end inlet/end outlet	in. H <sub>2</sub> O	inches of water
BTDC	before top dead center	EMI	electromagnetic interference	in. Hg	inches of mercury
	British thermal unit	emiss.	emission	in. lbs.	inch pounds
Btu/min		eng.	engine	Inc.	incorporated
Btu/min.	British thermal units per minute	EPA	Environmental Protection	ind.	industrial
C	Celsius, centigrade	L1 / \	Agency	int.	internal
cal.	calorie	EPS	emergency power system	int./ext.	internal/external
CARB	California Air Resources Board	ER	emergency relay	I/O	input/output
CB	circuit breaker	ES	engineering special,	IP	iron pipe
CC	cubic centimeter	_0	engineering special,	ISO	International Organization for
CCA	cold cranking amps	ESD	electrostatic discharge	130	Standardization
CCW.	counterclockwise	est.	estimated	J	ioule
CEC	Canadian Electrical Code	E-Stop	emergency stop	JIS	Japanese Industry Standard
cert.	certificate, certification, certified	etc.	et cetera (and so forth)	0.0	Capanooo maaday Otanaara
cfh	cubic feet per hour	2.0.			

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k	kilo (1000)	MTBF	mean time between failure	RHM	round head machine (screw)
K	kelvin	MTBO	mean time between overhauls	rly.	relay
kA	kiloampere	mtg.	mounting	rms	root mean square
KB	kilobyte (2 <sup>10</sup> bytes)	MW	megawatt	rnd.	round
kg	kilogram	mW	milliwatt	ROM	read only memory
kg/cm <sup>2</sup>	kilograms per square	μF	microfarad	rot.	rotate, rotating
	centimeter	N, norm.	normal (power source)	rpm	revolutions per minute
kgm	kilogram-meter	NA	not available, not applicable	RS	right side
kg/m <sup>3</sup>	kilograms per cubic meter	nat. gas	natural gas	RTV	room temperature vulcanizatio
kHz	kilohertz	NBS	National Bureau of Standards	SAE	Society of Automotive
kJ	kilojoule	NC	normally closed		Engineers
km	kilometer	NEC	National Electrical Code	scfm	standard cubic feet per minute
kOhm, k $\Omega$	kilo-ohm	NEMA	National Electrical	SCR	silicon controlled rectifier
kPa	kilopascal		Manufacturers Association	s, sec.	second
kph	kilometers per hour	NFPA	National Fire Protection	SI	Systeme international d'unites,
kV	kilovolt		Association		International System of Units
kVA	kilovolt ampere	Nm	newton meter	SI/EO	side in/end out
kVAR	kilovolt ampere reactive	NO	normally open	sil.	silencer
kW	kilowatt	no., nos.	number, numbers	SN	serial number
kWh	kilowatt-hour	NPS	National Pipe, Straight	SPDT	single-pole, double-throw
kWm	kilowatt mechanical	NPSC	National Pipe, Straight-coupling	SPST	single-pole, single-throw
L	liter	NPT	National Standard taper pipe	spec, spe	ecs
- LAN	local area network		thread per general use		specification(s)
	length by width by height	NPTF	National Pipe, Taper-Fine	sq.	square
lb.	pound, pounds	NR	not required, normal relay	sq. cm	square centimeter
lbm/ft <sup>3</sup>	pounds mass per cubic feet	ns	nanosecond	sq. in.	square inch
LCB	line circuit breaker	OC	overcrank	SS	stainless steel
LCD	liquid crystal display	OD	outside diameter	std.	standard
ld. shd.	load shed	OEM	original equipment	stl.	steel
LED	light emitting diode		manufacturer	tach.	tachometer
	0	OF	overfrequency	TD	time delay
Lph	liters per hour	opt.	option, optional	TDC	top dead center
Lpm	liters per minute	os	oversize, overspeed	TDEC	time delay engine cooldown
LOP	low oil pressure	OSHA	Occupational Safety and Health	TDEN	time delay emergency to
LP	liquefied petroleum		Administration		normal
LPG	liquefied petroleum gas	OV	overvoltage	TDES	time delay engine start
LS	left side	OZ.	ounce	TDNE	time delay normal to
L <sub>wa</sub>	sound power level, A weighted	p., pp.	page, pages		emergency
LWL	low water level	PC	personal computer	TDOE	time delay off to emergency
LWT	low water temperature	PCB	printed circuit board	TDON	time delay off to normal
m	meter, milli (1/1000)	pF	picofarad	temp.	temperature
M	mega (10 <sup>6</sup> when used with SI	PF	power factor	term.	terminal
2	units), male	ph., ∅	phase	TIF	telephone influence factor
m <sup>3</sup>	cubic meter	PHC	Phillips head crimptite (screw)	TIR	total indicator reading
