Service

Industrial Generator Sets



Models: 20-200 kW

Alternators:

Fast-Response[™] X (Permanent Magnet Alternator) 4P_X 4Q_X 4R_X 4S_X 4T_X



_____ TP-6783 12/11a

KOHLER.

POWER SYSTEMS_

California Proposition 65

Engine exhaust from this product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or other reproductive harm.

Product Identification Information

Product identification numbers determine service parts. Record the product identification numbers in the spaces below immediately after unpacking the products so that the numbers are readily available for future reference. Record field-installed kit numbers after installing the kits.

Generator Set Identification Numbers

Record the product identification numbers from the generator set nameplate(s).

Model Designation

Specification Number

Serial Number

Accessory Number Accessory Description

Controller Identification

Record the controller description from the generator set operation manual, spec sheet, or sales invoice.

Controller Description

Engine Identification

Record the product identification information from the engine nameplate.

Manufacturer

Model Designation _____

Serial Number _____

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Notes

IMPORTANT SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS. Electromechanical equipment, including generator sets, transfer switches, switchgear, and accessories, can cause bodily harm and pose life-threatening danger when improperly installed, operated, or maintained. To prevent accidents be aware of potential dangers and act safely. Read and follow all safety precautions and instructions. SAVE THESE INSTRUCTIONS.

This manual has several types of safety precautions and instructions: Danger, Warning, Caution, and Notice.



Danger indicates the presence of a hazard that *will cause severe personal injury, death*, or *substantial property damage*.



WARNING

Warning indicates the presence of a hazard that *can cause severe personal injury, death,* or *substantial property damage*.



Caution indicates the presence of a hazard that *will* or *can cause minor personal injury* or *property damage*.

NOTICE

Notice communicates installation, operation, or maintenance information that is safety related but not hazard related.

Safety decals affixed to the equipment in prominent places alert the operator or service technician to potential hazards and explain how to act safely. The decals are shown throughout this publication to improve operator recognition. Replace missing or damaged decals.

Accidental Starting





Accidental starting. Can cause severe injury or death.

Disconnect the battery cables before working on the generator set. Remove the negative (-) lead first when disconnecting the battery. Reconnect the negative (-) lead last when reconnecting the battery.

Disabling the generator set. Accidental starting can cause severe injury or death. Before working on the generator set or connected equipment, disable the generator set as follows: (1) Move the generator set master switch to the OFF position. (2) Disconnect the power to the battery charger. (3) Remove the battery cables, negative (-) lead first. Reconnect the negative (-) lead last when reconnecting the battery. Follow these precautions to prevent starting of the generator set by an automatic transfer switch, remote start/stop switch, or engine start command from a remote computer.

(Decision-Maker® 550)

Disabling the generator set. Accidental starting can cause severe injury or death. Before working on the generator set or equipment connected to the set, disable the generator set as follows: (1) Press the generator set off/reset button to shut down the generator set. (2) Disconnect the power to the battery charger, if equipped. (3) Remove the battery cables, negative (-) lead first. Reconnect the negative (-) lead last when reconnecting the battery. Follow these precautions to prevent the starting of the generator set by the remote start/stop switch.

(Decision-Maker® 3000 and 6000)

Battery

A WARNING



Sulfuric acid in batteries. Can cause severe injury or death.

Wear protective goggles and clothing. Battery acid may cause blindness and burn skin.



Battery electrolyte is a diluted sulfuric acid. Battery acid can cause severe injury or death. Battery acid can cause blindness and burn skin. Always wear splashproof safety goggles, rubber gloves, and boots when servicing the battery. Do not open a sealed battery or mutilate the battery case. If battery acid splashes in the eyes or on the skin, immediately flush the affected area for 15 minutes with large quantities of clean water. Seek immediate medical aid in the case of eye contact. Never add acid to a battery after placing the battery in service, as this may result in hazardous spattering of battery acid.

Battery acid cleanup. Battery acid can cause severe injury or death. Battery acid is electrically conductive and corrosive. Add 500 g (1 lb.) of bicarbonate of soda (baking soda) to a container with 4 L (1 gal.) of water and mix the neutralizing solution. Pour the neutralizing solution on the spilled battery acid and continue to add the neutralizing solution to the spilled battery acid until all evidence of a chemical reaction (foaming) has ceased. Flush the resulting liquid with water and dry the area.

Battery gases. Explosion can cause

severe injury or death. Battery gases can cause an explosion. Do not smoke or permit flames or sparks to occur near a battery at any time, particularly when it is charging. Do not dispose of a battery in a fire. To prevent burns and sparks that could cause an explosion, avoid touching the battery terminals with tools or other metal objects. Remove all jewelry before servicing the equipment. Discharge static electricity from your body before touching batteries by first touching a grounded metal surface away from the battery. To avoid sparks, do not disturb the battery charger connections while the battery is charging. Always turn the battery charger off before disconnecting the battery connections. Ventilate the compartments containing batteries to prevent accumulation of explosive gases.

Battery short circuits. Explosion can cause severe injury or death. Short circuits can cause bodily injury and/or equipment damage. Disconnect the battery before installation generator set or maintenance. Remove all jewelry before servicing the equipment. Use tools with insulated handles. Remove the negative (-) lead first when disconnecting the battery. Reconnect the negative (-) lead last when reconnecting the battery. Never connect the negative (-) battery cable to the positive (+) connection terminal of the starter solenoid. Do not test the battery condition by shorting the terminals together.

Engine Backfire/Flash Fire



Servicing the fuel system. A flash fire can cause severe injury or death. Do not smoke or permit flames or sparks near the carburetor, fuel line, fuel filter, fuel pump, or other potential sources of spilled fuels or fuel vapors. Catch fuels in an approved container when removing the fuel line or carburetor.

(Gas-fueled model)

Servicing the fuel system. A flash fire can cause severe injury or death. Do not smoke or permit flames or sparks near the fuel injection system, fuel line, fuel filter, fuel pump, or other potential sources of spilled fuels or fuel vapors. Catch fuels in an approved container when removing the fuel line or fuel system.

(Diesel-fueled model)

Servicing the air cleaner. A sudden backfire can cause severe injury or death. Do not operate the generator set with the air cleaner removed.

Combustible materials. A fire can cause severe injury or death. Generator set engine fuels and fuel vapors are flammable and explosive. Handle these materials carefully to minimize the risk of fire or explosion. Equip the compartment or nearby area with a fully charged fire extinguisher. Select a fire extinguisher rated ABC or BC for electrical fires or as recommended by the local fire code or an authorized agency. Train all personnel on fire extinguisher operation and fire prevention procedures.

Exhaust System



Generator set operation. Carbon monoxide can cause severe nausea, fainting, or death. Carbon monoxide is an odorless, colorless, tasteless, nonirritating gas that can cause death if inhaled for even a short time. Avoid breathing exhaust fumes when working on or near the generator set. Never operate the generator set inside a building unless the exhaust gas is piped safely outside. Never operate the generator set where exhaust gas could accumulate and seep back inside a potentially occupied building.

Carbon monoxide symptoms. Carbon monoxide can cause severe nausea, fainting, or death. Carbon monoxide is a poisonous gas present in exhaust gases. Carbon monoxide is an odorless, colorless, tasteless, nonirritating gas that can cause death if inhaled for even a short time. Carbon monoxide poisoning symptoms include but are not limited to the following:

• Light-headedness, dizziness

- Physical fatigue, weakness in joints and muscles
- Sleepiness, mental fatigue, inability to concentrate or speak clearly, blurred vision

• Stomachache, vomiting, nausea If experiencing any of these symptoms and carbon monoxide poisoning is possible, seek fresh air immediately and remain active. Do not sit, lie down, or fall asleep. Alert others to the possibility of carbon monoxide poisoning. Seek medical attention if the condition of affected persons does not improve within minutes of breathing fresh air.



