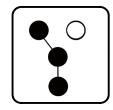
# Operation and Installation

**Automatic Transfer Switch** 



Model:

**RRT** 

100-200 Amp Automatic Transfer Switches

For use with model RES or RESL generator sets equipped with RDC or DC generator/transfer switch controllers





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## **Product Identification Information**

Product identification numbers determine service parts. Record the product identification numbers in the spaces below immediately after unpacking the products so that the numbers are readily available for future reference. Record field-installed kit numbers after installing the kits.

## **Transfer Switch Identification Numbers**

Record	the	product	identification	numbers	from	the
transfer	swit	ch name	plate.			

Model Designation	
Serial Number	

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## **Safety Precautions and Instructions**

IMPORTANT SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS. Electromechanical equipment, including generator sets, transfer switches, switchgear, and accessories, can cause bodily harm and pose life-threatening danger when improperly installed, operated, or maintained. To prevent accidents be aware of potential dangers and act safely. Read and follow all safety precautions and instructions. SAVE THESE INSTRUCTIONS.

This manual has several types of safety precautions and instructions: Danger, Warning, Caution, and Notice.



#### **DANGER**

Danger indicates the presence of a hazard that will cause severe personal injury, death, or substantial property damage.



#### WARNING

Warning indicates the presence of a hazard that *can cause severe* personal injury, death, or substantial property damage.



#### **CAUTION**

Caution indicates the presence of a hazard that *will* or *can cause minor personal injury* or *property damage*.

#### **NOTICE**

Notice communicates installation, operation, or maintenance information that is safety related but not hazard related.

Safety decals affixed to the equipment in prominent places alert the operator or service technician to potential hazards and explain how to act safely. The decals are shown throughout this publication to improve operator recognition. Replace missing or damaged decals.

## **Accidental Starting**

## ▲ WARNING



## Accidental starting. Can cause severe injury or death.

Disconnect the battery cables before working on the generator set. Remove the negative (-) lead first when disconnecting the battery. Reconnect the negative (-) lead last when reconnecting the battery.

Disabling the generator Accidental starting can cause severe injury or death. working on the generator set or connected equipment, disable the generator set as follows: (1) Move the generator set master switch to the OFF position. (2) Disconnect the power to the battery charger. (3) Remove the battery cables, negative (-) lead first. Reconnect the negative (-) lead last when reconnecting the battery. Follow these precautions to prevent starting of the generator set by an automatic transfer switch, remote start/stop switch, or engine start command from a remote computer.

## Hazardous Voltage/ Moving Parts





Hazardous voltage.
Will cause severe injury or death.

Disconnect all power sources before opening the enclosure.

## **A** DANGER



Hazardous voltage. Will cause severe injury or death.

Only authorized personnel should open the enclosure.

#### A DANGER



Hazardous voltage.
Will cause severe injury or death.

This equipment must be installed and serviced by qualified electrical personnel.

Grounding electrical equipment. Hazardous voltage can cause severe injury or death. Electrocution is possible whenever electricity is present. Ensure you comply with all applicable codes and standards. Electrically ground the generator set, transfer switch, and related equipment and electrical circuits. Turn off the main circuit breakers of all power sources before servicing the equipment. Never contact electrical leads or appliances when standing in water or on wet ground because these conditions increase the risk of electrocution.

Short circuits. Hazardous voltage/current can cause severe injury or death. Short circuits can cause bodily injury and/or equipment damage. Do not contact electrical connections with tools or jewelry while making adjustments or repairs. Remove all jewelry before servicing the equipment.

Making line or auxiliary connections. Hazardous voltage can cause severe injury or death. To prevent electrical shock deenergize the normal power source before making any line or auxiliary connections.

Servicing the transfer switch. Hazardous voltage can cause severe injury or death. Deenergize all power sources before servicing. Turn off the main circuit breakers of all transfer switch power sources and disable all generator sets as follows: (1) Move all generator set master controller switches to the OFF position. (2) Disconnect power to all battery chargers. (3) Disconnect all battery cables, negative (-) leads first. Reconnect negative (-) leads last when reconnecting the battery cables after servicing. Follow these precautions to prevent the starting of generator sets by an automatic transfer switch, remote start/stop switch, or engine start command from a remote computer. Before servicing any components inside the enclosure: (1) Remove all jewelry. (2) Stand on a dry, approved electrically insulated mat. (3) Test circuits with a voltmeter to verify that they are deenergized.

## **Heavy Equipment**



Unbalanced weight. Improper lifting can cause severe injury or death and equipment damage.

Use adequate lifting capacity. Never leave the transfer switch standing upright unless it is securely bolted in place or stabilized.

#### **Notice**

#### NOTICE

Foreign material contamination. Cover the transfer switch during installation to keep dirt, grit, metal drill chips, and other debris out of the components. Cover the solenoid mechanism during installation. After installation, use the manual operating handle to cycle the contactor to verify that it operates freely. Do not use a screwdriver to force the contactor mechanism.

#### **NOTICE**

Electrostatic discharge (ESD) damages electronic circuit boards. Prevent electrostatic discharge damage by wearing an approved grounding wrist strap when handling electronic circuit boards or integrated circuits. An approved grounding wrist strap provides a high resistance (about 1 megohm), not a direct short, to ground.

This manual provides operation and installation instructions for Kohler® Model RRT automatic transfer switches. Model RRT transfer switches operate only with Kohler® Model RES or RESL generator sets equipped with the RDC or DC generator/transfer switch controller. See Figure 1 for controller identification. See Figure 2 for model RRT transfer switches.

Information in this publication represents data available at the time of print. Kohler Co. reserves the right to change this literature and the products represented without notice and without any obligation or liability whatsoever.

Read this manual and carefully follow all procedures and safety precautions to ensure proper equipment operation and to avoid bodily injury. Read and follow the Safety Precautions and Instructions section at the beginning of this manual. Keep this manual with the equipment for future reference.

The equipment service requirements are very important to safe and efficient operation. Inspect parts often and perform required service at the prescribed intervals. Obtain service from an authorized service distributor/ dealer to keep equipment in top condition.

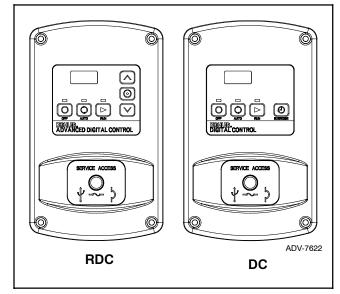


Figure 1 RDC and DC Generator/Transfer Switch Controllers (provided with the generator set)

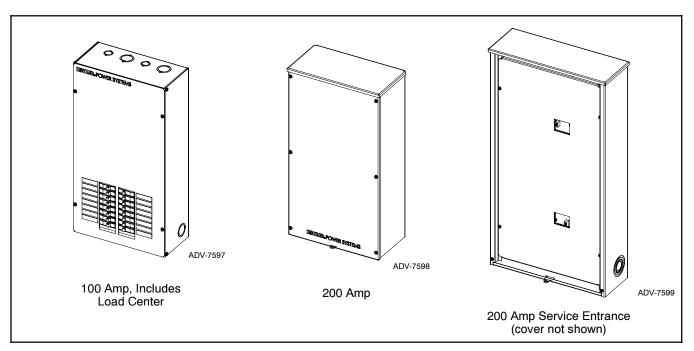


Figure 2 Model RRT Transfer Switches

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## **Nameplate**

A nameplate attached to the inside of the enclosure cover includes a model designation, a serial number, ratings, and other information about the transfer switch. See Figure 3.

Check the transfer switch model number from the transfer switch nameplate and verify that it matches the model shown on the front cover of this manual before proceeding with installation.

Copy the model designation, serial number, and accessory information from the nameplate to the spaces provided in the Product Identification Information section located inside the front cover of this manual for use when requesting service or parts.

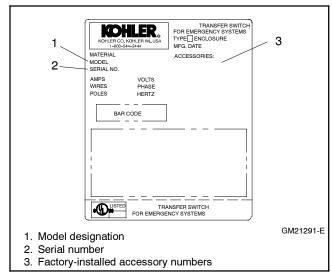


Figure 3 Typical Transfer Switch Nameplate

## **Model Designation**

Figure 4 shows the available models.

Model	Enclosure	Size, Amps	Description					
RRT-JFNA-0100B-SA*	NEMA 1	100	With load center. For indoor installation only.					
RRT-JFNC-0200A-SA*	NEMA 3R	200	No load center. Rated for outdoor installation.					
RRT-JFNC-0200ASE-S	NEMA 3R	200	Service entrance rated, no load center. Rated for outdoor installation.					
* The last digit of the model des	* The last digit of the model designation represents a number that may vary.							

Figure 4 Models

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For professional advice on generator set power requirements and conscientious service, please contact your nearest Kohler distributor or dealer.

- Consult the Yellow Pages under the heading Generators—Electric.
- Visit the Kohler Power Systems website at KohlerPower.com.
- Look at the labels and stickers on your Kohler product or review the appropriate literature or documents included with the product.
- Call toll free in the US and Canada 1-800-544-2444.
- Outside the US and Canada, call the nearest regional office.

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## 1.1 Transfer Switch Description

An automatic transfer switch (ATS) transfers electrical loads from a normal source of electrical power to an emergency source when the normal source voltage or frequency falls below an acceptable level. The normal source is typically utility power. The emergency source is usually a generator set.

Model RRT transfer switches must be connected to a Kohler® model RES or RESL generator set equipped with the RDC or DC generator/transfer switch controller.

Voltage sensing data from the ATS is continuously transmitted to the RDC/DC controller mounted on the generator set. When the normal source fails, the RDC/DC controller signals the emergency source generator set to start. When the emergency source reaches acceptable levels and stabilizes, the ATS transfers the electrical load to the emergency source.

The RDC/DC controller signals the ATS to transfer the load back when the normal source returns and stabilizes.

Figure 1-1 shows a typical installation block diagram.

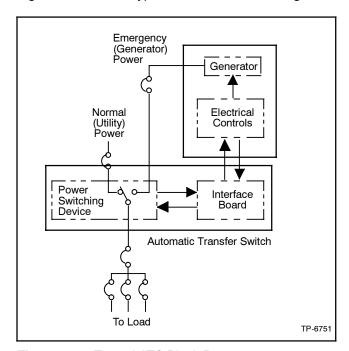


Figure 1-1 Typical ATS Block Diagram

## 1.2 Load Centers

Model RRT 100 amp transfer switches are equipped with built-in load centers. Models without load centers require the installation of a separate load panel.

**Loads.** The transfer switch can be connected to supply all of the electrical loads in the home, or only the essential loads such as the furnace, refrigerator, well pump, and selected light circuits. Identify the essential circuits that must be supplied during a power outage. Verify that the generator set and transfer switch are adequately rated to supply all of the selected loads.

**Circuit breakers.** Because the size and number of circuit breakers required will vary with each application, circuit breakers are not provided with the transfer switch load center.

Determine the circuits that will be connected to the transfer switch (essential loads). Identify the breakers for those circuits in the main distribution panel.

The ATS load center requires Square D type QO breakers. If the main distribution panel uses the same type of breakers, the breakers can be moved from the main panel to the load center. Otherwise, obtain new Square D type QO circuit breakers. For each circuit, the rating of the load center circuit breaker must match the rating of the existing breaker in the main panel.