m³/min.	cubic meters per minute	PHH	Phillips hex head (screw)	tol.	tolerance
mA	milliampere	PHM	pan head machine (screw)	turbo.	turbocharger
man.	manual	PLC	programmable logic control	typ.	typical (same in multiple
max.	maximum	PMG	permanent-magnet generator	., .	locations)
MB	megabyte (2 <sup>20</sup> bytes)	pot	potentiometer, potential	UF	underfrequency
MCM	one thousand circular mils	ppm	parts per million	UHF	ultrahigh frequency
MCCB	molded-case circuit breaker	PROM	programmable read-only	UL	Underwriter's Laboratories, Inc
meggar	megohmmeter	THOW	memory	UNC	unified coarse thread (was NC)
MHz	megahertz	psi	pounds per square inch	UNF	unified fine thread (was NF)
mi.	mile	pt.	pint	univ.	universal
mil	one one-thousandth of an inch	PTC	positive temperature coefficient	US	undersize, underspeed
min.	minimum, minute	PTO	positive temperature coefficient power takeoff	UV	
111111.	miscellaneous	PVC	polyvinyl chloride	V	ultraviolet, undervoltage volt
		FVC			
misc.				VAC	volts alternating current
misc. MJ	megajoule	qt.	quart, quarts		
misc. MJ mJ	megajoule millijoule	qty.	quantity	VAR	voltampere reactive
misc. MJ mJ mm	megajoule millijoule millimeter		quantity replacement (emergency)	VAR VDC	voltampere reactive volts direct current
misc. MJ mJ mm	megajoule millijoule millimeter 2	qty. R	quantity replacement (emergency) power source	VAR VDC VFD	voltampere reactive volts direct current vacuum fluorescent display
misc. MJ mJ mm mOhm, m§	megajoule millijoule millimeter 2 milliohm	qty. R rad.	quantity replacement (emergency) power source radiator, radius	VAR VDC VFD VGA	voltampere reactive volts direct current vacuum fluorescent display video graphics adapter
misc. MJ mJ mm mOhm, m§	megajoule millijoule millimeter Ω milliohm Ω	qty. R rad. RAM	quantity replacement (emergency) power source radiator, radius random access memory	VAR VDC VFD VGA VHF	voltampere reactive volts direct current vacuum fluorescent display video graphics adapter very high frequency
misc. MJ mJ mm mOhm, m§	megajoule millijoule millimeter Ω milliohm Ω megohm	qty. R rad. RAM RDO	quantity replacement (emergency) power source radiator, radius random access memory relay driver output	VAR VDC VFD VGA VHF W	voltampere reactive volts direct current vacuum fluorescent display video graphics adapter
misc. MJ mJ mm mOhm, ms MOhm, Ms	megajoule millijoule millimeter Ω milliohm Ω megohm metal oxide varistor	rad. RAM RAM RDO ref.	quantity replacement (emergency) power source radiator, radius random access memory relay driver output reference	VAR VDC VFD VGA VHF	voltampere reactive volts direct current vacuum fluorescent display video graphics adapter very high frequency
misc. MJ mJ mm mOhm, ms MOhm, Ms MOV MPa	megajoule millijoule millimeter Ω milliohm Ω megohm metal oxide varistor megapascal	qty. R rad. RAM RDO ref. rem.	quantity replacement (emergency) power source radiator, radius random access memory relay driver output reference remote	VAR VDC VFD VGA VHF W	voltampere reactive volts direct current vacuum fluorescent display video graphics adapter very high frequency watt
misc. MJ mJ mm mOhm, ms MOhm, Ms MOV MPa mpg	megajoule millijoule millimeter Ω milliohm Ω megohm metal oxide varistor megapascal miles per gallon	qty. R rad. RAM RDO ref. rem. Res/Coml	quantity replacement (emergency) power source radiator, radius random access memory relay driver output reference remote Residential/Commercial	VAR VDC VFD VGA VHF W WCR	voltampere reactive volts direct current vacuum fluorescent display video graphics adapter very high frequency watt withstand and closing rating
misc. MJ mJ mm mOhm, ms MOhm, Ms MOV MPa	megajoule millijoule millimeter Ω milliohm Ω megohm metal oxide varistor megapascal	qty. R rad. RAM RDO ref. rem.	quantity replacement (emergency) power source radiator, radius random access memory relay driver output reference remote	VAR VDC VFD VGA VHF W WCR w/	voltampere reactive volts direct current vacuum fluorescent display video graphics adapter very high frequency watt withstand and closing rating with