Explosive fuel vapors. Can cause severe injury or death.

Use extreme care when handling, storing, and using fuels.

The fuel system. Explosive fuel vapors can cause severe injury or death. Vaporized fuels are highly explosive. Use extreme care when handling and storing fuels. Store fuels in a well-ventilated area away from spark-producing equipment and out of the reach of children. Never add fuel to the tank while the engine is running because spilled fuel may ignite on contact with hot parts or from sparks. Do not smoke or permit flames or sparks to occur near sources of spilled fuel or fuel vapors. Keep the fuel lines and connections tight and in good condition. Do not replace flexible fuel lines with rigid lines. Use flexible sections to avoid fuel line breakage caused by vibration. Do not operate the generator set in the presence of fuel leaks, fuel accumulation, or sparks. Repair fuel systems before resuming generator set operation.

Explosive fuel vapors can cause severe injury or death. Take additional precautions when using the following fuels:

Propane (LP)—Adequate ventilation is mandatory. Because propane is heavier than air, install propane gas detectors low in a room. Inspect the detectors per the manufacturer's instructions.

Natural Gas—Adequate ventilation is mandatory. Because natural gas rises, install natural gas detectors high in a room. Inspect the detectors per the manufacturer's instructions.

Fuel tanks. Explosive fuel vapors can cause severe injury or death. Gasoline and other volatile fuels stored in day tanks or subbase fuel tanks can cause an explosion. Store only diesel fuel in tanks. Draining the fuel system. Explosive fuel vapors can cause severe injury or death. Spilled fuel can cause an explosion. Use a container to catch fuel when draining the fuel system. Wipe up spilled fuel after draining the system.

Gas fuel leaks. Explosive fuel vapors can cause severe injury or death. Fuel leakage can cause an explosion. Check the LP vapor gas or natural gas fuel system for leakage by using a soap and water solution with the fuel system test pressurized to 6-8 ounces per square inch (10-14 inches water column). Do not use a soap solution containing either ammonia or chlorine because both prevent bubble formation. A successful test depends on the ability of the solution to bubble.

LP liquid withdrawal fuel leaks. Explosive fuel vapors can cause severe injury or death. Fuel leakage can cause an explosion. Check the LP liquid withdrawal gas fuel system for leakage by using a soap and water solution with the fuel system test pressurized to at least 90 psi (621 kPa). Do not use a soap solution containing either ammonia or chlorine because both prevent bubble formation. A successful test depends on the ability of the solution to bubble.

Hazardous Noise

A CAUTION



Hazardous noise. Can cause hearing loss.

Never operate the generator set without a muffler or with a faulty exhaust system.

Engine noise. Hazardous noise can cause hearing loss. Generator sets not equipped with sound enclosures can produce noise levels greater than 105 dBA. Prolonged exposure to noise levels greater than 85 dBA can cause permanent hearing loss. Wear hearing protection when near an operating generator set.

Hazardous Voltage/ Moving Parts



Disconnect all power sources before opening the enclosure.





Hazardous voltage. Backfeed to the utility system can cause property damage, severe injury, or death.

If the generator set is used for standby power, install an automatic transfer switch to prevent inadvertent interconnection of standby and normal sources of supply.



Welding the generator set. Can cause severe electrical equipment damage.

Never weld components of the generator set without first disconnecting the battery, controller wiring harness, and engine electronic control module (ECM).

Grounding electrical equipment. Hazardous voltage can cause severe injury or death. Electrocution is possible whenever electricity is present. Ensure you comply with all applicable codes and standards. Electrically ground the generator set, transfer switch, and related equipment and electrical circuits. Turn off the main circuit breakers of all power sources before servicing the equipment. Never contact electrical leads or appliances when standing in water or on wet ground because these conditions increase the risk of electrocution.

Disconnecting the electrical load. Hazardous voltage can cause severe injury or death. Disconnect the generator set from the load by turning off the line circuit breaker or by disconnecting the generator set output leads from the transfer switch and heavily taping the ends of the leads. High voltage transferred to the load during testing may cause personal injury and equipment damage.

High voltage test. Hazardous voltage can cause severe injury or death. Follow the instructions of the test equipment manufacturer when performing high-voltage tests on the rotor or stator. An improper test procedure can damage equipment or lead to generator set failure.

Testing the photo transistor circuit board. Hazardous voltage can cause severe injury or death. When the end cover is removed, do not expose the photo transistor circuit board mounted on the generator set end bracket to any external light source, as exposure to light causes high voltage. Keep foreign sources of light away from the photo transistor circuit board during testing. Place black electrical tape over the LED on the circuit board before starting the generator set.

Installing the photo transistor circuit board. Hazardous voltage can cause severe injury or death. Ensure that the foil side of the photo transistor circuit board, the end of the shaft, and the threaded holes are clean and free of metal particles and chips. Metal debris may short-circuit the photo transistor circuit board and cause hazardous voltage in the generator set. Do not reconnect the generator set to the load until the AC voltmeter shows the correct output.

Welding on the generator set. Can cause severe electrical equipment damage. Before welding on the generator set perform the following steps: (1) Remove the battery cables, negative (-) lead first. (2) Disconnect all engine electronic control module (ECM) connectors. (3) Disconnect all generator set controller and voltage regulator circuit board connectors. (4) Disconnect the engine batteryalternator connections. charaina (5) Attach the weld ground connection close to the weld location.

Installing the battery charger. Hazardous voltage can cause severe injury or death. An ungrounded battery charger may cause electrical shock. Connect the battery charger enclosure to the ground of a permanent wiring system. As an alternative, install an equipment grounding conductor with circuit conductors and connect it to the equipment grounding terminal or the lead on the battery charger. Install the battery charger as prescribed in the equipment manual. Install the battery charger in compliance with local codes and ordinances.

Connecting the battery and the battery charger. Hazardous voltage can cause severe injury or death. Reconnect the battery correctly, positive to positive and negative to negative, to avoid electrical shock and damage to the battery charger and battery(ies). Have a qualified electrician install the battery(ies).

Short circuits. Hazardous voltage/current can cause severe injury or death. Short circuits can cause bodily injury and/or equipment damage. Do not contact electrical connections with tools or jewelry while making adjustments or repairs. Remove all jewelry before servicing the equipment.

Engine block heater. Hazardous voltage can cause severe injury or death. The engine block heater can cause electrical shock. Remove the engine block heater plug from the electrical outlet before working on the block heater electrical connections.

Electrical backfeed to the utility. Hazardous backfeed voltage can cause severe injury or death. Install a transfer switch in standby power installations to prevent the connection of standby and other sources of power. Electrical backfeed into a utility electrical system can cause severe injury or death to utility personnel working on power lines.

Testing live electrical circuits. Hazardous voltage or current can cause severe injury or death. Have trained and gualified personnel take diagnostic measurements of live circuits. Use adequately rated test equipment with electrically insulated probes and follow the instructions of the test equipment manufacturer when performing voltage tests. Observe the following precautions when performing voltage tests: (1) Remove all jewelry. (2) Stand on a dry, approved electrically insulated mat. (3) Do not touch the enclosure or components inside the enclosure. (4) Be prepared for the system to operate automatically. (600 volts and under)

Servicing the generator set when it is operating. Exposed moving parts can cause severe injury or death. Keep hands, feet, hair, clothing, and test leads away from the belts and pulleys when the generator set is running. Replace guards, screens, and covers before operating the generator set.