Verify that the total rating for all of the breakers used in the load center does not exceed the rating of the transfer switch.

#### 1.3 Service Entrance Models

Service entrance models use two circuit breakers to provide the service disconnect for the utility and generator sources.

#### 1.4 Controller Interface Board

All ATS control functions are performed by the RDC/DC controller mounted on the RES or RESL generator set and communicated through the interface board. The controller interface board sends voltage sensing data to the RDC/DC controller and receives transfer and load control signals from the RDC/DC controller.

Working together, the model RRT transfer switch and RES or RESL generator set provide a weekly ultra-quiet diagnostic test and exercise of the power system. The model RRT transfer switch is required for the quiet diagnostic test on the RES or RESL generator sets.

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#### 2.1 Introduction

Kohler® transfer switches are shipped factory-wired, factory-tested, and ready for installation. Have the equipment installed only by trained and qualified personnel, and verify that the installation complies with applicable codes and standards. Protect the switch against damage before and during installation.

## 2.2 Receipt of Unit

## 2.2.1 Inspection

At the time of delivery, inspect the packaging and the transfer switch for signs of shipping damage. Unpack the transfer switch as soon as possible and inspect the exterior and interior for shipping damage. If damage and/or rough handling is evident, immediately file a damage claim with the transportation company.

## 2.2.2 Storage

Store the transfer switch in its protective packing until final installation. Protect the transfer switch at all times from moisture, construction grit, and metal chips. Avoid storage in cold or damp areas where moisture could condense on the unit. See Figure 2-1 for acceptable storage temperatures.

## 2.2.3 Lifting



Unbalanced weight. Improper lifting can cause severe injury or death and equipment damage.

Use adequate lifting capacity. Never leave the transfer switch standing upright unless it is securely bolted in place or stabilized. See Figure 2-2 or the dimensional drawing for the weight of the transfer switch. Use a spreader bar to lift the transfer switch. Attach the bar only to the enclosure's mounting holes or lifting brackets; do not lift the unit any other way. Close and latch the enclosure door before moving the unit.

## 2.2.4 Unpacking

Allow the equipment to warm to room temperature for at least 24 hours before unpacking to prevent condensation on the electrical apparatus. Use care when unpacking to avoid damaging transfer switch components. Use a vacuum cleaner or a dry cloth to remove dirt and packing material that may have accumulated in the transfer switch or any of its components.

**Note:** Do not use compressed air to clean the switch. Cleaning with compressed air can cause debris to lodge in the components and damage the switch.

Item	Specification
Storage Temperature	-40°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F)
Operating Temperature	-20°C to 70°C (-4°F to 158°F)
Humidity	5% to 95% noncondensing
Altitude	0 to 3050 m (10000 ft.) without derating

Figure 2-1 Environmental Specifications

	Size,	NEMA	Weig	ght
Model	Amps	Type	kg	(lb.)
RRT-JFNA-0100B	100	1	12.3	(27)
RRT-JFNC-0200A	200	3R	15	(33)
RRT-JFNC-0200ASE	200	3R	33	(72)

Figure 2-2 Approximate Weights

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#### 2.3 Installation

#### NOTICE

Foreign material contamination. Cover the transfer switch during installation to keep dirt, grit, metal drill chips, and other debris out of the components. Cover the solenoid mechanism during installation. After installation, use the manual operating handle to cycle the contactor to verify that it operates freely. Do not use a screwdriver to force the contactor mechanism.

#### NOTICE

**Hardware damage.** The transfer switch may use both American Standard and metric hardware. Use the correct size tools to prevent rounding of the bolt heads and nuts.

Check the system voltage and frequency. Compare the voltage and frequency shown on the transfer switch nameplate to the source voltage and frequency. Do not install the transfer switch if the voltage and frequency are different from the normal (utility) source voltage and frequency or the emergency source voltage and frequency shown on the generator set nameplate.

**Plan the installation**. Use the dimensions given on the enclosure dimension (ADV) drawings in Section 5. Select a mounting site that complies with local electrical code restrictions for the enclosure type. Mount the transfer switch as close to the load and power sources as possible. Allow adequate space to open the enclosure and service the switch.

**Wall mounting.** Mount the transfer switch to a wall or other rigid vertical supporting structure. Refer to the dimension drawings in Section 5 for hole locations.

Cover or remove the transfer switch's internal components to protect them from drill chips or debris during installation. Use a vacuum cleaner to remove debris from the enclosure. Tighten the mounting screws to 2.9 Nm (26 in. lb.) when reinstalling the components.

**Note:** Do not use compressed air to clean the switch. Cleaning with compressed air can cause debris to lodge in the components and cause damage.

Clearance holes through the back of each enclosure are provided for mounting. Use shims to plumb the enclosure.

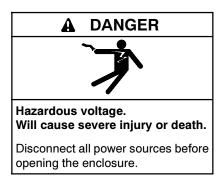
**NEMA 3R enclosures.** To remove the enclosure's front panel, support the panel while removing the screws. Pull the bottom of the panel out and down until the top clears the enclosure. Remove the inner panel to access the transfer switch components.

NEMA 3R enclosures have locking tabs at the bottom of the enclosure and the door. While the enclosure is open, turn the locking tab out so that the door can be locked with a padlock after installation is complete.

**Note:** The mounting holes on NEMA 3R enclosures have gaskets to seal out moisture. Use washers with the mounting screws to protect the gaskets.

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## 2.4 Manual Operation Check



Check the manual operation before energizing the transfer switch. Verify that the contactor operates smoothly without binding. Do not place the transfer switch into service if the contactor does not operate smoothly.

After checking the manual operation, place the contactor in the Normal (utility) position.

## Manual Operation, 100 and 200 Amp Switches

**Note:** Never manually operate the transfer switch when the power is connected. Disconnect both power sources before manually operating the switch.

- Move the handle up to place the transfer switch in the Normal Source position and down to place the contactor in the Emergency Source position. See Figure 2-3.
- 2. Move the handle up to place the transfer switch in the Normal Source position for normal operation.

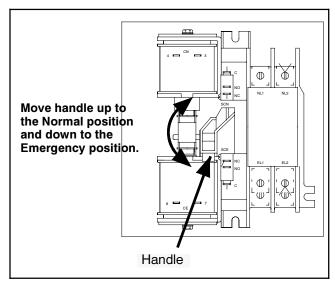
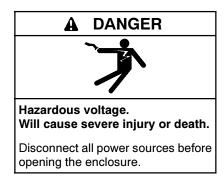


Figure 2-3 Manual Operation, 100 and 200 Amp Switches

## 2.5 Electrical Wiring

Refer to the connection diagrams on the transfer switch enclosure door and the wiring diagrams in Section 5 during installation.

All wiring must comply with applicable national, state, and local electrical codes. Use separate conduit for AC power wiring and low-voltage DC, control, and communication system wiring.



Making line or auxiliary connections. Hazardous voltage can cause severe injury or death. To prevent electrical shock deenergize the normal power source before making any line or auxiliary connections.

Grounding electrical equipment. Hazardous voltage can cause severe injury or death. Electrocution is possible whenever electricity is present. Ensure you comply with all applicable codes and standards. Electrically ground the generator set and related equipment and electrical circuits. Turn off the main circuit breakers of all power sources before servicing the equipment. Never contact electrical leads or appliances when standing in water or on wet ground because these conditions increase the risk of electrocution.

#### 2.5.1 Load Center Circuit Breakers

The 100 amp Model RRT transfer switch includes a built-in load center with room for up to 16 single-pole circuit breakers. The load center uses Square D type QO breakers. In an essential load application, the breakers can be moved from the main panel to the load center if the main distribution panel uses the same type of breakers. Otherwise, obtain and install new Square D type QO circuit breakers. The rating of the load center circuit breaker must match the rating of the existing breaker in the main panel for each circuit. If circuit breakers are removed from the load panel, install cover plates over the vacant positions. Cover plates can be obtained from a local Square D supplier.

Verify that the total rating for all breakers used in the load center does not exceed the rating of the transfer switch.

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#### 2.5.2 AC Power Connections

**Determine the cable size.** Refer to Figure 2-4 or the ADV drawings in Section 5 to determine the cable size required for the transfer switch. Make sure the lugs provided are suitable for use with the cables being installed.

**Conduit.** Use the knock-outs provided in the enclosure for cables. Use separate conduit for AC power wiring and low-voltage DC, control, and communication system wiring. Watertight conduit hubs may be required for outdoor use.

For the service entrance model conduit hub, thread sealant must be applied to screw threads if screws are removed or replaced.

Select the proper cable clamp or use other approved methods for securing the cable or conduit to the enclosure.

**Source and load connections.** Clean cables with a wire brush to remove surface oxides before connecting them to the terminals. Apply joint compound to the connections of any aluminum conductors.

Refer to the connection diagrams on the transfer switch enclosure door and the wiring diagrams in Section 5.

Connect the Normal source (typically the utility power) to the lugs labeled NA and NB. Connect the Emergency source (typically the generator set) to the lugs labeled EA and EB.

For service entrance models, connect the sources to the lugs on the normal and emergency source disconnect circuit breakers as shown in the service entrance switch wiring diagram in Section 5.

On models without built-in load centers, connect the load to the lugs labeled LA and LB. On service entrance models, the load lugs are located below the emergency source disconnect circuit breaker.

On models with built-in load centers, the LA and LB lugs are factory-wired to the load center. Connect the load leads to the circuits in the load center and tighten the connections. Check the labels on the breakers for the tightening torques.

Connect the neutral from the main panel to the neutral lug in the ATS enclosure.

**Note:** The neutral connection is required for transfer switch operation.

Ground the system according to NEC and local codes.

Verify that all connections are consistent with drawings before tightening the lugs. Tighten all cable lug connections to the torque values shown on the label on the switch. Carefully wipe off any excess joint compound after tightening the terminal lugs.

# 2.5.3 Neutral Bonding Jumper, Service Entrance Models

The transfer switch is shipped with the neutral-to-ground jumper unbonded. For service entrance applications, install the neutral-to-ground bonding jumper. See the transfer switch dimension drawing.

#### 2.5.4 Engine Start Function

The engine start function is contained within the RDC/DC controller on the generator set. There is no engine start connection on the model RRT ATS.

Cable Sizes								
AL/CU UL-Listed Solderless Screw-Type Terminals for External Power Connections								
Switch	Hange of this oleos, out A							
Size, Amps	Normal and Emergency	Load	Neutral	Ground				
100	(1) #14 to 1/0 AWG	per customer-supplied circuit breaker	(1) #4 to 2/0 AWG (main) (30) #4 to 14 AWG (branch)	(9) #4 to 14AWG				
200	(1) #6 AWG to 250 MCM	(1) #6 AWG to 250 MCM	(3) #6 AWG to 250 MCM	(9) #4 to 14AWG				
200 SE	(1) #4 AWG to 300 MCM	(1) #6 AWG to 250 MCM	(3) #6 AWG to 250 MCM	(3) #14 to 1/0				

Figure 2-4 Cable Sizes

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# 2.5.5 Controller Interface Module Connection

The controller interface module must be connected to a Kohler RDC or DC generator set/transfer switch controller. See Figure 2-7 and Figure 2-6. Use 12-24 AWG wire to connect P14-1 through P14-4 on the controller interface module to the generator set terminal block TB1 connections ATS1 through ATS4. See Figure 2-7.