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# **Appendix B Common Hardware Application Guidelines**

Use the information below and on the following pages to identify proper fastening techniques when no specific reference for reassembly is made.

Bolt/Screw Length: When bolt/screw length is not given, use Figure 1 as a guide. As a general rule, a minimum length of one thread beyond the nut and a maximum length of 1/2 the bolt/screw diameter beyond the nut is the preferred method.

Washers and Nuts: Use split lock washers as a bolt locking device where specified. Use SAE flat washers with whiz nuts, spiralock nuts, or standard nuts and preloading (torque) of the bolt in all other applications.

See Appendix C, General Torque Specifications, and other torque specifications in the service literature.

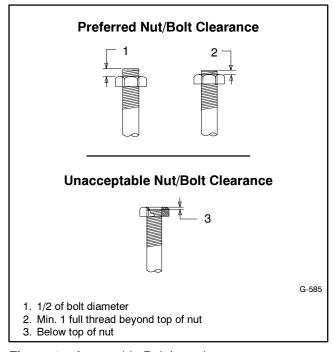


Figure 1 Acceptable Bolt Lengths

Steps for common hardware application:

- 1. Determine entry hole type: round or slotted.
- 2. Determine exit hole type: fixed female thread (weld nut), round, or slotted.

For round and slotted exit holes, determine if hardware is greater than 1/2 inch in diameter, or 1/2 inch in diameter or less. Hardware that is *greater than 1/2 inch* in diameter takes a standard nut and SAE washer. Hardware 1/2 inch or less in diameter can take a properly torqued whiz nut or spiralock nut. See Figure 2.

- 3. Follow these SAE washer rules after determining exit hole type:
  - a. Always use a washer between hardware and a slot.
  - b. Always use a washer under a nut (see 2 above for exception).
  - c. Use a washer under a bolt when the female thread is fixed (weld nut).
- 4. Refer to Figure 2, which depicts the preceding hardware configuration possibilities.

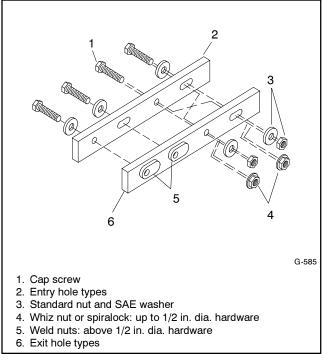


Figure 2 Acceptable Hardware Combinations

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# **Appendix C General Torque Specifications**

Use the following torque specifications when service literature instructions give no specific torque values. The charts list values for new plated, zinc phosphate, or

oiled threads. Increase values by 15% for nonplated threads. All torque values are +0%/-10%.