WARNING

Airborne particles. Can cause severe injury or blindness.

Wear protective goggles and clothing when using power tools, hand tools, or compressed air.

Heavy Equipment



Unbalanced weight. Improper lifting can cause severe injury or death and equipment damage.

Do not use lifting eyes.

Lift the generator set using lifting bars inserted through the lifting holes on the skid.

Hot Parts



Hot coolant and steam. Can cause severe injury or death.

Before removing the pressure cap, stop the generator set and allow it to cool. Then loosen the pressure cap to relieve pressure.



Hot engine and exhaust system. Can cause severe injury or death.

Do not work on the generator set until it cools.

Servicing the alternator. Hot parts can cause severe injury or death. Avoid touching the alternator field or exciter armature. When shorted, the alternator field and exciter armature become hot enough to cause severe burns.

Servicing the exhaust system. Hot parts can cause severe injury or death. Do not touch hot engine parts. The engine and exhaust system components become extremely hot during operation.

Notice



NOTICE

Voltage reconnection. Affix a notice to the generator set after reconnecting the set to a voltage different from the voltage on the nameplate. Order voltage reconnection decal 246242 from an authorized service distributor/dealer.

NOTICE

Canadian installations only. For standby service connect the output of the generator set to a suitably rated transfer switch in accordance with Canadian Electrical Code, Part 1.

Notes

This manual provides troubleshooting and repair instructions for the generator set models listed on the front cover using permanent magnet alternators.

Wiring diagram manuals are available separately.

Refer to the generator set controller operation manual for operating instructions. Refer to the engine operation manual for generator set engine scheduled maintenance information. Refer to the engine service manual for generator set engine repair and overhaul information.

Information in this publication represents data available at the time of print. Kohler Co. reserves the right to change this publication and the products represented without notice and without any obligation or liability whatsoever.

Read this manual and carefully follow all procedures and safety precautions to ensure proper equipment operation and to avoid bodily injury. Read and follow the Safety Precautions and Instructions section at the beginning of this manual. Keep this manual with the equipment for future reference. The equipment service requirements are very important to safe and efficient operation. Inspect the parts often and perform required service at the prescribed intervals. Maintenance work must be performed by appropriately skilled and suitably trained maintenance personnel familiar with generator set operation and service.

List of Related Materials

Separate literature contains voltage regulator setup information not provided in this manual. Figure 1 lists the available literature part numbers.

Manual Description	Literature Part No.
Decision-Maker [®] 550 Controller Operation Manual	TP-6200
Decision-Maker [®] 550 Controller Setup and Application Manual	TP-6140
Decision-Maker [®] 3000 Controller Operation Manual	TP-6694
Decision-Maker [®] 6000 Controller Operation Manual	TP-6750
Controller Service Manual	TP-6356

Figure 1 Related Literature

Service Assistance

For professional advice on generator set power requirements and conscientious service, please contact your nearest Kohler distributor or dealer.

- Consult the Yellow Pages under the heading Generators—Electric.
- Visit the Kohler Power Systems website at KohlerPower.com.
- Look at the labels and stickers on your Kohler product or review the appropriate literature or documents included with the product.
- Call toll free in the US and Canada 1-800-544-2444.
- Outside the US and Canada, call the nearest regional office.

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Power Systems Asia Pacific Regional Office Singapore, Republic of Singapore Phone: (65) 6264-6422 Fax: (65) 6264-6455

China

North China Regional Office, Beijing Phone: (86) 10 6518 7950 (86) 10 6518 7951 (86) 10 6518 7952 Fax: (86) 10 6518 7955 East China Regional Office, Shanghai

Phone: (86) 21 6288 0500 Fax: (86) 21 6288 0550

India, Bangladesh, Sri Lanka

India Regional Office Bangalore, India Phone: (91) 80 3366208 (91) 80 3366231 Fax: (91) 80 3315972

Japan, Korea

North Asia Regional Office Tokyo, Japan Phone: (813) 3440-4515 Fax: (813) 3440-2727

Latin America

Latin America Regional Office Lakeland, Florida, USA Phone: (863) 619-7568 Fax: (863) 701-7131

1.1 Introduction

The specification sheets for each generator set provide specific alternator and engine information. Refer to the respective specification sheet for data not supplied in this manual. Consult the generator set operation manual, installation manual, engine operation manual, and engine service manual for additional specifications.

A permanent magnet alternator is identified with one of the following designations: $4P_X$, $4Q_X$, $4R_X$, $4S_X$, or $4T_X$. Example: Gen. Model 4S12X. The first alpha character (S) identifies the alternator family and the last character (X) denotes the Fast-Response $\times X$ alternator.

The generator set has a rotating-field alternator with a smaller rotating-armature alternator turned by a common shaft. The main rotating-field alternator supplies current to load circuits while the rotating-armature (exciter) alternator supplies DC to excite the main alternator's field.

The generator set has a 4-pole, rotating-field with brushless, permanent magnet alternator excitation system. The PM system provides short-circuit excitation current up to 300% at 60 Hz (approximately 275% at 50 Hz) for a minimum of 10 seconds to allow selective circuit breaker tripping.

Voltage regulation is provided by the generator set controller. Refer to the respective Controller Operation Manual and Controller Service Manual for additional voltage regulator information.

1.2 20-200 kW/25-250 kVA Permanent Magnet Alternator Concept

The alternator excitation system uses a permanent, rare-earth magnet exciter with a silicon controlled rectifier (SCR) assembly which controls the amount of DC current fed to the alternator field. This type of system uses a controller voltage regulator which signals the SCR assembly through an optical coupling. The controller voltage regulator monitors engine speed and alternator output voltage to turn a stationary light emitting diode (LED) on or off, according to engine speed and output voltage. The LED is mounted on the end bracket opposite a photo transistor board which rotates on the shaft. The photo transistor picks up the signal from the LED and tells the SCR assembly to turn on or off, depending upon the need, as dictated by the controller voltage regulator. See Figure 1-1.

The voltage recovery period of this type of alternator is several times faster than the conventionally wound field brushless alternator because it does not have to contend with the inductance of the exciter field. It also has better recovery characteristics than the static excited machine because it is not dependent upon the generator set output voltage for excitation power. Possibly the greatest advantage of this type machine is its inherent ability to support short-circuit current and allow system coordination for tripping downstream branch circuit breakers.

The alternator system delivers exciter current to the main field within 0.05 seconds of a change in load demand.

1.3 Short Circuit Performance

When a short circuit occurs in the load circuit(s) being served, output voltage drops and amperage momentarily rises to 600%-1000% of the generator set's rated current until the short is removed. The SCR assembly sends full exciter power to the main field. The alternator then sustains up to 300% of its rated current. Sustained high current will cause correspondingly rated load circuit fuses/breakers to trip. The *controller alternator protection* feature serves to collapse the alternator's main field in the event of a sustained heavy overload or short circuit.