## 2.5.6 Optional Load Control Connection

Connector TB2 on the controller's main logic board provides connection points for optional load control circuits. See Figure 2-5 for contact ratings, connection, and wire size information. See Figure 2-6 and Figure 2-7 for the location of load control connector TB2.

The load control contact provides a delayed contact closure to allow startup of selected loads 5 minutes after transfer to the emergency power source (generator set). Use this contact to delay startup of equipment with large motor-starting loads such as air conditioners.

Terminals	Contact Rating	Wire Size
TB2-1 and TB2-2	10 A @ 250 VAC	#12-18 AWG

**Figure 2-5** Load Control Customer Connections (TB2)

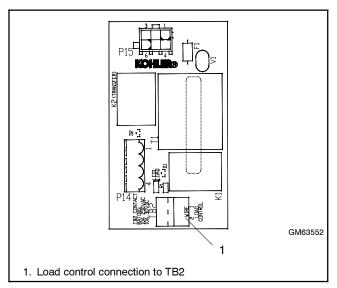


Figure 2-6 Controller Interface Module

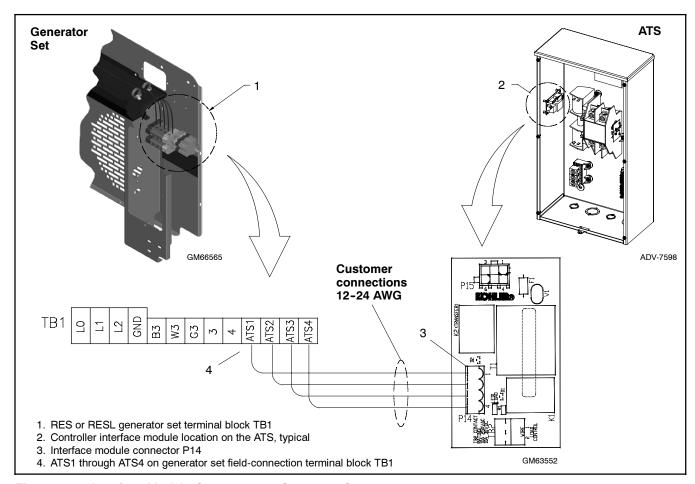


Figure 2-7 Interface Module Connection to Generator Set

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#### 2.6 Test and Exercise

Refer to the RDC/DC Controller Operation manual for instructions to test the power system operation and to set the system for regular generator exercise runs.

Working together, the model RRT transfer switch and RES or RESL generator set provide a weekly ultra-quiet diagnostic test and exercise. The exercise varies duration to ensure a full diagnostic test. The model RRT transfer switch is required for the diagnostic test and exercise on the RES or RESL generator sets.

## 2.7 Warranty Registration

Complete the Startup Notification Form and submit to the manufacturer within 60 days of the initial startup date.

**Startup Notification Form.** The Startup Notification Form covers all equipment in the standby system. Standby systems not registered within 60 days of startup are automatically registered using the manufacturer's ship date as the startup date.

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Note: This section applies only to service entrance model transfer switches, RRT-JFNC-0200ASE.



Hazardous voltage. Will cause severe injury or death.

This equipment must be installed and serviced by qualified electrical personnel.

#### Service Disconnect Procedure 3.1

Use the following procedure to disconnect the utility and emergency sources on service entrance model transfer switches.

**Note:** Power is still present on the input side of the utility source circuit breaker after this procedure.

- 1. Prevent the emergency generator set from starting:
  - a. Move the generator set master switch to OFF.
  - b. Disconnect power to the generator set battery charger.
  - c. Disconnect the generator set engine starting battery, negative (-) lead first.
- 2. On the transfer switch, remove the outer enclosure door only.
- 3. Move the emergency source circuit breaker to the OFF position.
- 4. Move the utility source circuit breaker to the OFF position.

**Note:** Power is still present on the input side of the utility source circuit breaker. Do not remove the protective barrier around the utility source connection lugs.

5. To lock out the transfer switch, replace the outer door and attach a padlock to the hasp.

#### Source Circuit Breaker Reset 3.2

The utility or generator source circuit breaker can trip due to an overcurrent condition. Identify and correct the cause of the overcurrent condition before resetting the circuit breaker. Contact a local distributor/dealer for service if necessary.

When the circuit breaker trips, the handle moves to an intermediate position. To reset a tripped circuit breaker. move the handle to the extreme OFF position and then to the ON position.

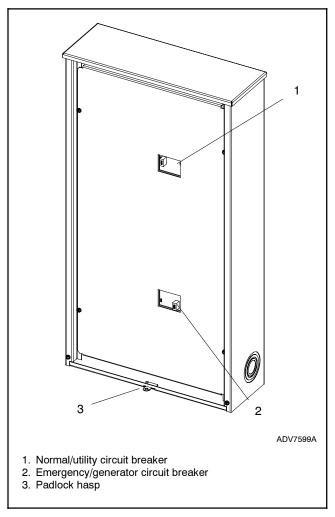


Figure 3-1 Service Entrance Model, Hinged Door Removed

#### 4.1 Introduction

Regular preventive maintenance ensures safe and reliable operation and extends the life of the transfer switch. Preventive maintenance includes periodic testing, cleaning, inspection, and replacement of worn or missing components. Section 4.4 contains a service schedule for recommended maintenance tasks.

A local authorized distributor/dealer can provide complete preventive maintenance and service to keep the transfer switch in top condition. Unless otherwise specified, have maintenance or service performed by an authorized distributor/dealer in accordance with all applicable codes and standards. See the Service Assistance section in this manual for how to locate a local distributor/dealer.

Keep records of all maintenance or service.

Replace all barriers and close and lock the enclosure door after maintenance or service and before reapplying power.



Accidental starting.
Can cause severe injury or death.

Disconnect the battery cables before working on the generator set. Remove the negative (-) lead first when disconnecting the battery. Reconnect the negative (-) lead last when reconnecting the battery.

Disabling the generator set. Accidental starting can cause severe injury or death. Before working on the generator set or connected equipment, disable the generator set as follows: (1) Move the generator set master switch to the OFF position. (2) Disconnect the power to the battery charger. (3) Remove the battery cables, negative (-) lead first. Reconnect the negative (-) lead last when reconnecting the battery. Follow these precautions to prevent starting of the generator set by an automatic transfer switch, remote start/stop switch, or engine start command from a remote computer.



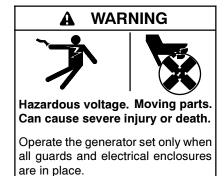
Hazardous voltage. Will cause severe injury or death.

Disconnect all power sources before opening the enclosure.



Hazardous voltage. Will cause severe injury or death.

Only authorized personnel should open the enclosure.



Grounding the transfer switch. Hazardous voltage can cause severe injury or death. Electrocution is possible whenever electricity is present. Open main circuit breakers of all power sources before servicing equipment. Configure the installation to electrically ground the transfer switch and related equipment and electrical circuits to comply with applicable codes and standards. Never contact electrical leads or appliances when standing in water or on wet ground, as the chance of electrocution increases under such conditions.

Servicing the transfer switch. Hazardous voltage can cause severe injury or death. Deenergize all power sources before servicing. Turn off the main circuit breakers of all transfer switch power sources and disable all generator sets as follows: (1) Move all generator set master controller switches to the OFF position. (2) Disconnect power to all battery chargers. (3) Disconnect all battery cables, negative (-) leads first. Reconnect negative (-) leads last when reconnecting the battery cables after servicing. Follow these precautions to prevent the starting of generator sets by an automatic transfer switch, remote start/stop switch, or engine start command from a remote computer. Before servicing any components inside the enclosure: (1) Remove all jewelry. (2) Stand on a dry, approved electrically insulated mat. (3) Test circuits with a voltmeter to verify that they are deenergized.

Short circuits. Hazardous voltage/current can cause severe injury or death. Short circuits can cause bodily injury and/or equipment damage. Do not contact electrical connections with tools or jewelry while making adjustments or repairs. Remove all jewelry before servicing the equipment.

#### **NOTICE**

**Hardware damage.** The transfer switch may use both American Standard and metric hardware. Use the correct size tools to prevent rounding of the bolt heads and nuts.

#### NOTICE

**Electrostatic discharge damage.** Electrostatic discharge (ESD) damages electronic circuit boards. Prevent electrostatic discharge damage by wearing an approved grounding wrist strap when handling electronic circuit boards or integrated circuits. An approved grounding wrist strap provides a high resistance (about 1 megohm), not a direct short, to ground.

Screws and nuts are available in different hardness ratings. To indicate hardness, American Standard hardware uses a series of markings and metric hardware uses a numeric system. Check the markings on the bolt heads and nuts for identification.

## 4.2 Testing

#### 4.2.1 Weekly Generator Set Exercise

Use the exerciser or a manual test to start and run the generator set under load once a week to maximize the reliability of the emergency power system.

# 4.2.2 Monthly Automatic Control System Test

Test the transfer switch's automatic control system monthly. Refer to the RDC/DC controller operation manual for the test procedure.

 Verify that the expected sequence of operations occurs as the switch transfers the load to the emergency source when a preferred source failure occurs or is simulated.

- Watch and listen for signs of excessive noise or vibration during operation.
- After the switch transfers the load to the standby source, end the test and verify that the expected sequence of operations occurs as the transfer switch retransfers to the preferred source.

## 4.3 Inspection and Service

Contact an authorized distributor/dealer to inspect and service the transfer switch annually and also when any wear, damage, deterioration, or malfunction of the transfer switch or its components is evident or suspected.

#### 4.3.1 General Inspection

**External Inspection.** Keep the transfer switch clean and in good condition by performing a weekly general external inspection of the transfer switch. Check for any condition of vibration, leakage, excessive temperature, contamination, or deterioration. Remove accumulations of dirt, dust, and other contaminants from the transfer switch's external components or enclosure with a vacuum cleaner or by wiping with a dry cloth or brush.

**Note:** Do not use compressed air to clean the transfer switch because it can cause debris to lodge in the components and damage the switch.

Tighten loose external hardware. Replace worn, missing, or broken external components with manufacturer-recommended replacement parts. Contact an authorized distributor/dealer for specific part information and ordering.

**Internal Inspection.** Disconnect all power sources, open the transfer switch enclosure door, and inspect internal components monthly or when any condition noticed during an external inspection may have affected internal components.

Contact an authorized distributor/dealer to inspect and service the transfer switch if any of the following conditions are found inside the transfer switch.

- Accumulations of dirt, dust, moisture, or other contaminants.
- Signs of corrosion.
- Worn, missing, or broken components.
- Loose hardware.
- Wire or cable insulation deterioration, cuts, or abrasion.

- Signs of overheating or loose connections: discoloration of metal, melted plastic, or a burning odor.
- Other evidence of wear, damage, deterioration, or malfunction of the transfer switch or its components.

If the application does not allow a power interruption for the time required for the internal inspection, have an authorized distributor/dealer perform the internal inspection.

#### 4.3.2 Other Inspections and Service

authorized distributor/dealer Have an perform scheduled maintenance. service. and other maintenance that ensures the safe and reliable

operation of the transfer switch. See Section 4.4. Service Schedule, for the recommended maintenance items and service intervals.

Have an authorized distributor/dealer repair or replace damaged or worn internal components manufacturer-recommended replacement parts.