	American Standard Fasteners Torque Specifications						
	Torque	Assemb	Assembled into				
Size	Measurement	Grade 2	Grade 5	Grade 8	Grade 2 or 5		
8-32	Nm (in. lb.)	1.8 (16)	2.3 (20)	_	1.8 (16)		
10-24	Nm (in. lb.)	2.9 (26)	3.6 (32)	_	2.9 (26)		
10-32	Nm (in. lb.)	2.9 (26)	3.6 (32)	_	2.9 (26)		
1/4-20	Nm (in. lb.)	6.8 (60)	10.8 (96)	14.9 (132)	6.8 (60)		
1/4-28	Nm (in. lb.)	8.1 (72)	12.2 (108)	16.3 (144)	8.1 (72)		
5/16-18	Nm (in. lb.)	13.6 (120)	21.7 (192)	29.8 (264)	13.6 (120)		
5/16-24	Nm (in. lb.)	14.9 (132)	23.1 (204)	32.5 (288)	14.9 (132)		
3/8-16	Nm (ft. lb.)	24.0 (18)	38.0 (28)	53.0 (39)	24.0 (18)		
3/8-24	Nm (ft. lb.)	27.0 (20)	42.0 (31)	60.0 (44)	27.0 (20)		
7/16-14	Nm (ft. lb.)	39.0 (29)	60.0 (44)	85.0 (63)	_		
7/16-20	Nm (ft. lb.)	43.0 (32)	68.0 (50)	95.0 (70)	_		
1/2-13	Nm (ft. lb.)	60.0 (44)	92.0 (68)	130.0 (96)	_		
1/2-20	Nm (ft. lb.)	66.0 (49)	103.0 (76)	146.0 (108)	_		
9/16-12	Nm (ft. lb.)	81.0 (60)	133.0 (98)	187.0 (138)	_		
9/16-18	Nm (ft. lb.)	91.0 (67)	148.0 (109)	209.0 (154)	_		
5/8-11	Nm (ft. lb.)	113.0 (83)	183.0 (135)	259.0 (191)	_		
5/8-18	Nm (ft. lb.)	128.0 (94)	208.0 (153)	293.0 (216)	_		
3/4-10	Nm (ft. lb.)	199.0 (147)	325.0 (240)	458.0 (338)			
3/4-16	Nm (ft. lb.)	222.0 (164)	363.0 (268)	513.0 (378)			
1-8	Nm (ft. lb.)	259.0 (191)	721.0 (532)	1109.0 (818)	_		
1-12	Nm (ft. lb.)	283.0 (209)	789.0 (582)	1214.0 (895)			

Metric Fasteners Torque Specifications, Measured in Nm (ft. lb.)						
	Assembled into					
Size (mm)	Grade 5.8	Grade 8.8	Grade 10.9	Grade 5.8 or 8.8		
M6 x 1.00	5.6 (4)	9.9 (7)	14.0 (10)	5.6 (4)		
M8 x 1.25	13.6 (10)	25.0 (18)	35.0 (26)	13.6 (10)		
M8 x 1.00	21.0 (16)	25.0 (18)	35.0 (26)	21.0 (16)		
M10 x 1.50	27.0 (20)	49.0 (35)	68.0 (50)	27.0 (20)		
M10 x 1.25	39.0 (29)	49.0 (35)	68.0 (50)	39.0 (29)		
M12 x 1.75	47.0 (35)	83.0 (61)	117.0 (86)	_		
M12 x 1.50	65.0 (48)	88.0 (65)	125.0 (92)	_		
M14 x 2.00	74.0 (55)	132.0 (97)	185.0 (136)	_		
M14 x 1.50	100.0 (74)	140.0 (103)	192.0 (142)	_		
M16 x 2.00	115.0 (85)	200.0 (148)	285.0 (210)	_		
M16 x 1.50	141.0 (104)	210.0 (155)	295.0 (218)	_		
M18 x 2.50	155.0 (114)	275.0 (203)	390.0 (288)	_		
M18 x 1.50	196.0 (145)	305.0 (225)	425.0 (315)	_		

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# **Appendix D Common Hardware Identification**

Screw/Bolts/Studs						
Head Styles						
Hex Head or Machine Head						
Hex Head or Machine Head with Washer						
Flat Head (FHM)						
Round Head (RHM)						
Pan Head						
Hex Socket Head Cap or Allen™ Head Cap	<b>O</b>					
Hex Socket Head or Allen™ Head Shoulder Bolt	0					
Sheet Metal Screw						
Stud						
Drive Styles						
Hex						
Hex and Slotted						
Phillips®	4					
Slotted	0					
Hex Socket						

Nuts			
Nut Styles			
Hex Head			
Lock or Elastic			
Square			
Cap or Acorn			
Wing	8		
Washers			
Washer Styles			
Plain			
Split Lock or Spring	Q		
Spring or Wave			
External Tooth Lock			
Internal Tooth Lock			
Internal-External Tooth Lock			

Hardness Grades	
American Standard	
Grade 2	$\bigcirc$
Grade 5	
Grade 8	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\
Grade 8/9 (Hex Socket Head)	
Metric	
Number stamped on hardware; 5.8 shown	5.8

Allen™ head screw is a trademark of Holo-Krome Co.