Figure 1-1 Alternator Schematic

1.4 Electrical Values

Alternator Models->	4P4X/4Q4X	4P5X/4Q5X	4P7BX/4Q7BX	4P8X/4Q8X	4P10X/4Q10X
Component Specification		Cold Re	sistance Value (ir	n ohms)	
Stator windings, 12 lead 4PX	0.134	0.101	0.069	0.047	0.035
Stator windings, 6 lead (600 volt) 4PX	0.219	0.149	0.118	0.088	0.055
Stator windings, 4 lead (1 PH) 4QX	0.049	0.034	0.025	0.024	0.016
Rotor windings	4.20	4.83	5.65	6.08	6.84
Exciter armature windings	0.9	0.9	0.8	0.8	0.8

Alternator Models->	4R9X/4T9X	4R12X/4T12X	4R13X/4T13X	4S12X	4S13X
Component Specification		Cold Re	sistance Value (i	n ohms)	
Stator windings, 12 lead	0.033	0.020	0.017	0.018	0.015
Stator windings, 6 lead (600 volt)	0.110	0.076	0.043	0.070	0.059
Stator windings, 4 lead (1 PH) 4TX	0.040	0.026	0.022		
Rotor windings	4.93	5.88	6.37	4.50	4.80
Exciter armature windings	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.4

1.5 Torque Values and Assembly Specifications

Use the torque values shown below during alternator assembly. For assembly torque values not shown, use the guidelines in Appendix C, General Torque Specifications.

Alternator Models->	4PX, 4QX	4RX, 4TX	4SX
Component Specification		Torque Value	
LED optic board holder to end bracket screws		6.2 Nm (4.6 ft. lb.)	
End bracket to stator assembly bolts		45 Nm (34 ft. lb.)	
Generator adapter to stator assembly bolts		45 Nm (34 ft. lb.)	
Alternator fan to rotor assembly bolts		26.4 Nm (19.5 ft. lb.)	
Drive discs to rotor assembly bolts	65 Nm (4	48 ft. lb.)	115 Nm (85 ft. lb.)
Ground lug to stator assembly bolts	9.5 Nm (7.0 ft. lb.)	22.7 Nm (16.8 ft. lb.)	45.0 Nm (34.0 ft. lb.)
Exciter armature to rotor assembly bolt		194 Nm (43 ft. lb.)	
Ground lead to ground stud M6 bolt	4PX: 9.5 Nm (7.0 ft. lb.)	—	—
Ground lead to ground stud M8 bolt	4QX: 22.7 Nm (16.8 ft. lb.)	4RX: 22.7 Nm (16.8 ft. lb.)	—
Ground lead to ground stud M10 bolt	—	4TX: 45 Nm (34 ft. lb.)	45 Nm (34 ft. lb.)
Activator board hex nuts		1.3 Nm (12 in. lb.)	
Exciter armature leads to activator board elastic stop nuts		1.3 Nm (12 in. lb.)	
Rotor shaft bearing location	Tight with rotor shaft shou	llder at approx. 85.7 mm (3.3	7 in.) from shaft end
End bracket to bearing outer race clearance		6.35 mm (0.25 in.)	
Alternator adapter to flywheel housing bolts		See chart following	
Drive discs to flywheel bolts		See chart following	

1.6 Alternator Adapter to Flywheel Housing Torque Values

Model	Engine	Alternator	Hardware Type,	Torque, Nm (ft. lb.)	Hardware Sequence
50-80 kW	GM		3/8-16, grade 8 bolt	53 (39)	
50.00.004		4PX, 4QX	3/8-16, grade 8 bolt	50 (00)	
50-80 KW	John Deere		M10, grade 10.9 bolt	53 (39)	
100-150 kW	GM		3/8-16 grade 8 bolt	53 (39)	
			3/8-16 grade 8 bolt	53 (39)	
100-150 kW	John Deere	4RX, 41X	7/16-14, grade 8 bolt	60 (44)	Bolt, nardened washer
			M10, grade 10.9 bolt	65 (48)	
			3/8-16, grade 8 bolt	53 (39)	
180/200 kW	John Deere	4SX	7/16-14, grade 8 bolt	85 (63)	
			M10, grade 10.9 bolt	65 (48)	

1.7 Drive Discs to Flywheel Torque Values

Model	Engine	Alt.	Hardware Type,	Torque, Nm (ft. lb.)	Hardware Sequence
50-80 kW 50-80 kW	GM John Deere	4PX, 4QX	3/8-16, grade 8 stud	53 (39)	
100-150 kW 100-150 kW	GM John Deere	4RX, 4TX	3/8-16, grade 8 stud	53 (39)	Stud, spacer, nardened washer, nut
180/200 kW	John Deere	4SX	1/2-13, grade 8 bolt	130 (96)	Bolt, hardened washer

This section contains generator set troubleshooting, diagnostic, and repair information.

Use the chart on the following page to diagnose and correct common problems. First check for simple causes such as a dead engine starting battery or an open circuit breaker. The chart includes a list of common problems, possible causes of the problem, recommended corrective actions, and references to detailed information or repair procedures. Maintain a record of repairs and adjustments performed on the equipment. If the procedures in this manual do not explain how to correct the problem, contact an authorized distributor/dealer. Use the record to help describe the problem and repairs or adjustments made to the equipment.

	Section or Publication Reference*			ATS O/M	ATS O/M, S/M	Gen. S/M, W/D	Gen. S/M	Gen. S/M		Gen. O/M, S/M		Gen. S/M	Gen. S/M	Gen. O/M, W/D		Gen. O/M	Gen. O/M, W/D, ATS O/M, S/M	Gen. O/M, Gen. S/M	Gen. O/M	Gen. O/M	
	Recommended Actions		Reset the breaker and check for AC voltage at the generator set side of the circuit breaker.	Move the transfer switch test switch to the AUTO position.	Move the ATS test switch to the AUTO position. Troubleshoot the transfer circuit and time delays.	Check for continuity.	Test and/or replace the rotor.≑	Test and/or replace the stator. \ddot{r}	Tighten loose components.†	Adjust the voltage regulator.		Replace the controller circuit board.	Troubleshoot the controller. [†]	Replace the blown controller fuse. If the fuse blows again, troubleshoot the controller $\dot{\tau}$	Replace the controller master switch.	Move the controller master switch to the RUN or AUTO position.	Move the controller master switch to the RUN position to test the generator set. Troubleshoot the auto start circuit and time delays.	Replace the controller fuse, If the fuse blows again, troubleshoot the controller.	Review the controller display troubleshooting chart.	Reset time and date.	ttor Set; I/M—Installation Manual; O/M—Operation Manual;
	Probable Causes		AC output circuit breaker open	Transfer switch test switch in the OFF position	Transfer switch fails to transfer load	Wiring, terminals, or pin in the exciter field open	Main field (rotor) inoperative (open or grounded)	Stator inoperative (open or grounded)	Vibration excessive	Voltage regulator digital settings incorrect		Controller circuit board(s) inoperative	Controller fault	Controller fuse blown	Controller master switch inoperative	Controller master switch in the OFF/RESET position	Engine start circuit open	Voltage regulation inoperative	Controller firmware error	Controller clock not set	er Switch; Eng.—Engine; Gen.—Genera
	Exercise run time and∖or event records inoperative			-														-		×	c Transfe Manual e.
	Displays error																		×		utomatic liagram s service
	Excessive or abnormal noise								×												ATS—A Niring D orm this
	High fuel consumption																				anual; . W/D—/ aler perf
smo	Low oil pressure																				this n sheet; or/dea
mpt	Overheats										<u>;</u>										on of pec S tribut
e Sy	гаскя ромег										r® 55										secti S-S
lduo'	λlnebbus sqof2										Make		×	×				×			bered al; S/(servic
Ē	No or Iow output voltage	(X-	×		×	×	×	×		×	cision-							×)—numk ie Manu horized
	Starts hard	ir (FR									ir (De										ectior. Servic n autl
	Cranks but	rnato									Itrolle	×		×							ec./St /M—S ave a
	Does not crank	Alte		×							Con	×		×	×	×	×				ν γ γ γ γ