#### 4.4 Service Schedule

Follow the service schedule in Figure 4-1 for the recommended service intervals. Have all service performed by an authorized distributor/dealer except for activities designated by an X, which may be performed by the switch operator.

System Component or Procedure	See Section	Visually Inspect	Check	Adjust, Repair, Replace	Clean	Test	Frequency
Electrical System							
Check for signs of overheating or loose connections: discoloration of metal, melted plastic, or a burning odor	4.3.1	Х	х				Υ
Check the contactor's external operating mechanism for cleanliness; clean and relubricate if dirty *	4.3.1	Х			D (clean and lube)		Υ
Inspect wiring insulation for deterioration, cuts, or abrasion. Repair or replace deteriorated or damaged wiring	4.3.1	х	D	D			Υ
Tighten control and power wiring connections to specifications	2.5		D			D	Υ
Check the transfer switch's main power switching contacts' condition; clean or replace the main contacts or replace the contactor assembly as necessary	S/M	D		D	D		Υ
General Equipment Condition							
Inspect the outside of the transfer switch for any signs of excessive vibration, leakage, high temperature, contamination, or deterioration *	4.3	х			х		М
Check that all external hardware is in place, tightened, and not badly worn	4.3	Х	х	х			М
Inspect the inside of transfer switch for any signs of excessive vibration, leakage, high temperature, contamination, or deterioration *	4.3	D	D		D		Υ
Check that all internal hardware is in place, tightened, and not badly worn	4.3	Х	D	D			Y

<sup>\*</sup> Service more frequently if the transfer switch is operated in dusty or dirty areas.

See Section: Read these sections carefully for additional information before attempting maintenance or service.

Visually Inspect: Examine these items visually.

Check: Requires physical contact with or movement of system components, or the use of nonvisual indications.

Adjust, Repair, Replace: Includes tightening hardware and lubricating the mechanism. May require replacement of components depending upon the severity of the problem.

Clean: Remove accumulations of dirt and contaminants from external transfer switch's components or enclosure with a vacuum cleaner or by wiping with a dry cloth or brush. Do not use compressed air to clean the switch because it can cause debris to lodge in the components and cause damage.

Test: May require tools, equipment, or training available only through an authorized distributor/dealer.

#### Symbols used in the chart:

X=The transfer switch operator can perform these tasks. Q=Quarterly

D=Authorized distributor/dealer must perform these tasks. S=Semiannually (every six months)

W=Weekly Y=Yearly (annually) M=Monthly W/D=Wiring diagram

Figure 4-1 Service Schedule

# **Section 5 Diagrams and Drawings**

Diagram or Drawing	Drawing Number	Page
Enclosure Dimension Drawings		
100 Amp NEMA 1 with Load Center	ADV-7597	26
200 Amp NEMA 3R without Load Center		27
200 Amp Service Entrance Switch		
Sheet 1	ADV-7599A	28
Sheet 2	ADV-7599B	29
Wiring Diagrams	CM60576	30
100 Amp with Load Center	GM69576	30 31
200 Amp Service Entrance Switch	GM69577 GM69578	32
Schematic Diagrams		
100 Amp with Load Center	GM69579	33
200 Amp without Load Center		34
200 Amp Service Entrance Switch		35

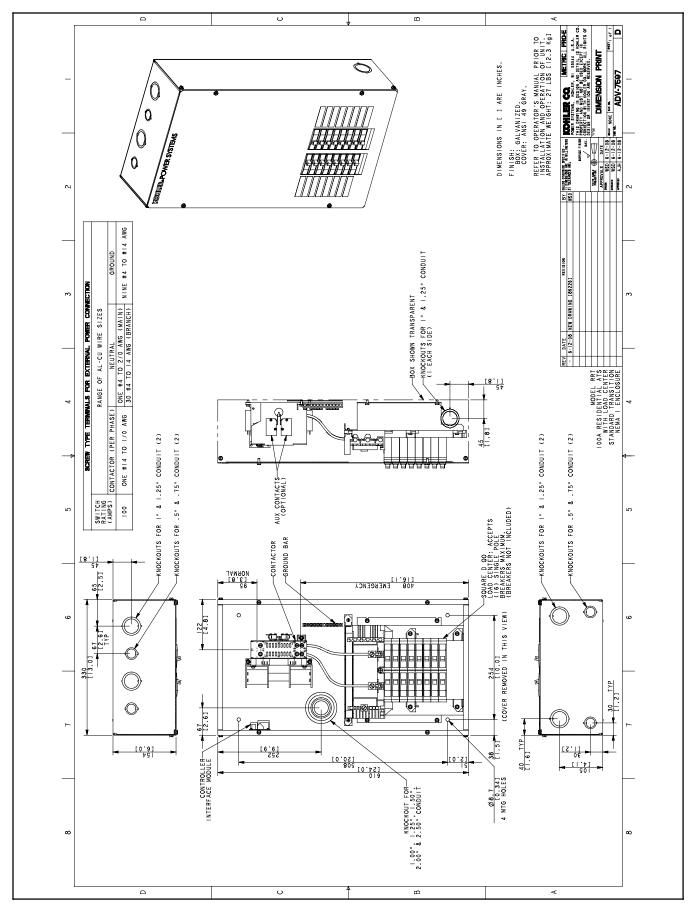


Figure 5-1 Enclosure Dimensions, 100 Amp RRT-JFNA-0100B NEMA 1 with Load Center, ADV-7597

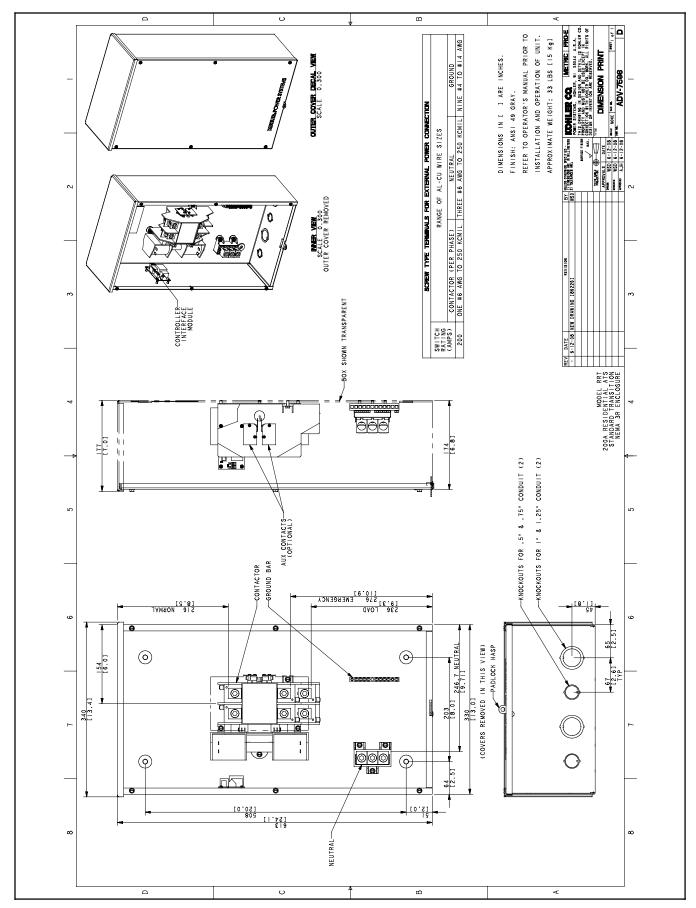


Figure 5-2 Enclosure Dimensions, 200 Amp RRT-JFNC-0200A NEMA 3R, ADV-7598

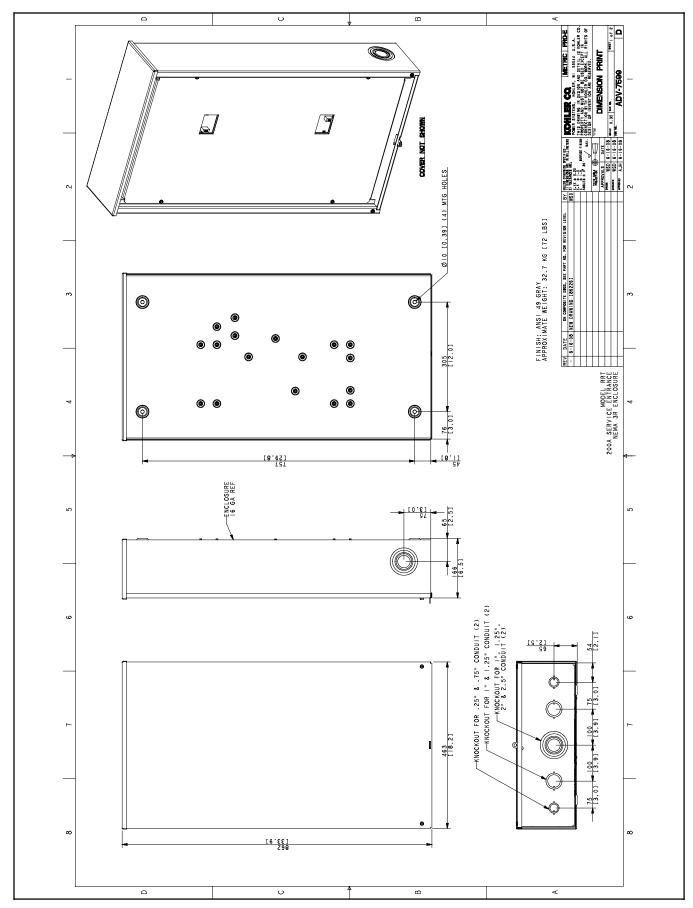


Figure 5-3 Enclosure Dimensions, 200 Amp RRT-JFNC-0200ASE Service Entrance Model, ADV-7599 Sheet 1

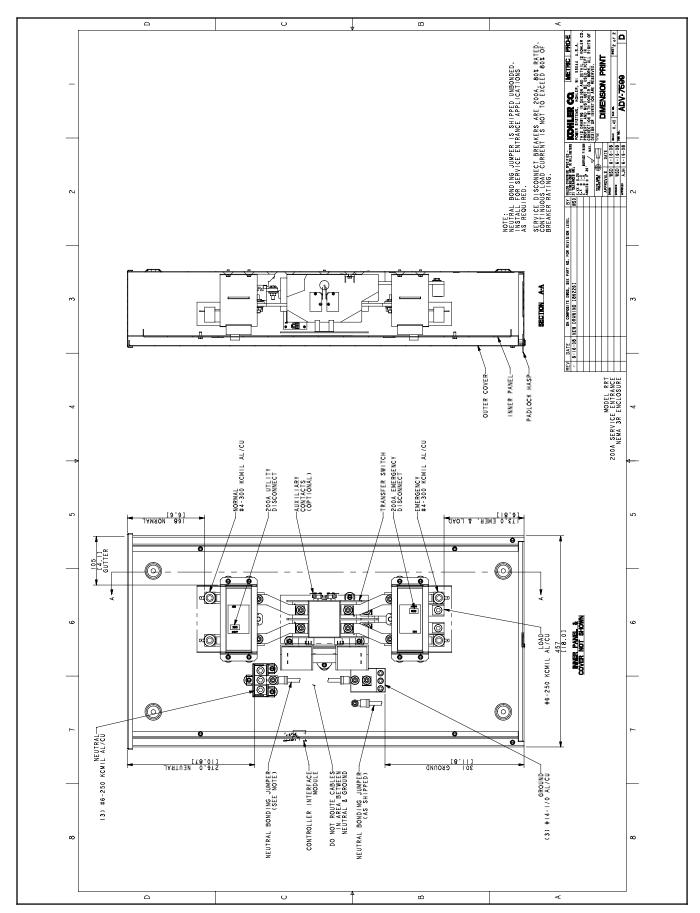


Figure 5-4 Enclosure Dimensions, 200 Amp RRT-JFNC-0200ASE Service Entrance Model, ADV-7599 Sheet 2