Phillips® screw is a registered trademark of Phillips Screw Company.

## **Sample Dimensions**

#### American Standard (Screws, Bolts, Studs, and Nuts) **Plain Washers** <u>1/4</u>-<u>20</u> x <u>1</u> Length In Inches (Screws and Bolts) Threads Per Inch **External Dimension** Major Thread Diameter In Fractional Inches Or Screw Number Size - Internal Dimension Metric (Screws, Bolts, Studs, and Nuts) **Lock Washers** M8-1.25 x 20 Length In Millimeters (Screws and Bolts) 5/8 Distance Between Threads In Millimeters Internal Dimension Major Thread Diameter In Millimeters

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# **Appendix E Common Hardware List**

The Common Hardware List lists part numbers and dimensions for common hardware items.

# **American Standard**

Date	Standard	D. IN.	<b>D</b>	D. 111	<b>D</b> .	_
Part No.	Dimensions	Part No.	Dimensions	Part No.	Dimensions	Туре
Hex Head E	Bolts (Grade 5)	Hex Head I	Bolts, cont.	Hex Nuts	i	
X-465-17 X-465-6	1/4-20 x .38 1/4-20 x .50	X-6024-5 X-6024-2	7/16-14 x .75 7/16-14 x 1.00	X-6009-1	1-8	Standard
X-465-6 X-465-2	1/4-20 x .50 1/4-20 x .62	X-6024-2 X-6024-8	7/16-14 x 1.00 7/16-14 x 1.25	X-6210-3	6-32	Whiz
X-465-16	1/4-20 x .75	X-6024-3	7/16-14 x 1.50	X-6210-4	8-32	Whiz
X-465-18	1/4-20 x .88	X-6024-4	7/16-14 x 2.00	X-6210-5	10-24	Whiz
X-465-7 X-465-8	1/4-20 x 1.00 1/4-20 x 1.25	X-6024-11 X-6024-12	7/16-14 x 2.75	X-6210-1	10-32	Whiz
X-465-9	1/4-20 x 1.25 1/4-20 x 1.50		7/16-14 x 6.50	X-6210-2	1/4-20	Spiralock
X-465-10	1/4-20 x 1.75	X-129-15 X-129-17	1/2-13 x .75 1/2-13 x 1.00	X-6210-6	1/4-28	Spiralock
X-465-11	1/4-20 x 2.00	X-129-17 X-129-18	1/2-13 x 1.00 1/2-13 x 1.25	X-6210-7	5/16-18	Spiralock
X-465-12 X-465-14	1/4-20 x 2.25	X-129-19	1/2-13 x 1.50	X-6210-8 X-6210-9	5/16-24 3/8-16	Spiralock Spiralock
X-465-14 X-465-21	1/4-20 x 2.75 1/4-20 x 5.00	X-129-20	1/2-13 x 1.75	X-6210-10	3/8-24	Spiralock
X-465-25	1/4-28 x .38	X-129-21 X-129-22	1/2-13 x 2.00 1/2-13 x 2.25	X-6210-11	7/16-14	Spiralock
X-465-20	1/4-28 x 1.00	X-129-22 X-129-23	1/2-13 x 2.23 1/2-13 x 2.50	X-6210-12	1/2-13	Spiralock
X-125-33	5/16-18 x .50	X-129-24	1/2-13 x 2.75	X-6210-15	7/16-20	Spiralock
X-125-23	5/16-18 x .62	X-129-25	1/2-13 x 3.00	X-6210-14	1/2-20	Spiralock
X-125-3 X-125-31	5/16-18 x .75 5/16-18 x .88	X-129-27 X-129-29	1/2-13 x 3.50 1/2-13 x 4.00	X-85-3	5/8-11	Standard