	Section or Publication Reference*		aen. S/M	U/D	aen. S/M	aen. O/M, W/D		aen. O/M	aen. O/M, W/D, XTS O/M, S/M	V/D, Gen. S/M	aen. O/M		aen. S/M	aen. S/M	aen. O/M, W/D		aen. O/M	aen. O/M, W/D, XTS O/M, S/M	aen. O∧M, Gen. \$/M	aen. O/M	aen. O/M	
	S Recommended Actions		Replace the controller.	Check the wiring.	Troubleshoot the controller.	Check for continuity across fuse. If fuse is blown, troubleshoot the controller wiring and replace circuit board $\dot{\tau}$	Replace the controller master control button circuit board.	Press the controller master control RUN or AUTO button.	Press the controller master control RUN button to test the G generator set. Troubleshoot the auto start circuit and time A delays.	Replace the junction box sensing fuses. If the fuse blows V again, troubleshoot the controller.	Review the controller display troubleshooting chart.		Replace the controller circuit board.	Troubleshoot the controller.	Replace the blown controller fuse. If the fuse blows again, $\overline{\mathbf{G}}$ troubleshoot the controller. $\dot{\tau}$	Replace the controller master switch.	Press the controller master control RUN or AUTO butotn.	Press the controller master control RUN button to test the G generator set. Troubleshoot the auto start circuit and time A delays.	Replace the controller fuse, If the fuse blows again, G troubleshoot the controller.	Review the controller display troubleshooting chart.	Reset time and date.	or Set; I/M—Installation Manual; O/M—Operation Manual;
	Exercise run time and/or event records inoperative Probable Causes		Controller circuit board(s) inoperative	Controller circuit board(s) wiring fault	Controller fault	Controller fuse blown	Controller master control buttons inoperative	Controller master control button in the I OFF/RESET mode	Engine start circuit open	Voltage regulation inoperative	Controller firmware error		Controller circuit board(s) inoperative	Controller fault	Controller fuse blown	Controller master control buttons inoperative	Controller master control button in the I OFF/RESET mode	Engine start circuit open	Voltage regulation inoperative	Controller firmware error	x Controller clock not set	ic Transfer Switch; Eng.—Engine; Gen.—Generat i Manual :e.
	Displays error Displays error										×									×		utomat Jiagram s servic
	Excessive or abnormal noise																					ATS—A Niring E orm this
	High fuel consumption																					anual; . W/D\ iler peri
smc	Low oil pressure																					this m heet; or/de&
mptc	Overheats	00										00										in of t iec SI tribute
Syl Syl	гяска ромег	@ 30C										@ 60C										sectic Sp e dist
ouble	γlnebbus sqotS	laker			×	×				×		Aaker		×	×				×			ered s al; S/S service
Ļ	Vo or Iow output voltage	ision-A								×		ision-A							×			-numb Manu <i>s</i> orized s
	Starts hard	(Dec										(Dec										tion- rvice autho
	Cranks but does not start	troller	×	×		×						troller	×		×							ec./Sec /M—Se ave an
	Does not crank	Con	×	×		×	×	×	×			Con	×		×	×	×	×				× +- ∗ +-

	_			Ś															5		
	Section or Publication Reference*		Gen. O/M	Gen. O/M, S/\$	Eng. S/M	M/D	Gen. S/M, W/	Gen. O/M	Gen. S/M, W/		Eng. O/M	Eng. S/M	S/S	W/I	M/I	Gen. S/M	Eng. S/M		Eng. O/M, S/N		
			rect, clean, and	c sheet provides		(s) then reconnect		the controller.					rator set spec	inoperative	oose exhaust					peration Manual;	
	Recommended Actions		Verify that the battery connections are cor tight.	Recharge or replace the battery. The spe recommended battery CCA rating.	Replace the starter or starter solenoid.	Disconnect the engine harness connector it to the controller.	Replace the inoperative switch.	Reset the fault switches and troubleshoot	Replace the inoperative switch.		Clean or replace the filter element.	Check the compression.≑	Reduce the electrical load. See the gene sheet for wattage specifications.	Inspect the exhaust system. Replace the exhaust system components. $\dot{\tau}$	Inspect the exhaust system. Tighten the l system components.†	Adjust the governor. [†]	Adjust the valves.†	Tighten all loose hardware.	Check the ignition system (spark plugs, spark plug wires, etc.).	tor Set; I/M—Installation Manual; O/M—Op	
	Probable Causes		Battery connections loose, corroded, or incorrect	Battery weak or dead	Starter/starter solenoid inoperative	Engine harness connector(s) not locked tight	High water temperature switch inoperative	Fault shutdown	High exhaust temperature switch inoperative		Air cleaner clogged	Compression weak	Engine overload	Exhaust system leak	Exhaust system not securely installed	Governor inoperative	Valve clearance incorrect	Vibration excessive	Ignition system inoperative (gas only)	ifer Switch; Eng.—Engine; Gen.—Generat I	
	Exercise run time and/or event records inoperative																			ic Trans Manua	.e.
	Displays error message/locks up																			Automat Diagram	IS Servic
	Excessive or abnormal noise											×	×	×	×		×	×		ATS—/ Wiring I	rtorm tn
	High fuel consumption										×	×	×			×				nanual; W/D	aler pei
toms	Fow oil bressure																			f this r Sheet;	itor/ae
Vmpi	Overheats	_										×	×							ion of spec (stribu
uble Sy	Γαςka power Stops suddenly	Circuits				×	×	×	×		×		×			×	×		×	red sect ; S/S_S	ervice ai
Tro	No or Iow output voltage	m (DC											×			×				-numbe Manual	Drized St
	Starts hard	syste									×	×				×			×	tion- rvice	authc
	Cranks but does not start	strical S	×	×	×					ine	×	×							×	ec./Sec /M—Sei	ave an
	Does not crank	Elec	×	×	×	×				Eng										* *	I ⊬–