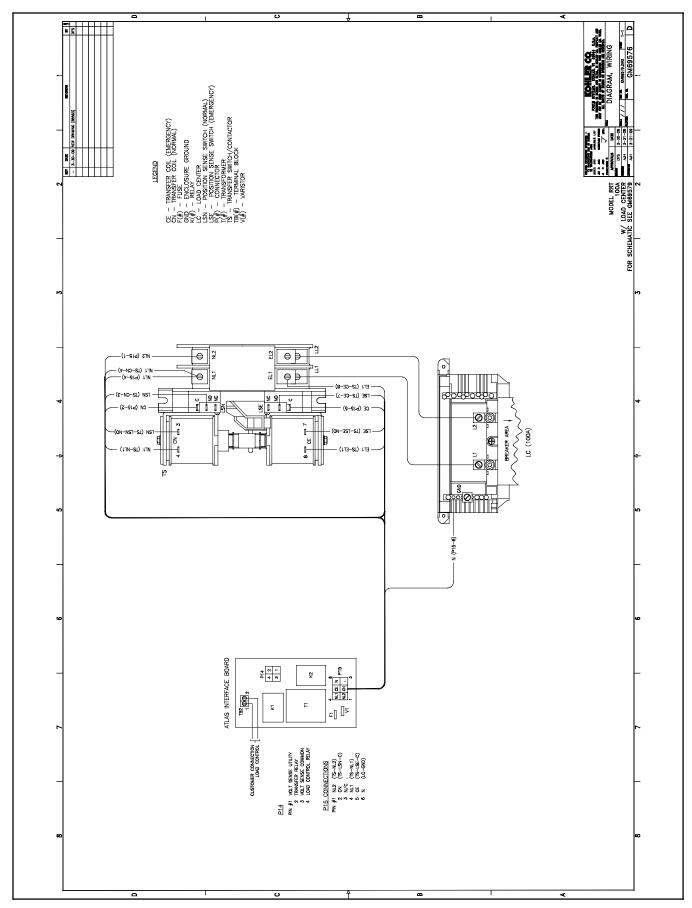


Figure 5-5 Wiring Diagram, 100 Amp RRT-JFNA-0100B with Load Center, GM69576

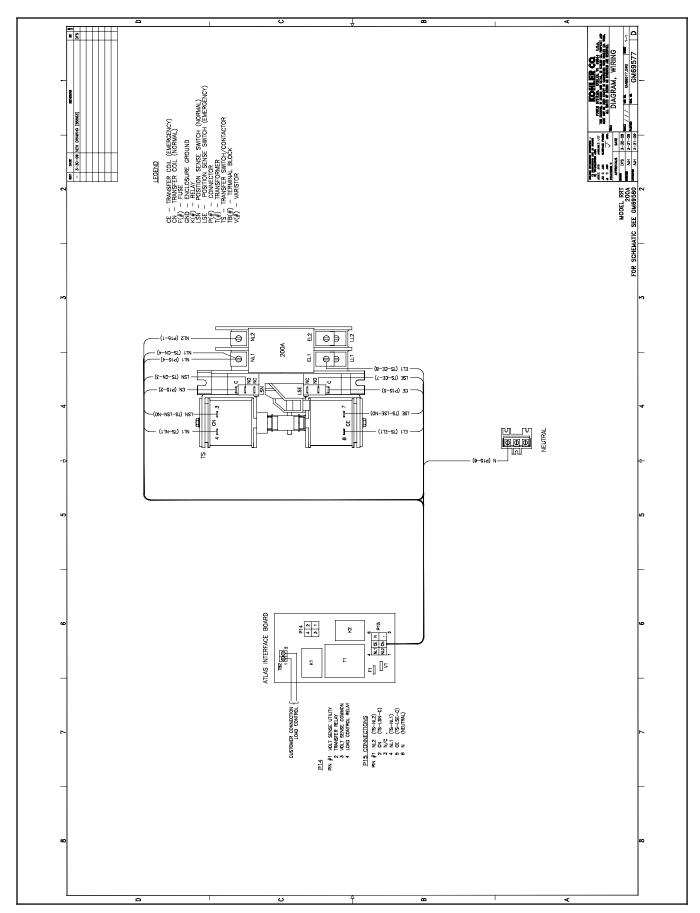


Figure 5-6 Wiring Diagram, 200 Amp RRT-JFNC-0200A, GM69577

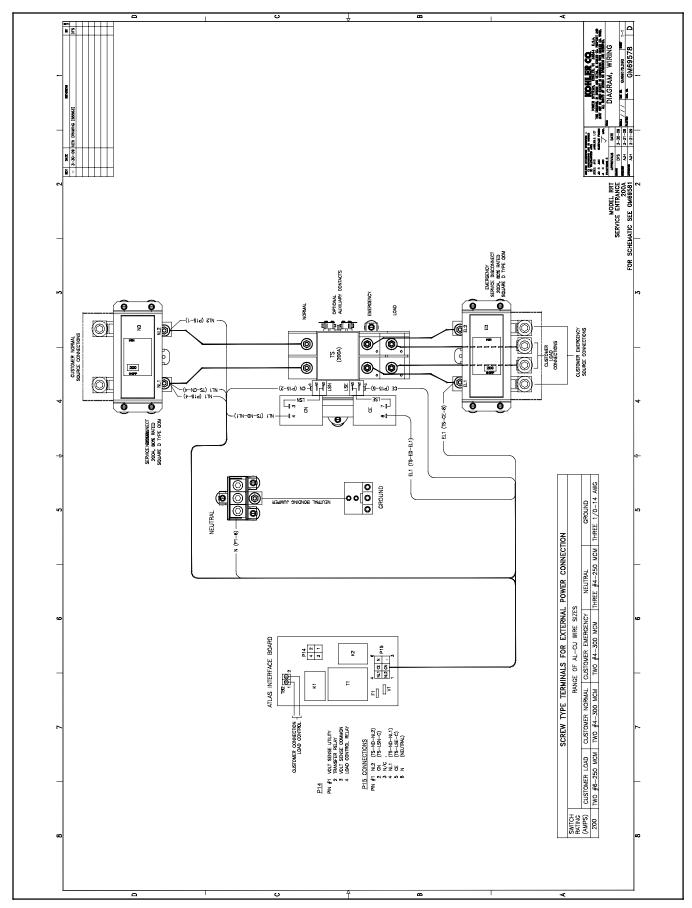


Figure 5-7 Wiring Diagram, 200 Amp Service Entrance RRT-JFNC-0200ASE, GM69578

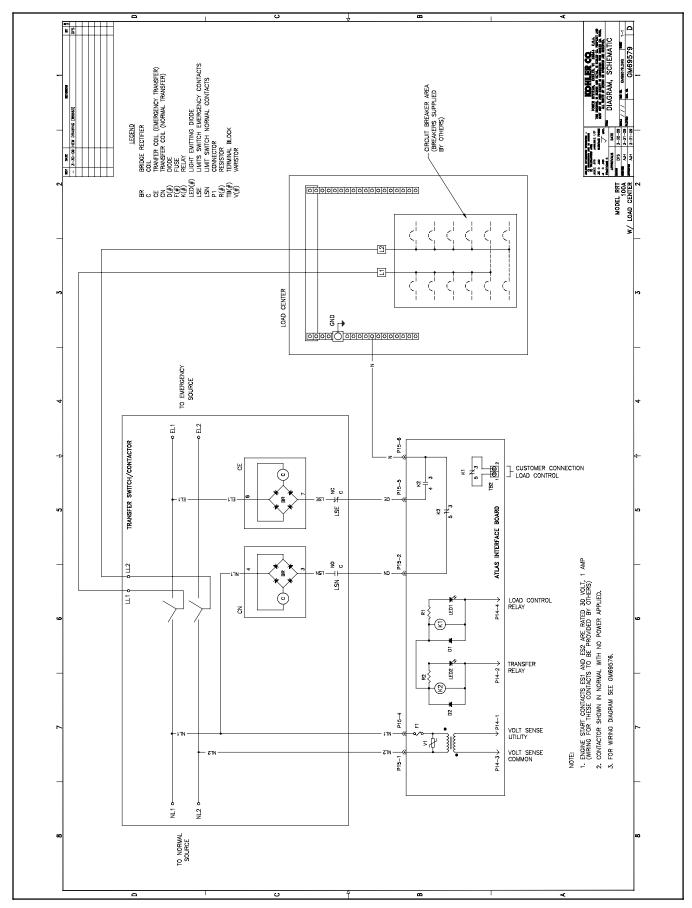
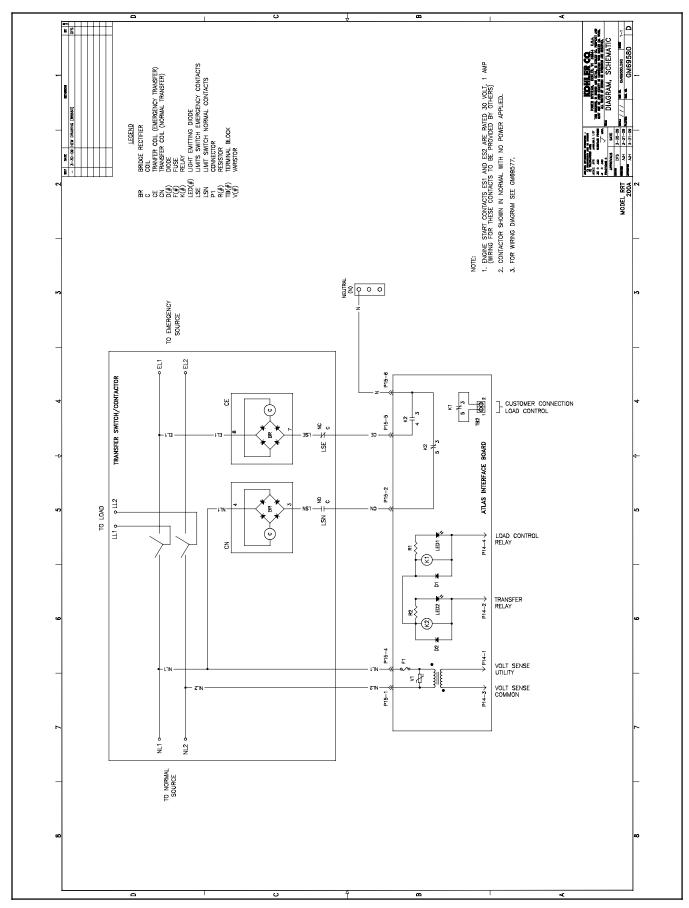