X-125-51 X-125-5	5/16-18 x 1.00	X-129-29 X-129-30	1/2-13 x 4.00 1/2-13 x 4.50	X-88-12	3/4-10	Standard
X-125-24	5/16-18 x 1.25	X-463-9	1/2-13 x 5.50	X-89-2	1/2-20	Standard
X-125-34	5/16-18 x 1.50	X-129-44	1/2-13 x 6.00			
X-125-25 X-125-26	5/16-18 x 1.75	X-129-51	1/2-20 x .75	Washers		
230578	5/16-18 x 2.00 5/16-18 x 2.25	X-129-45	1/2-20 x 1.25			Bolt/
X-125-29	5/16-18 x 2.50	X-129-52	1/2-20 x 1.50	Part No.	ID OD	Thick. Screw
X-125-27	5/16-18 x 2.75	X-6021-3	5/8-11 x 1.00	X-25-46	.125 .250	.022 #4
X-125-28 X-125-22	5/16-18 x 3.00 5/16-18 x 4.50	X-6021-4 X-6021-2	5/8-11 x 1.25 5/8-11 x 1.50	X-25-9	.156 .375	.049 #6
X-125-22 X-125-32	5/16-18 x 5.00	X-6021-1	5/8-11 x 1.75	X-25-48	.188 .438	.049 #8
X-125-35	5/16-18 x 5.50	273049	5/8-11 x 2.00	X-25-36	.219 .500	.049 #10
X-125-36	5/16-18 x 6.00	X-6021-5	5/8-11 x 2.25	X-25-40 X-25-85	.281 .625 .344 .687	.065 1/4 .065 5/16
X-125-40	5/16-18 x 6.50	X-6021-6 X-6021-7	5/8-11 x 2.50 5/8-11 x 2.75	X-25-37	.406 .812	.065 3/8
X-125-43	5/16-24 x 1.75	X-6021-12	5/8-11 x 3.75	X-25-34	.469 .922	.065 7/16
X-125-44 X-125-30	5/16-24 x 2.50 5/16-24 x .75	X-6021-11	5/8-11 x 4.50	X-25-26	.531 1.062	.095 1/2
X-125-39	5/16-24 x 2.00	X-6021-10	5/8-11 x 6.00	X-25-15	.656 1.312	.095 5/8
X-125-38	5/16-24 x 2.75	X-6021-9	5/8-18 x 2.50	X-25-29 X-25-127	.812 1.469 1.062 2.000	.134 3/4 .134 1
X-6238-2	3/8-16 x .62	X-6239-1	3/4-10 x 1.00	7. 20 . 2.		
X-6238-10	3/8-16 x .75	X-6239-8	3/4-10 x 1.25			
X-6238-3 X-6238-11	3/8-16 x .88 3/8-16 x 1.00	X-6239-2 X-6239-3	3/4-10 x 1.50 3/4-10 x 2.00			
X-6238-4	3/8-16 x 1.25	X-6239-4	3/4-10 x 2.50			
X-6238-5	3/8-16 x 1.50	X-6239-5	3/4-10 x 3.00			
X-6238-1	3/8-16 x 1.75	X-6239-6	3/4-10 x 3.50			
X-6238-6 Y-6238-17	3/8-16 x 2.00	X-792-1	1-8 x 2.25			
X-6238-17 X-6238-7	3/8-16 x 2.25 3/8-16 x 2.50	X-792-5 X-792-8	1-8 x 3.00 1-8 x 5.00			
X-6238-8	3/8-16 x 2.75	X-132-0	1-6 × 5.00			
X-6238-9	3/8-16 x 3.00					
X-6238-19 X-6238-12	3/8-16 x 3.25 3/8-16 x 3.50					
X-6238-20	3/8-16 x 3.75					
X-6238-13	3/8-16 x 4.50					
X-6238-18	3/8-16 x 5.50					
X-6238-25	3/8-16 x 6.50					
X-6238-14	3/8-24 x .75					
X-6238-16 X-6238-21	3/8-24 x 1.25 3/8-24 x 4.00					
X-6238-22	3/8-24 x 4.50					

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# Metric

Hex head bolts are hardness grade 8.8 unless noted.