20 Section 2 Troubleshooting

			Trou	ble S	ympt	oms							
Does not crank	the share but	Starts hard No or low output	voltage			Low oil pressure	High fuel consumption	Excessive or abnormal noise	Displays error Displays error	Exercise run time and/or event records inoperative	Probable Causes	Recommended Actions	Section or Publication Reference*
Coolir	g Syst	tem											
	$\left \right $				×		×				Air openings clogged	Clean the air openings.	
					×						Coolant level low	Restore the coolant to normal operating level.	Engine O/M, Gen. O/M
					×						Cooling water pump inoperative	Tighten or replace the belt. Replace the water pump.	Eng. O/M, S/M
			~	~							High temperature shutdown	Allow the engine to cool down. Then troubleshoot the cooling system.	Gen. O/M, Eng. O/M
			^	~							Low coolant level shutdown, if equipped	Restore the coolant to normal operating level.	Gen. O/M
					×						Thermostat inoperative	Replace the thermostat.	Eng. S/M
Fuel S	ystem	-											
	×	×		×							Air in fuel system (diesel only)	Bleed the diesel fuel system.	Eng. O/M
	×	×									Ether canister empty or system inoperative, if equipped (diesel only)	Replace or repair the ether starting system.	Eng. O/M
	×		~	~							Fuel tank empty or fuel valve shut off	Add fuel and move the fuel valve to the ON position.	-
	×			×			×				Fuel feed or injection pump inoperative (diesel only)	Rebuild or replace the injection pump. $\ddot{\tau}$	Eng. S/M
	×	×		×							Fuel or fuel injectors dirty or faulty (diesel only)	Clean, test, and/or replace the inoperative fuel injector $\dot{\tau}$	Eng. S/M
	< ×	×	×	×							Fuel filter restriction	Clean or replace the fuel filter.	Eng. O/M
	×										Fuel solenoid inoperative	Troubleshoot the fuel solenoid $\dot{\tau}$	Eng. S/M
	×			×							Fuel pressure insufficient (gas only)	Check the fuel supply and valves $\dot{\tau}$	S/S, Gen. O/M
	×	×		×			×				Fuel injection timing out of adjustment (diesel only)	Adjust the fuel injection timing $\dot{\tau}$	Eng. S/M
Lube :	Systen	Ľ											
	×	×				×		×			Crankcase oil type incorrect for ambient temperature	Change the oil. Use oil with a viscosity suitable for the operating climate.	Eng. O/M
					×	×		×			Oil level low	Restore the oil level. Inspect the generator set for oil leaks.	Eng. O/M
		_	~	~							Low oil pressure shutdown	Check the oil level.	Eng. O/M
* Sec S/M † Hav	./Sectic —Serv ∋ an au	on—ni /ice Mi uthoriz	umbere anual; ; zed ser	ed sec S/S vice d	ttion of Spec 5 listribut	⁻ this n Sheet; tor/dei	nanual; W/D— aler pei	ATS— -Wiring rform th	Autom <i>e</i> Diagrai iis servi	ttic Transi n Manual ce.	er Switch; Eng.—Engine; Gen.—Genera	ator Set; I/M—Installation Manual; O/M—Operation Manual;	

Trouble Symptoms	Probable Causes	Recommended Actions	Section or Publication Reference*
Controller Display and Voltage Regulator (Decision-Maker® 550)			
Display is black	No/low battery charge	Recharge/replace battery	Gen. O/M
	Controller F2 fuse is blown	Check and replace fuse as needed	Gen. O/M, W/D
	Incorrect wiring applying a ground signal to controller terminal strip TB2 terminals 1-6	Check wiring and connections (controller F2 fuse is okay)	M/D
	Incorrect wiring applying a ground to controller terminal strip TB3 terminals 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14		
Display shows single segment	Low battery voltage	Recharge battery	Gen. O/M
	Loaded new firmware without powering down controller	Power down controller , then power up controller per procedure	Gen. O/M, TT-1285
	Main logic board non-functional	Troubleshoot main logic board, connections, and wiring. Repair wiring and/or replace main logic board	Controller S/M
Display shows an error message	Controller firmware or keypad entry error	Review the Request and Error Message Section	Gen. O/M
Display shows an EEPROM WRITE ERROR message	EEPROM fault caused by a component failure, lightening strike, or voltage spike	Reinitialize the problem data block $\dot{ au}$	Contact an Authorized Distributor/Dealer
Display locks up	No/Iow battery charge	Recharge/replace battery	Gen. O/M
Emergency stop (E-Stop) shutdown message does not clear	Low battery voltage	Recharge battery	Gen. O/M
	Incorrect wiring applying a ground signal to controller terminal strip TB2 terminals 1-6	Check wiring and connections	M/D
	Incorrect wiring applying a ground to controller terminal strip TB3 terminals 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14		
Output voltage ramps	Non-functional exciter winding	Troubleshoot alternator components and wiring $\dot{\tau}$	Gen. S/M
Output voltage unstable	Voltage regulation calibration incorrect	Readjust voltage regulation \ddagger	Gen. O/M
Voltage adjust does not function for paralleling applications	Analog input A07 description does not match Analog Volt Adjust	Change description to Analog Volt Adjust using Monitor II or Monitor III software or enable analog voltage adjust in Menu 11	Monitor II Software manual, Gen. O/M
Controller Display and Voltage Regulator (Decision-Maker® 3000)			
Display is black	No/low battery charge	Recharge/replace battery	Gen. O/M
Display shows single segment	Low battery voltage	Recharge battery	Gen. O/M
Display shows an error message	Controller firmware or pushbutton/ rotary selector dial entry error	Review the Error Message Section	Gen. O/M
Display locks up	No/Iow battery charge	Recharge/replace battery	Gen. O/M
Output voltage ramps	Non-functional exciter winding	Troubleshoot alternator components $\dot{ au}$	Gen. S/M
Output voltage unstable	Voltage regulation calibration incorrect	Readjust voltage regulation \div	Gen. O/M, SiteTech O/M
 Sec./Section—numbered section of this manual; ATS—Automatic T S/M—Service Manual; S/S—Spec Sheet; W/D—Wiring Diagram Me Have an authorized service distributor/dealer perform this service. 	ransfer Switch; Eng.—Engine; Gen.—Generator Se unual	st; I/M—Installation Manual; O/M—Operation Manual;	

Trouble Symptoms	Probable Causes	Recommended Actions	Section or Publication Reference*
Controller Display and Voltage Regulator (Decision-Maker $^{m{o}}$ 6000	0		
Display is black	No/Iow battery charge	Recharge/replace battery	Gen. O/M
	Controller F2 fuse is blown	Check and replace fuse as needed	Gen. O/M, W/D
	Incorrect wiring applying a ground signal to controller terminal strip TB2 terminals 1-6	Check wiring and connections (controller F2 fuse is okay)	W/D
	Incorrect wiring applying a ground to controller terminal strip TB3 terminals 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14		
Display shows single segment	Low battery voltage	Recharge battery	Gen. O/M
	Loaded new firmware without powering down controller	Power down controller , then power up controller per procedure	Gen. O/M, TT-1285
	Main logic board non-functional	Troubleshoot main logic board, connections, and wiring. Repair wiring and/or replace main logic board	Controller S/M
Display shows an error message	Controller firmware or keypad entry error	Review the Request and Error Message Section	Gen. O/M
Display shows an EEPROM WRITE ERROR message	EEPROM fault caused by a component failure, lightening strike, or voltage spike	Reinitialize the problem data block $\dot{ au}$	Contact an Authorized Distributor/Dealer
Display locks up	No/Iow battery charge	Recharge/replace battery	Gen. O/M
Emergency stop (E-Stop) shutdown message does not clear	Low battery voltage	Recharge battery	Gen. O/M
	Incorrect wiring applying a ground signal to controller terminal strip TB2 terminals 1-6	Check wiring and connections	W/D
	Incorrect wiring applying a ground to controller terminal strip TB3 terminals 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14		
Output voltage ramps	Non-functional exciter winding	Troubleshoot alternator components and wiring \ddagger	Gen. S/M
Output voltage unstable	Voltage regulation calibration incorrect	Readjust voltage regulation †	Gen. O/M
Voltage adjust does not function for paralleling applications	Analog input A07 description does not match Analog Volt Adjust	Change description to Analog Volt Adjust using Monitor II or Monitor III software or enable analog voltage adjust in Menu 11	Monitor II Software manual, Gen. O/M
Unit does not shutdown with protective relay(s) settings	Time delay value(s) are set to 99.99	Change time delay value(s)	Gen. O/M
 Sec./Section—numbered section of this manual; ATS—Automatic 1 S/M—Service Manual; S/S—Spec Sheet; W/D—Wiring Diagram M. Have an authorized service distributor/dealer perform this service. 	Transfer Switch; Eng.—Engine; Gen.—Generator Se Ianual	at; I/M—Installation Manual; O/M—Operation Manual;	

Notes

3.1 Introduction

This section provides information on troubleshooting the alternator and testing components of the generator set. Contact an authorized service distributor/dealer for the appropriate technical manuals for the controller and integrated voltage regulator.