Figure 5-8 Schematic Diagram, 100 Amp RRT-JFNA-0100B with Load Center, GM69579



Schematic Diagram, 200 Amp RRT-JFNC-0200A, GM69580 Figure 5-9

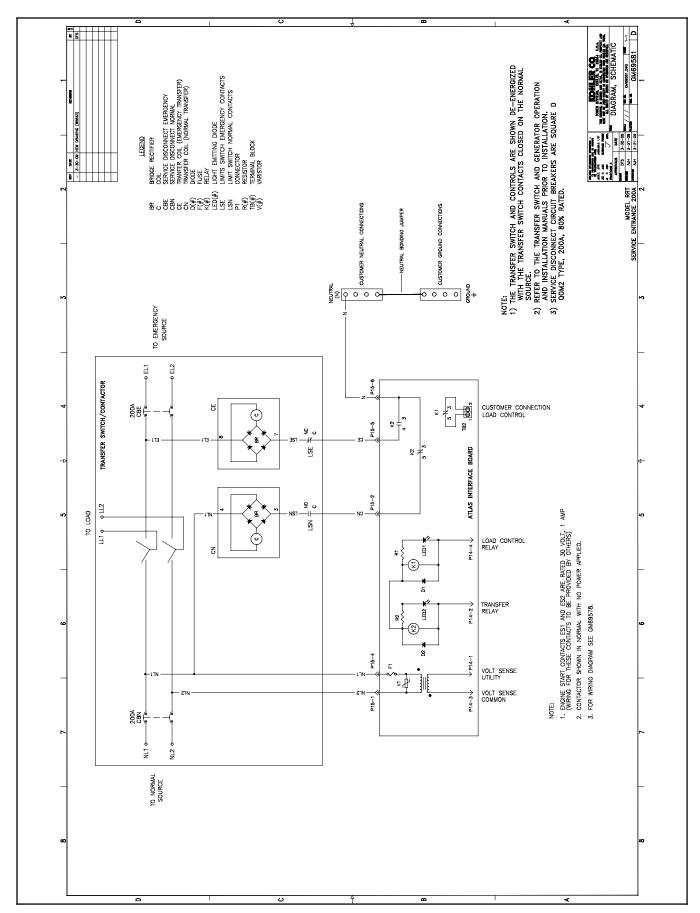


Figure 5-10 Schematic Diagram, 200 Amp Service Entrance Model RRT-JFNC-0200ASE, GM69581

# **Appendix A Abbreviations**

The following list contains abbreviations that may appear in this publication.

THE ION	owing list contains appreviation	S mai ma	y appear in this publication.		
A, amp	ampere	cfm	cubic feet per minute	est.	estimated
ABDC	after bottom dead center	CG	center of gravity	E-Stop	emergency stop
AC	alternating current	CID	cubic inch displacement	etc.	et cetera (and so forth)
A/D	analog to digital	CL	centerline	exh.	exhaust
ADC	advanced digital control;	cm	centimeter	ext.	external
ad:	analog to digital converter	CMOS	complementary metal oxide	F	Fahrenheit, female
adj.	adjust, adjustment		substrate (semiconductor)	fglass.	fiberglass
ADV	advertising dimensional drawing	cogen.	cogeneration	FHM	flat head machine (screw)
Ah	amp-hour	com	communications (port) commercial	fl. oz.	fluid ounce
AHWT	anticipatory high water	coml Coml/Poo		flex.	flexible
,	temperature	conn.	Commercial/Recreational connection	freq.	frequency
AISI	American Iron and Steel	cont.	continued	FS	full scale
	Institute	CPVC	chlorinated polyvinyl chloride	ft.	foot, feet
ALOP	anticipatory low oil pressure	crit.	critical	ft. lb.	foot pounds (torque)
alt.	alternator	CRT	cathode ray tube	ft./min. ftp	feet per minute file transfer protocol
Al	aluminum	CSA	Canadian Standards	•	· ·
ANSI	American National Standards	001.	Association	g ga.	gram gauge (meters, wire size)
	Institute (formerly American Standards Association, ASA)	CT	current transformer	gal.	gallon
AO	anticipatory only	Cu	copper	gen.	generator
APDC	Air Pollution Control District	cUL	Canadian Underwriter's	genset	generator set
API	American Petroleum Institute		Laboratories	GFI	ground fault interrupter
approx.	approximate, approximately	CUL	Canadian Underwriter's	GND, ⊕	•
AQMD	Air Quality Management District	•	Laboratories		ground
AR	as required, as requested	cu. in.	cubic inch	gov.	governor
AS	as supplied, as stated, as	cw. CWC	clockwise	gph	gallons per hour gallons per minute
	suggested		city water-cooled	gpm	grade, gross
ASE	American Society of Engineers	cyl. D/A	cylinder digital to analog	gr. GRD	equipment ground
ASME	American Society of	DAC	digital to analog converter	gr. wt.	gross weight
	Mechanical Engineers	dB	decibel	U	height by width by depth
assy.	assembly	dB(A)	decibel (A weighted)	HC	hex cap
ASTM	American Society for Testing	DC	direct current	HCHT	high cylinder head temperature
ATDC	Materials	DCR	direct current resistance	HD	heavy duty
ATDC ATS	after top dead center	deg., °	degree	HET	high exhaust temp., high
auto.	automatic transfer switch automatic	dept.	department		engine temp.
		DFMEA	Design Failure Mode and	hex	hexagon
aux.	auxiliary average	<u>_</u> , .	Effects Analysis	Hg	mercury (element)
avg. AVR	automatic voltage regulator	dia.	diameter	HĤ	hex head
AWG	American Wire Gauge	DI/EO	dual inlet/end outlet	HHC	hex head cap
AWM	appliance wiring material	DIN	Deutsches Institut fur Normung	HP	horsepower
bat.	battery		e. V. (also Deutsche Industrie	hr.	hour
BBDC	before bottom dead center	DID	Normenausschuss)	HS	heat shrink
BC	battery charger, battery	DIP	dual inline package	hsg.	housing
	charging	DPDT	double-pole, double-throw	HVAC	heating, ventilation, and air
BCA	battery charging alternator	DPST DS	double-pole, single-throw		conditioning
BCI	Battery Council International		disconnect switch	HWT	high water temperature
BDC	before dead center	DVR E, emer.	digital voltage regulator	Hz	hertz (cycles per second)
BHP	brake horsepower	ECM	emergency (power source) electronic control module.	IC	integrated circuit
blk.	black (paint color), block	LOW	engine control module	ID	inside diameter, identification
	(engine)	EDI	electronic data interchange	IEC	International Electrotechnical Commission
blk. htr.	block heater	EFR	emergency frequency relay	IEEE	Institute of Electrical and
BMEP	brake mean effective pressure	e.g.	for example (exempli gratia)	ILLE.	Electronics Engineers
bps	bits per second	EĞ	electronic governor	IMS	improved motor starting
br.	brass	EGSA	Electrical Generating Systems	in.	inch
BTDC	before top dead center		Association	in. H <sub>2</sub> O	inches of water
Btu	British thermal unit	EIA	Electronic Industries	in. Hg	inches of mercury
Btu/min.	British thermal units per minute		Association	in. lb.	inch pounds
C	Celsius, centigrade	EI/EO	end inlet/end outlet	Inc.	incorporated
cal.	calorie	EMI	electromagnetic interference	ind.	industrial
CARR	controller area network	emiss.	emission	int.	internal
CARB	California Air Resources Board	eng.	engine	int./ext.	internal/external
CB	circuit breaker	EPA	Environmental Protection	I/O	input/output
cc CCA	cubic centimeter	EPS	Agency	IP	iron pipe
CCA CCW.	cold cranking amps counterclockwise	EPS ER	emergency power system emergency relay	ISO	International Organization for
CEC	Canadian Electrical Code	ES	engineering special,		Standardization
cert.	certificate, certification, certified	LO	engineering special, engineered special	J	joule
cert. cfh	cubic feet per hour	ESD	electrostatic discharge	JIS	Japanese Industry Standard
0111	Cabio loct por flodi	- '	· <b>3</b> -		