Part No.	Dimensions	Part No.	Dimensions	Part No.	Dimen	sions	Тур	е
Hex Head Bolts	s (partial thread)	<b>Hex Head Bolts</b>	(full thread)	<b>Hex Nuts</b>				
M931-05055-60	M5-0.80 x 55	M933-04006-60	M4-0.70 x 6	M934-03-50	M3-	0.50	Stand	ard
M931-06040-60	M6-1.00 x 40	M933-05035-60	M5-0.80 x 35	M934-035-50	M3.	5-0.50	Stand	ard
M931-06055-60	M6-1.00 x 55	M933-05050-60	M5-0.80 x 50	M934-04-50	M4-	0.70	Stand	ard
M931-06060-60 M931-06070-60	M6-1.00 x 60 M6-1.00 x 70	M933-06010-60	M6-1.00 x 10	M934-05-50	M5-		Stand	
M931-06070-8S	M6-1.00 x 70	M933-06014-60	M6-1.00 x 14	M982-05-80	M5-			c Stop
M931-06075-60	M6-1.00 x 75	M933-06016-60 M933-06020-60	M6-1.00 x 16 M6-1.00 x 20	M934-06-60	M6-	1.00	Stand	•
M931-06090-60	M6-1.00 x 90	M933-06025-60	M6-1.00 x 25	M934-06-64	M6-		Std. (	green)
M931-06150-60	M6-1.00 x 150	M933-06040-60	M6-1.00 x 40	M6923-06-80			Spiral	
M931-08035-60	M8-1.25 x 35	M933-06050-60	M6-1.00 x 50	M982-06-80	M6-			c Stop
M931-08040-60 M931-08040-82	M8-1.25 x 40 M8-1.25 x 40*	M933-08012-60	M8-1.25 x 12	M934-08-60	-8M		Stand	
M931-08045-60	M8-1.25 x 45	M933-08016-60 M933-08020-60	M8-1.25 x 16 M8-1.25 x 20	M6923-08-80 M982-08-80		1.25 1.25	Spiral Flasti	ock c Stop
M931-08050-60	M8-1.25 x 50	M933-08025-60	M8-1.25 x 25	M934-10-60		-1.50	Stand	•
M931-08055-60 M931-08055-82	M8-1.25 x 55 M8-1.25 x 55*	M933-08030-60	M8-1.25 x 30	M934-10-60F		)-1.25	Stand	
M931-08060-60	M8-1.25 x 60	M933-08030-82	M8-1.25 x 30*	M6923-10-80		-1.50	Spiral	
M931-08070-60	M8-1.25 x 70	M933-10012-60	M10-1.50 x 12	M6923-10-62		-1.50	Spiral	
M931-08070-82	M8-1.25 x 70*	M961-10020-60 M933-10020-60	M10-1.25 x 20	M982-10-80		-1.50		c Stop
M931-08075-60 M931-08080-60	M8-1.25 x 75 M8-1.25 x 80	M933-10020-60	M10-1.50 x 20 M10-1.50 x 25	M934-12-60		2-1.75	Stand	
M931-08090-60	M8-1.25 x 90	M961-10030-60	M10-1.25 x 30	M934-12-60F M6923-12-80		?-1.25 ?-1.75	Stand Spiral	
M931-08095-60	M8-1.25 x 95	M933-10030-60	M10-1.50 x 30	M982-12-80		2-1.75		c Stop
M931-08100-60	M8-1.25 x 100	M933-10030-82 M961-10035-60	M10-1.50 x 30* M10-1.25 x 35	M982-14-80	M14	-2.00	Elasti	c Stop
M931-08120-60 M931-08130-60	M8-1.25 x 120 M8-1.25 x 130	M933-10035-60	M10-1.20 x 35	M6923-16-80		5-2.00	Spiral	•
M931-08140-60	M8-1.25 x 140	M933-12016-60	M12-1.75 x 16	M982-16-80		5-2.00		c Stop
M931-10040-82	M10-1.25 x 40*	M933-12020-60	M12-1.75 x 10	M934-18-80	M18	3-2.5	Stand	ard .
M931-10040-60	M10-1.50 x 40	M933-12025-60	M12-1.75 x 25	M982-18-80		3-2.50		c Stop
M931-10045-60	M10-1.50 x 45	M933-12025-82	M12-1.75 x 25*	M934-20-80	M20	-2.50	Stand	ard
M931-10050-60 M931-10055-60	M10-1.50 x 50 M10-1.50 x 55	M961-12030-60 M933-12030-60	M12-1.25 x 30 M12-1.75 x 30	M982-20-80	M20	-2.50	Elasti	c Stop