To troubleshoot the alternator assembly components, the following equipment is needed for many of the tests:

- Multimeter (Voltmeter/Ohmmeter)
- Megohmmeter



Can cause severe injury or death.

Disconnect the battery cables before working on the generator set. Remove the negative (-) lead first when disconnecting the battery. Reconnect the negative (-) lead last when reconnecting the battery.

Disabling the generator set. Accidental starting can cause severe injury or death. Before working on the generator set or connected equipment, disable the generator set as follows: (1) Move the generator set master switch to the OFF position. (2) Disconnect the power to the battery charger. (3) Remove the battery cables, negative (-) lead first. Reconnect the negative (-) lead last when reconnecting the battery. Follow these precautions to prevent starting of the generator set by an automatic transfer switch, remote start/stop switch, or engine start command from a remote computer.



Disconnecting the electrical load. Hazardous voltage can cause severe injury or death. Disconnect the generator set from the load by turning off the line circuit breaker or by disconnecting the generator set output leads from the transfer switch and heavily taping the ends of the leads. High voltage transferred to the load during testing may cause personal injury and equipment damage.

High voltage test. Hazardous voltage can cause severe injury or death. Follow the instructions of the test equipment manufacturer when performing high-voltage tests on the rotor or stator. An improper test procedure can damage equipment or lead to generator set failure.

Grounding electrical equipment. Hazardous voltage can cause severe injury or death. Electrocution is possible whenever electricity is present. Ensure you comply with all applicable codes and standards. Electrically ground the generator set, transfer switch, and related equipment and electrical circuits. Turn off the main circuit breakers of all power sources before servicing the equipment. Never contact electrical leads or appliances when standing in water or on wet ground because these conditions increase the risk of electrocution.

3.2 Alternator Troubleshooting

Follow all safety precautions listed in the front of this manual and the additional precautions within the text. Refer to Figure 3-1, AC Voltage Control, for assistance in troubleshooting. Figure 3-2 lists various alternator output conditions and component tests.

Use the following flowcharts to troubleshoot the generator set when voltage problems are detected. The remaining parts of this section give additional and more detailed information about the individual checks/tests mentioned in the flowcharts. Use the flowcharts to initially isolate the possible problem.

This section covers alternator testing for the following conditions:

- No voltage output on any phase (Section 3.2.1)
- Overvoltage (Section 3.2.2)
- Fluctuating voltage (Section 3.2.3)



Figure 3-1 AC Voltage Control Components

Components and Circuits to Test Under Certain Alternator Output Conditions								
Alternator Output Condition	Controller with Voltage Regulator †	LED Optic Board	FRX Activator Board	Exciter Armature	Rotor Assembly Field Winding	Stator Assembly Windings		
No Output	•	•	•	•	•	•		
Overvoltage	•		• *					
Fluctuating Voltage								
* Overvoltage will† See the controlle	occur if an outside li er operation or servic	ght source is present e manual for operation	t when the LED boar on, setup, and/or trou	d is removed. ubleshooting.				

Figure 3-2	Alternator /	Assembly	Troubleshooting	Guide
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3.2.1 Troubleshooting Alternator, No Output Voltage







3.3 LED Optic Board Test

The following procedure provides information on testing the LED optic board. Certain steps require that the generator set be running. When the generator set is not running, disable the generator set. See the safety precautions listed below. Disconnect all load from the generator set during this test.

To test the LED optic board, the following item is needed:

• Flashlight



Disabling the generator set. Accidental starting can cause severe injury or death. Before working on the generator set or connected equipment, disable the generator set as follows: (1) Move the generator set master switch to the OFF position. (2) Disconnect the power to the battery charger. (3) Remove the battery cables, negative (-) lead first. Reconnect the negative (-) lead last when reconnecting the battery. Follow these precautions to prevent starting of the generator set by an automatic transfer switch, remote start/stop switch, or engine start command from a remote computer.



Disconnecting the electrical load. Hazardous voltage can cause severe injury or death. Disconnect the generator set from the load by turning off the line circuit breaker or by disconnecting the generator set output leads from the transfer switch and heavily taping the ends of the leads. High voltage transferred to the load during testing may cause personal injury and equipment damage. Testing the photo transistor circuit board. Hazardous voltage can cause severe injury or death. When the end cover is removed, do not expose the photo transistor circuit board mounted on the generator set end bracket to any external light source, as exposure to light causes high voltage. Keep foreign sources of light away from the photo transistor circuit board during testing. Place black electrical tape over the LED on the circuit board before starting the generator set.

1. Remove the junction box panels from the generator end of unit and remove the LED optic board holder/LED optic board. See Figure 3-3.



Figure 3-3 FRX Activator Board with LED Optic Board Installed.

 Refer to the respective generator set controller operation manual for starting/stopping procedures. With the generator set running at no load, shine a flashlight at the exposed photo transistor on the FRX activator board. See Figure 3-4.



Figure 3-4 Flashlight Test on FRX Activator Board

- 3. Observe the AC output voltage controller display or connect a voltmeter to the output leads. High AC output voltage indicates the FRX activator board is functioning properly. The fault is likely in the wiring, controller with voltage regulator, or LED optic board as the output voltage should drop to low level when the flashlight is removed. If no output is observed, check the FRX activator board.
- 4. If high output voltage exists with the flashlight off, stop the generator set and place a small piece of black electrical tape over the photo transistor. Restart the unit.

If the output voltage is reduced, there is a source of external light contamination. STOP the generator set. Find the external light source and eliminate it or block it from reaching the photo transistor.

If the output voltage remains high, there is a failure in the FRX activator board.

- 5. With the generator set running at no load, approximately 1-2 volts DC should be observed at 3B (+) and 5B (-) at the LED optic board. See Figure 3-5.
- 6. Shine the flashlight on the photo transistor. The DC voltage reading should drop, showing that the controller with voltage regulator is functioning.

If voltages are not observed, check the F3 fuse in the controller and refer to the controller operation and/or service manuals for further information regarding the voltage regulator adjustment and troubleshooting.

7. STOP the generator set.



Figure 3-5 Checking LED Optic Board Voltage

3.4 FRX Activator Board Test

The FRX activator board is mounted on the exciter armature and controls current flow to the alternator field. See Figure 3-6.



Figure 3-6 FRX Activator Board and Connections

The following test determines if the FRX activator board is non-functional.

See Section 3.1, Alternator Troubleshooting. Examine the photo transistor board for visible signs of damage (open foil patterns and heat discoloration) before testing.

To test the FRX activator board, the following components are needed:

- One 120-volt/110-watt light bulb with socket
- Switch, DPST (double-pole/single-throw) 120 volt 10 amp minimum)
- Fuse, 1 amp (in holder)
- 120 volt AC plug with cord
- Flashlight

This test simulates the normal operation of the components when the alternator is running.

Grounding electrical equipment. Hazardous voltage can cause severe injury or death. Electrocution is possible whenever electricity is present. Ensure you comply with all applicable codes and standards. Electrically ground the generator set, transfer switch, and related equipment and electrical circuits. Turn off the main circuit breakers of all power sources before servicing the equipment. Never contact electrical leads or appliances when standing in water or on wet ground because these conditions increase the risk of electrocution.