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k	kilo (1000)	MTBO	mean time between overhauls	rms	root mean square
K	kelvin	mtg.	mounting	rnd.	round
kA	kiloampere	MTU	Motoren-und Turbinen-Union	ROM	read only memory
KB	kilobyte (2 <sup>10</sup> bytes)	MW	megawatt	rot.	rotate, rotating
KBus	Kohler communication protocol	mW	milliwatt	rpm	revolutions per minute
kg	kilogram	μF	microfarad	RS	right side
kg/cm <sup>2</sup>	kilograms per square	N, norm.	normal (power source)	RTU	remote terminal unit
Kg/CIII	centimeter	NA	not available, not applicable	RTV	room temperature vulcanization
kgm	kilogram-meter		natural gas	RW	read/write
kg/m <sup>3</sup>	kilograms per cubic meter	nat. gas NBS	National Bureau of Standards	SAE	Society of Automotive
kHz	kilohertz	NC	normally closed	SAL	Engineers
kJ	kilojoule	NEC	,	scfm	standard cubic feet per minute
km	kilometer		National Electrical Code	SCR	silicon controlled rectifier
kOhm, kΩ		NEMA	National Electrical Manufacturers Association	s, sec.	second
kPa		NFPA	National Fire Protection	S, Sec.	Systeme international d'unites,
	kilopascal	INI FA	Association	Si	International System of Units
kph kV	kilometers per hour	Nm	newton meter	SI/EO	side in/end out
	kilovolt	NO	normally open	sil.	silencer
kVA	kilovolt ampere	no., nos.	number, numbers	SN	serial number
kVAR	kilovolt ampere reactive	NPS	National Pipe, Straight	SNMP	simple network management
kW	kilowatt	NPSC	National Pipe, Straight-coupling	SINIVII	protocol
kWh	kilowatt-hour	NPT	National Standard taper pipe	SPDT	single-pole, double-throw
kWm	kilowatt mechanical	INFI	thread per general use	SPST	single-pole, single-throw
kWth	kilowatt-thermal	NPTF	National Pipe, Taper-Fine	spec	specification
L	liter	NR	not required, normal relay	specs	specification(s)
LAN	local area network	ns	nanosecond	•	square
	length by width by height	OC		sq.	•
lb.	pound, pounds	OD	overcrank	sq. cm	square centimeter
lbm/ft <sup>3</sup>	pounds mass per cubic feet		outside diameter	sq. in.	square inch
LCB	line circuit breaker	OEM	original equipment manufacturer	SS	stainless steel
LCD	liquid crystal display	OF	overfrequency	std.	standard
ld. shd.	load shed		option, optional	stl.	steel
LED	light emitting diode	opt. OS	oversize, overspeed	tach.	tachometer
Lph	liters per hour	OSHA		TD	time delay
Lpm	liters per minute	USHA	Occupational Safety and Health Administration	TDC	top dead center
LOP	low oil pressure	OV	overvoltage	TDEC	time delay engine cooldown
LP	liquefied petroleum	OZ.	ounce	TDEN	time delay emergency to
LPG	liquefied petroleum gas		page, pages	TDEC	normal
LS	left side	p., pp. PC	personal computer	TDES	time delay engine start
L <sub>wa</sub>	sound power level, A weighted	PCB	printed circuit board	TDNE	time delay normal to
LWL	low water level	рF	picofarad	TDOE	emergency
LWT	low water temperature	ρr PF	power factor	TDOE	time delay off to emergency time delay off to normal
m	meter, milli (1/1000)		phase		•
M	mega (10 <sup>6</sup> when used with SI	ph., ∅	•	temp.	temperature terminal
	units), male	PHC	Phillips® head Crimptite® (screw)	term. THD	
m <sup>3</sup>	cubic meter	PHH	Phillips® hex head (screw)		total harmonic distortion
m <sup>3</sup> /hr.	and the contract of the contra				talanhana influence factor
3/:	cubic meters per hour		nan head machine (screw)	TIF	telephone influence factor
m³/min.	cubic meters per nour cubic meters per minute	PHM	pan head machine (screw)	TIR	total indicator reading
m°/min. mA	•	PHM PLC	programmable logic control	TIR tol.	total indicator reading tolerance
	cubic meters per minute	PHM PLC PMG	programmable logic control permanent magnet generator	TIR tol. turbo.	total indicator reading tolerance turbocharger
mA	cubic meters per minute milliampere	PHM PLC PMG pot	programmable logic control permanent magnet generator potentiometer, potential	TIR tol.	total indicator reading tolerance turbocharger typical (same in multiple
mA man.	cubic meters per minute milliampere manual	PHM PLC PMG pot ppm	programmable logic control permanent magnet generator potentiometer, potential parts per million	TIR tol. turbo. typ.	total indicator reading tolerance turbocharger typical (same in multiple locations)
mA man. max.	cubic meters per minute milliampere manual maximum	PHM PLC PMG pot	programmable logic control permanent magnet generator potentiometer, potential parts per million programmable read-only	TIR tol. turbo. typ. UF	total indicator reading tolerance turbocharger typical (same in multiple locations) underfrequency
mA man. max. MB	cubic meters per minute milliampere manual maximum megabyte (2 <sup>20</sup> bytes)	PHM PLC PMG pot ppm PROM	programmable logic control permanent magnet generator potentiometer, potential parts per million programmable read-only memory	TIR tol. turbo. typ. UF UHF	total indicator reading tolerance turbocharger typical (same in multiple locations) underfrequency ultrahigh frequency
mA man. max. MB MCCB	cubic meters per minute milliampere manual maximum megabyte (2 <sup>20</sup> bytes) molded-case circuit breaker	PHM PLC PMG pot ppm PROM	programmable logic control permanent magnet generator potentiometer, potential parts per million programmable read-only memory pounds per square inch	TIR tol. turbo. typ. UF UHF UL	total indicator reading tolerance turbocharger typical (same in multiple locations) underfrequency ultrahigh frequency Underwriter's Laboratories, Inc.
mA man. max. MB MCCB MCM	cubic meters per minute milliampere manual maximum megabyte (2 <sup>20</sup> bytes) molded-case circuit breaker one thousand circular mils	PHM PLC PMG pot ppm PROM psi psig	programmable logic control permanent magnet generator potentiometer, potential parts per million programmable read-only memory pounds per square inch pounds per square inch gauge	TIR tol. turbo. typ.  UF UHF UL UNC	total indicator reading tolerance turbocharger typical (same in multiple locations) underfrequency ultrahigh frequency Underwriter's Laboratories, Inc. unified coarse thread (was NC)
mA man. max. MB MCCB MCM meggar	cubic meters per minute milliampere manual maximum megabyte (2 <sup>20</sup> bytes) molded-case circuit breaker one thousand circular mils megohmmeter	PHM PLC PMG pot ppm PROM psi psig pt.	programmable logic control permanent magnet generator potentiometer, potential parts per million programmable read-only memory pounds per square inch pounds per square inch gauge pint	TIR tol. turbo. typ.  UF UHF UL UNC UNF	total indicator reading tolerance turbocharger typical (same in multiple locations) underfrequency ultrahigh frequency Underwriter's Laboratories, Inc. unified coarse thread (was NC) unified fine thread (was NF)
mA man. max. MB MCCB MCM meggar MHz	cubic meters per minute milliampere manual maximum megabyte (2 <sup>20</sup> bytes) molded-case circuit breaker one thousand circular mils megohmmeter megahertz	PHM PLC PMG pot ppm PROM psi psig pt. PTC	programmable logic control permanent magnet generator potentiometer, potential parts per million programmable read-only memory pounds per square inch pounds per square inch gauge pint positive temperature coefficient	TIR tol. turbo. typ.  UF UHF UL UNC UNF univ.	total indicator reading tolerance turbocharger typical (same in multiple locations) underfrequency ultrahigh frequency Underwriter's Laboratories, Inc. unified coarse thread (was NC) unified fine thread (was NF) universal
mA man. max. MB MCCB MCM meggar MHz mi. mil	cubic meters per minute milliampere manual maximum megabyte (2 <sup>20</sup> bytes) molded-case circuit breaker one thousand circular mils megohmmeter megahertz mile	PHM PLC PMG pot ppm PROM psi psig pt. PTC PTO	programmable logic control permanent magnet generator potentiometer, potential parts per million programmable read-only memory pounds per square inch pounds per square inch gauge pint positive temperature coefficient power takeoff	TIR tol. turbo. typ.  UF UHF UL UNC UNF univ. US	total indicator reading tolerance turbocharger typical (same in multiple locations) underfrequency ultrahigh frequency Underwriter's Laboratories, Inc. unified coarse thread (was NC) unified fine thread (was NF) universal undersize, underspeed
mA man. max. MB MCCB MCM meggar MHz mi.	cubic meters per minute milliampere manual maximum megabyte (2 <sup>20</sup> bytes) molded-case circuit breaker one thousand circular mils megohmmeter megahertz mile one one-thousandth of an inch	PHM PLC PMG pot ppm PROM  psi psig pt. PTC PTO PVC	programmable logic control permanent magnet generator potentiometer, potential parts per million programmable read-only memory pounds per square inch pounds per square inch gauge pint positive temperature coefficient power takeoff polyvinyl chloride	TIR tol. turbo. typ.  UF UHF UL UNC UNF univ. US UV	total indicator reading tolerance turbocharger typical (same in multiple locations) underfrequency ultrahigh frequency Underwriter's Laboratories, Inc. unified coarse thread (was NC) unified fine thread (was NF) universal undersize, underspeed ultraviolet, undervoltage
mA man. max. MB MCCB MCM meggar MHz mi. mil min. misc.	cubic meters per minute milliampere manual maximum megabyte (2 <sup>20</sup> bytes) molded-case circuit breaker one thousand circular mils megohmmeter megahertz mile one one-thousandth of an inch minimum, minute miscellaneous	PHM PLC PMG pot ppm PROM psi psig pt. PTC PTO PVC qt.	programmable logic control permanent magnet generator potentiometer, potential parts per million programmable read-only memory pounds per square inch pounds per square inch gauge pint positive temperature coefficient power takeoff polyvinyl chloride quart, quarts	TIR tol. turbo. typ.  UF UHF UL UNC UNF univ. US UV V	total indicator reading tolerance turbocharger typical (same in multiple locations) underfrequency ultrahigh frequency Underwriter's Laboratories, Inc. unified coarse thread (was NC) unified fine thread (was NF) universal undersize, underspeed ultraviolet, undervoltage volt
mA man. max. MB MCCB MCM meggar MHz mi. mil min. misc. MJ	cubic meters per minute milliampere manual maximum megabyte (2 <sup>20</sup> bytes) molded-case circuit breaker one thousand circular mils megahentz mile one one-thousandth of an inch minimum, minute miscellaneous megajoule	PHM PLC PMG pot ppm PROM  psi psig pt. PTC PTO PVC qt. qty.	programmable logic control permanent magnet generator potentiometer, potential parts per million programmable read-only memory pounds per square inch pounds per square inch gauge pint positive temperature coefficient power takeoff polyvinyl chloride quart, quarts quantity	TIR tol. turbo. typ.  UF UHF UL UNC UNF univ. US UV V VAC	total indicator reading tolerance turbocharger typical (same in multiple locations) underfrequency ultrahigh frequency Underwriter's Laboratories, Inc. unified coarse thread (was NC) unified fine thread (was NF) universal undersize, underspeed ultraviolet, undervoltage volt volts alternating current
mA man. max. MB MCCB MCM meggar MHz mi. mil min. misc. MJ mJ	cubic meters per minute milliampere manual maximum megabyte (2 <sup>20</sup> bytes) molded-case circuit breaker one thousand circular mils megahentz mile one one-thousandth of an inch minimum, minute miscellaneous megajoule millijoule	PHM PLC PMG pot ppm PROM psi psig pt. PTC PTO PVC qt.	programmable logic control permanent magnet generator potentiometer, potential parts per million programmable read-only memory pounds per square inch pounds per square inch gauge pint positive temperature coefficient power takeoff polyvinyl chloride quart, quarts quantity replacement (emergency)	TIR tol. turbo. typ.  UF UHF UL UNC UNF univ. US UV V VAC VAR	total indicator reading tolerance turbocharger typical (same in multiple locations) underfrequency ultrahigh frequency Underwriter's Laboratories, Inc. unified coarse thread (was NC) unified fine thread (was NF) universal undersize, underspeed ultraviolet, undervoltage volt volts alternating current voltampere reactive
mA man. max. MB MCCB MCM meggar MHz mi. mil min. misc. MJ mJ mm	cubic meters per minute milliampere manual maximum megabyte (2 <sup>20</sup> bytes) molded-case circuit breaker one thousand circular mils megohmmeter megahertz mile one one-thousandth of an inch minimum, minute miscellaneous megajoule millijoule millimeter	PHM PLC PMG pot ppm PROM  psi psig pt. PTC PTO PVC qt. qty. R	programmable logic control permanent magnet generator potentiometer, potential parts per million programmable read-only memory pounds per square inch pounds per square inch gauge pint positive temperature coefficient power takeoff polyvinyl chloride quart, quarts quantity replacement (emergency) power source	TIR tol. turbo. typ.  UF UHF UL UNC UNF univ. US UV V VAC VAR VDC	total indicator reading tolerance turbocharger typical (same in multiple locations) underfrequency ultrahigh frequency Underwriter's Laboratories, Inc. unified coarse thread (was NC) unified fine thread (was NF) universal undersize, underspeed ultraviolet, undervoltage volt volts alternating current voltampere reactive volts direct current