M931-10053-60	M10-1.50 x 55	M933-12035-60	M12-1.75 x 35	M934-22-60	M22	2-2.50	Stand	ard
M931-10065-60	M10-1.50 x 65	M961-12040-82	M12-1.25 x 40*	M934-24-80	M24	-3.00	Stand	ard
M931-10070-60	M10-1.50 x 70	M933-12040-60 M933-12040-82	M12-1.75 x 40 M12-1.75 x 40*	M982-24-80	M24	-3.00	Elasti	c Stop
M931-10080-60 M931-10090-60	M10-1.50 x 80 M10-1.50 x 90			M934-30-80	M30	-3.50	Stand	ard
M931-10090-82	M10-1.50 x 90*	M961-14025-60 M933-14025-60	M14-1.50 x 25 M14-2.00 x 25					
M931-10100-60	M10-1.50 x 100	M961-16025-60	M16-1.50 x 25	Washers				
M931-10110-60	M10-1.50 x 110	M933-16025-60	M16-2.00 x 25					Bolt/
M931-10120-60 M931-10130-60	M10-1.50 x 120 M10-1.50 x 130	M961-16030-82	M16-1.50 x 30*	Part No.	ID	OD	Thick.	
M931-10140-60	M10-1.50 x 140	M933-16030-82	M16-2.00 x 30*	M125A-03-80		7.0	0.5	M3
M931-10180-60	M10-1.50 x 180	M933-16035-60 M961-16040-60	M16-2.00 x 35 M16-1.50 x 40	M125A-04-80 M125A-05-80		9.0 10.0	0.8 1.0	M4 M5
M931-12045-60	M12-1.75 x 45	M933-16040-60	M16-2.00 x 40	M125A-06-80		12.0	1.6	M6
M960-12050-60	M12-1.25 x 50	M933-16050-60	M16-2.00 x 50	M125A-08-80		16.0	1.6	M8
M960-12050-82 M931-12050-60	M12-1.25 x 50* M12-1.75 x 50	M933-16050-82	M16-2.00 x 50*	M125A-10-80		20.0	2.0	M10
M931-12055-60	M12-1.75 x 55	M933-16060-60	M16-2.00 x 60	M125A-12-80 M125A-14-80		24.0 28.0	2.5 2.5	M12 M14
M931-12060-60	M12-1.75 x 60	M933-18035-60 M933-18050-60	M18-2.50 x 35 M18-2.50 x 50	M125A-16-80		30.0	3.0	M16
M931-12065-60 M931-12075-60	M12-1.75 x 65 M12-1.75 x 75	M933-18060-60	M18-2.50 x 60	M125A-18-80		34.0	3.0	M18
M931-12080-60	M12-1.75 x 75	M933-20050-60	M20-2.50 x 50	M125A-20-80 M125A-24-80		37.0 44.0	3.0 4.0	M20 M24
M931-12090-60	M12-1.75 x 90	M933-20055-60	M20-2.50 x 55	W1123A-24-00	23.0	44.0	4.0	IVIZ4
M931-12100-60	M12-1.75 x 100	Pan Head Mach	ine Screws					
M931-12110-60	M12-1.75 x 110	M7985A-03010-20		* This metric				
M960-16090-60 M931-16090-60	M16-1.50 x 90 M16-2.00 x 90	M7985A-03012-20		1 THIS THEELIC	TIEX TIUL	3 Haiui	icss is gi	aue o.
M931-16100-60	M16-2.00 x 100	M7985A-04010-20	M4-0.70 x 10					
M931-20065-60	M20-2.50 x 65	M7985A-04020-20						
M931-20120-60	M20-2.50 x 120	M7985A-04100-20						
M931-20160-60	M20-2.50 x 160	M7985A-05010-20						
M931-22090-60	M22-2.50 x 90	M7985A-05012-20						
M931-22120-60	M22-2.50 x 120	M7985A-05016-20 M7985A-05100-20						
M931-22160-60	M22-2.50 x 160	M7985A-06100-20						
M931-24090-60 M931-24120-60	M24-3.00 x 90 M24-3.00 x 120							
M931-24160-60	M24-3.00 x 120 M24-3.00 x 160	Flat Head Machi						
		M965A-04012-SS M965A-05012-SS						
		M965A-05016-20	M5-0.80 x 12					

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