mA man. max. MB MCCB MCM meggar MHz mi. mil min. misc. MJ mJ mm mOhm, ms	cubic meters per minute milliampere manual maximum megabyte (2 <sup>20</sup> bytes) molded-case circuit breaker one thousand circular mils megohmmeter megahertz mile one one-thousandth of an inch minimum, minute miscellaneous megajoule millijoule millimeter	PHM PLC PMG pot ppm PROM  psi psig pt. PTC PTO PVC qt. qty. R  rad.	programmable logic control permanent magnet generator potentiometer, potential parts per million programmable read-only memory pounds per square inch pounds per square inch gauge pint positive temperature coefficient power takeoff polyvinyl chloride quart, quarts quantity replacement (emergency) power source radiator, radius	TIR tol. turbo. typ.  UF UHF UL UNC UNF univ. US UV V VAC VAR VDC VFD	total indicator reading tolerance turbocharger typical (same in multiple locations) underfrequency ultrahigh frequency Underwriter's Laboratories, Inc. unified coarse thread (was NC) unified fine thread (was NF) universal undersize, underspeed ultraviolet, undervoltage volt volts alternating current voltampere reactive volts direct current vacuum fluorescent display
mA man. max. MB MCCB MCM meggar MHz mi. mil min. misc. MJ mJ mM mOhm, ms MOhm, Ms	cubic meters per minute milliampere manual maximum megabyte (2 <sup>20</sup> bytes) molded-case circuit breaker one thousand circular mils megohmmeter megahertz mile one one-thousandth of an inch minimum, minute miscellaneous megajoule millijoule millimeter Ωmilliohm Ωmegohm	PHM PLC PMG pot ppm PROM  psi psig pt. PTC PTO PVC qt. qty. R  rad. RAM	programmable logic control permanent magnet generator potentiometer, potential parts per million programmable read-only memory pounds per square inch pounds per square inch gauge pint positive temperature coefficient power takeoff polyvinyl chloride quart, quarts quantity replacement (emergency) power source radiator, radius random access memory	TIR tol. turbo. typ.  UF UHF UL UNC UNF univ. US UV V VAC VAR VDC VFD VGA	total indicator reading tolerance turbocharger typical (same in multiple locations) underfrequency ultrahigh frequency Underwriter's Laboratories, Inc. unified coarse thread (was NC) unified fine thread (was NF) universal undersize, underspeed ultraviolet, undervoltage volt volts alternating current voltampere reactive volts direct current vacuum fluorescent display video graphics adapter
mA man. max. MB MCCB MCM meggar MHz mi. mil min. misc. MJ mJ mM mOhm, mS MOhm, MS	cubic meters per minute milliampere manual maximum megabyte (2 <sup>20</sup> bytes) molded-case circuit breaker one thousand circular mils megohmmeter megahertz mile one one-thousandth of an inch minimum, minute miscellaneous megajoule millijoule millimeter  milliohm  Ωmegohm metal oxide varistor	PHM PLC PMG pot ppm PROM  psi psig pt. PTC PTO PVC qt. qty. R  rad. RAM RDO	programmable logic control permanent magnet generator potentiometer, potential parts per million programmable read-only memory pounds per square inch pounds per square inch gauge pint positive temperature coefficient power takeoff polyvinyl chloride quart, quarts quantity replacement (emergency) power source radiator, radius random access memory relay driver output	TIR tol. turbo. typ.  UF UHF UL UNC UNF univ. US VV VAC VAR VDC VFD VGA VHF	total indicator reading tolerance turbocharger typical (same in multiple locations) underfrequency ultrahigh frequency Underwriter's Laboratories, Inc. unified coarse thread (was NC) unified fine thread (was NF) universal undersize, underspeed ultraviolet, undervoltage volt volts alternating current voltampere reactive volts direct current vacuum fluorescent display video graphics adapter very high frequency
mA man. max. MB MCCB MCM meggar MHz mi. mil min. misc. MJ mJ mM MOhm, MS MOV MPa	cubic meters per minute milliampere manual maximum megabyte (2 <sup>20</sup> bytes) molded-case circuit breaker one thousand circular mils megohmmeter megahertz mille one one-thousandth of an inch minimum, minute miscellaneous megajoule millijoule millimeter Ω milliohm Ωmegohm metal oxide varistor megapascal	PHM PLC PMG pot ppm PROM  psi psig pt. PTC PTO PVC qt. qty. R  rad. RAM RDO ref.	programmable logic control permanent magnet generator potentiometer, potential parts per million programmable read-only memory pounds per square inch pounds per square inch gauge pint positive temperature coefficient power takeoff polyvinyl chloride quart, quarts quantity replacement (emergency) power source radiator, radius random access memory relay driver output reference	TIR tol. turbo. typ.  UF UHF UL UNC UNF univ. US UV V VAC VAR VDC VFD VGA VHF W	total indicator reading tolerance turbocharger typical (same in multiple locations) underfrequency ultrahigh frequency Underwriter's Laboratories, Inc. unified coarse thread (was NC) unified fine thread (was NF) universal undersize, underspeed ultraviolet, undervoltage volt volts alternating current voltampere reactive volts direct current vacuum fluorescent display video graphics adapter very high frequency watt
mA man. max. MB MCCB MCM meggar MHz mi. mil min. misc. MJ mJ mM MOhm, MS MOV MPa mpg	cubic meters per minute milliampere manual maximum megabyte (2 <sup>20</sup> bytes) molded-case circuit breaker one thousand circular mils megohmmeter megahertz mille one one-thousandth of an inch minimum, minute miscellaneous megajoule millijoule millijoule millijoule millimeter  megapascal miles per gallon	PHM PLC PMG pot ppm PROM  psi psig pt. PTC PTO PVC qt. qty. R  rad. RAM RDO ref. rem.	programmable logic control permanent magnet generator potentiometer, potential parts per million programmable read-only memory pounds per square inch pounds per square inch gauge pint positive temperature coefficient power takeoff polyvinyl chloride quart, quarts quantity replacement (emergency) power source radiator, radius random access memory relay driver output reference remote	TIR tol. turbo. typ.  UF UHF UL UNC UNF univ. US UV V VAC VAR VDC VFD VGA VHF W WCR	total indicator reading tolerance turbocharger typical (same in multiple locations) underfrequency ultrahigh frequency Underwriter's Laboratories, Inc. unified coarse thread (was NC) unified fine thread (was NF) universal undersize, underspeed ultraviolet, undervoltage volt volts alternating current voltampere reactive volts direct current vacuum fluorescent display video graphics adapter very high frequency watt withstand and closing rating
mA man. max. MB MCCB MCM meggar MHz mi. mil min. misc. MJ mJ mMOhm, MS MOV MPa mpg mph	cubic meters per minute milliampere manual maximum megabyte (2 <sup>20</sup> bytes) molded-case circuit breaker one thousand circular mils megohmmeter megahertz mille one one-thousandth of an inch minimum, minute miscellaneous megajoule millijoule millijoule millimeter  milliohm  Ωmegohm metal oxide varistor megapascal miles per gallon miles per hour	PHM PLC PMG pot ppm PROM  psi psig pt. PTC PTO PVC qt. qty. R  rad. RAM RDO ref. rem. Res/Coml	programmable logic control permanent magnet generator potentiometer, potential parts per million programmable read-only memory pounds per square inch pounds per square inch gauge pint positive temperature coefficient power takeoff polyvinyl chloride quart, quarts quantity replacement (emergency) power source radiator, radius random access memory relay driver output reference remote Residential/Commercial	TIR tol. turbo. typ.  UF UHF UL UNC UNF univ. US UV V VAC VAR VDC VFD VGA VHF W WCR w/	total indicator reading tolerance turbocharger typical (same in multiple locations) underfrequency ultrahigh frequency Underwriter's Laboratories, Inc. unified coarse thread (was NC) unified fine thread (was NF) universal undersize, underspeed ultraviolet, undervoltage volt volts alternating current voltampere reactive volts direct current vacuum fluorescent display video graphics adapter very high frequency watt withstand and closing rating with
mA man. max. MB MCCB MCM meggar MHz mi. mil min. misc. MJ mJ mMOhm, MS MOV MPa mpg mph MS	cubic meters per minute milliampere manual maximum megabyte (2 <sup>20</sup> bytes) molded-case circuit breaker one thousand circular mils megohmmeter megahertz mille one one-thousandth of an inch minimum, minute miscellaneous megajoule millijoule millijoule millimeter Ω milliohm Ω megohm metal oxide varistor megapascal miles per gallon miles per hour military standard	PHM PLC PMG pot ppm PROM  psi psig pt. PTC PTO PVC qt. qty. R  rad. RAM RDO ref. rem. Res/Coml RFI	programmable logic control permanent magnet generator potentiometer, potential parts per million programmable read-only memory pounds per square inch pounds per square inch gauge pint positive temperature coefficient power takeoff polyvinyl chloride quart, quarts quantity replacement (emergency) power source radiator, radius random access memory relay driver output reference remote Residential/Commercial radio frequency interference	TIR tol. turbo. typ.  UF UHF UL UNC UNF univ. US UV V VAC VAR VDC VFD VGA VHF W WCR w/ w/o	total indicator reading tolerance turbocharger typical (same in multiple locations) underfrequency ultrahigh frequency Underwriter's Laboratories, Inc. unified coarse thread (was NC) unified fine thread (was NF) universal undersize, underspeed ultraviolet, undervoltage volt volts alternating current voltampere reactive volts direct current vacuum fluorescent display video graphics adapter very high frequency watt withstand and closing rating with without
mA man. max. MB MCCB MCM meggar MHz mi. mil min. misc. MJ mJ mMOhm, MS MOV MPa mpg mph MS ms	cubic meters per minute milliampere manual maximum megabyte (2 <sup>20</sup> bytes) molded-case circuit breaker one thousand circular mils megohmmeter megahertz mile one one-thousandth of an inch minimum, minute miscellaneous megajoule millijoule millimeter  Ωmilliohm Ωmegohm metal oxide varistor megapascal miles per gallon miles per hour military standard millisecond	PHM PLC PMG pot ppm PROM  psi psig pt. PTC PTO PVC qt. qty. R  rad. RAM RDO ref. rem. Res/Coml RFI RH	programmable logic control permanent magnet generator potentiometer, potential parts per million programmable read-only memory pounds per square inch pounds per square inch gauge pint positive temperature coefficient power takeoff polyvinyl chloride quart, quarts quantity replacement (emergency) power source radiator, radius random access memory relay driver output reference remote Residential/Commercial radio frequency interference round head	TIR tol. turbo. typ.  UF UHF UL UNC UNF univ. US UV V VAC VAR VDC VFD VGA VHF W WCR w/ w/o wt.	total indicator reading tolerance turbocharger typical (same in multiple locations) underfrequency ultrahigh frequency Underwriter's Laboratories, Inc. unified coarse thread (was NC) unified fine thread (was NF) universal undersize, underspeed ultraviolet, undervoltage volt volts alternating current voltampere reactive volts direct current vacuum fluorescent display video graphics adapter very high frequency watt withstand and closing rating with without weight
mA man. max. MB MCCB MCM meggar MHz mi. mil min. misc. MJ mJ mMOhm, MS MOV MPa mpg mph MS	cubic meters per minute milliampere manual maximum megabyte (2 <sup>20</sup> bytes) molded-case circuit breaker one thousand circular mils megohmmeter megahertz mille one one-thousandth of an inch minimum, minute miscellaneous megajoule millijoule millijoule millimeter Ω milliohm Ω megohm metal oxide varistor megapascal miles per gallon miles per hour military standard	PHM PLC PMG pot ppm PROM  psi psig pt. PTC PTO PVC qt. qty. R  rad. RAM RDO ref. rem. Res/Coml RFI	programmable logic control permanent magnet generator potentiometer, potential parts per million programmable read-only memory pounds per square inch pounds per square inch gauge pint positive temperature coefficient power takeoff polyvinyl chloride quart, quarts quantity replacement (emergency) power source radiator, radius random access memory relay driver output reference remote Residential/Commercial radio frequency interference	TIR tol. turbo. typ.  UF UHF UL UNC UNF univ. US UV V VAC VAR VDC VFD VGA VHF W WCR w/ w/o	total indicator reading tolerance turbocharger typical (same in multiple locations) underfrequency ultrahigh frequency Underwriter's Laboratories, Inc. unified coarse thread (was NC) unified fine thread (was NF) universal undersize, underspeed ultraviolet, undervoltage volt volts alternating current voltampere reactive volts direct current vacuum fluorescent display video graphics adapter very high frequency watt withstand and closing rating with without

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