1. Connect components as illustrated in Figure 3-7, Test A.





Note: Connect 120 VAC power source to AC1 and AC2.

Connections to the FRX activator board are made to the threaded inserts located on the underside of the board. Secure all connections with terminal nuts to ensure good electrical contact with threaded inserts during testing. Do not exceed 1.3 Nm (12 in. lb.) when tightening the terminal nuts. Place FRX activator board on a non-conductive surface when performing the test.

2. With the cord switch in the OFF position, plug in the electrical cord.

- 3. Turn the cord switch to the ON position.
- Apply light source directly to the photo transistor located in the center of the FRX activator board. Shield the photo transistor from all other sources of light during this test.

If the FRX activator board is *functional,* the test fixture light bulb will light when the external light source is applied to the photo transistor. Remove the light source; the fixture light bulb should go out.

If the test fixture light bulb does not light or is lit prior to receiving external light source, the FRX activator board is non-functional.

- 5. Turn the cord switch to the OFF position and unplug the electrical cord.
- 6. Connect components as illustrated in Figure 3-8, Test B.

Note: Connect 120 VAC power source to AC1 and <u>AC3</u>.

7. Repeat steps 2–5. Replace the FRX activator board if it fails either test.



Figure 3-8 FRX Activator Board Test B

3.5 Exciter Armature Test

Servicing the alternator. Hot parts can cause severe injury or death. Avoid touching the alternator field or exciter armature. When shorted, the alternator field and exciter armature become hot enough to cause severe burns.

High voltage test. Hazardous voltage can cause severe injury or death. Follow the instructions of the test equipment manufacturer when performing high-voltage tests on the rotor or stator. An improper test procedure can damage equipment or lead to generator set failure.

- 1. Disconnect the battery (negative lead first).
- 2. Disconnect leads AC1, AC2, and AC3 from the FRX activator board.
- 3. Visually check the exciter armature for shorted or open winding(s)
- 4. With an ohmmeter, check for continuity across the AC1/AC2, AC2/AC3, and AC1/AC3. Check for continuity across AC1/core (ground), AC2/core (ground), and AC3/core (ground). See Figure 3-9. See Section 1.4, Specifications, Electrical Values for exciter armature resistance values.



Figure 3-9 Exciter Armature Continuity Check

Out of specification readings indicate a non-functional exciter armature requiring replacement. Low resistance readings indicate a shorted winding. High resistance readings indicate an open winding. No continuity should exist between any lead and ground.

- 5. Repair the leads if damaged or open. Solder and insulate the splices. Use new sleeving as needed when tying leads to the core.
- 6. Using a megohmmeter, apply 500 volts DC to the exciter armature core and each lead. See Figure 3-10. Place the exciter armature on a non-conductive surface when performing the test. Follow the instructions of the megohmmeter manufacturer when performing this test.

A reading of approximately 500 kOhms (1/2 megohm) and higher indicates the winding is good.

A reading of less than 500 kOhms (approximately) indicates deterioration of winding insulation and possible current flow to ground.

7. Repair or replace exciter armature if the test shows a winding is shorted to ground. Repair the leads if damaged or open. Solder and insulate the splices. Use new sleeving as needed when tying leads to the core.



Figure 3-10 Exciter Armature High Voltage Test

3.6 Rotor Assembly Field Winding Test

Servicing the alternator. Hot parts can cause severe injury or death. Avoid touching the alternator field or exciter armature. When shorted, the alternator field and exciter armature become hot enough to cause severe burns.

High voltage test. Hazardous voltage can cause severe injury or death. Follow the instructions of the test equipment manufacturer when performing high-voltage tests on the rotor or stator. An improper test procedure can damage equipment or lead to generator set failure.

- 1. Disconnect the battery (negative lead first).
- 2. Disconnect leads FP and FN from the FRX activator board.
- 3. Visually check the rotor assembly field for shorted or open winding(s)
- With an ohmmeter, check for continuity across the FN/FP leads. Check for continuity across FN/rotor shaft and FP/rotor shaft. See Figure 3-11. See Section 1.4, Specifications, Electrical Values for rotor assembly field resistance values.

Out-of-specification readings indicate a non-functional rotor assembly requiring replacement. Low resistance readings indicate a shorted winding. High resistance readings indicate an open winding. No continuity should exist between any lead and rotor shaft (ground).

- 5. Repair the leads if damaged or open. Solder and insulate the splices. Use new sleeving as needed when tying leads to the core.
- 6. Using a megohmmeter, apply 500 volts DC to the two leads and then the rotor shaft and each lead. See Figure 3-12. Place the rotor assembly on a non-conductive surface when performing the test. Follow the instructions of the megohmmeter manufacturer when performing this test.

A reading of approximately 500 kOhms (1/2 megohm) and higher indicates the winding is good.

A reading of less than 500 kOhms (approximately) indicates deterioration of winding insulation and possible current flow to ground.

7. Repair or replace the rotor assembly if the test shows a winding is shorted to ground. Repair the leads if damaged or open. Solder and insulate the splices. Use new sleeving as needed when tying leads to the core.



Figure 3-11 Rotor Field Continuity Check



Figure 3-12 Rotor Field High Voltage Test

3.7 Stator Assembly Winding Test

Servicing the alternator. Hot parts can cause severe injury or death. Avoid touching the alternator field or exciter armature. When shorted, the alternator field and exciter armature become hot enough to cause severe burns.

High voltage test. Hazardous voltage can cause severe injury or death. Follow the instructions of the test equipment manufacturer when performing high-voltage tests on the rotor or stator. An improper test procedure can damage equipment or lead to generator set failure.

- 1. Disconnect the battery (negative lead first).
- 2. Disconnect V7, V8, V9, V0 stator leads at generator set controller terminal block before doing test. Tape to insulate the terminals.
- 3. Disconnect the 12 leads (three-phase alternator), 6 leads (600 volt), or 4 leads (single-phase alternator). Keep each lead isolated from each other and ground.
- 4. Visually check the stator assembly for shorted or open winding(s). See Figure 3-13.



Figure 3-13 Stator Assembly

5. With ohmmeter, check **each pair** of leads for low resistance readings (continuity). High resistance across A or low resistance (continuity) across B and the stator core (ground) indicates a faulty stator; replace stator. See Figure 3-14 and Figure 3-15. See Section 1.4, Specifications, Electrical Values for stator assembly resistance values.

Out of specification readings indicate a non-functional stator assembly requiring replacement. Low resistance readings indicate a shorted winding. High resistance readings indicate an open winding. No continuity should exist between any lead and ground.



Figure 3-14 Stator Winding Continuity Test

Ohmme Connec	eter tions, Le	Continuity	
1-4	2-5 3-6		Vee
7-10	'-10 8-11 9-12		res
1-2 1-3 1-7			
1-8	1-9		
2-7	2-8	No	
3-7 3-8 3-9			
7-8 7-9 8-9			
1 and co	ore (groui	nd)	
2 and co	ore (groui	nd)	
3 and co	ore (groui	nd)	Nia
7 and co	ore (groui	nd)	INO
8 and co	ore (groui	nd)	
9 and co	ore (groui	nd)	

Figure 3-15 Test Connections and Continuity Results for a Functional Stator Assembly

- 6. Repair the leads if damaged or open. Solder and insulate the splices. Use new sleeving as needed when tying leads to the core.
- 7. Using a megohmmeter, apply 500 volts DC to each set of windings and then to each winding and the stator core (ground). See Figure 3-16. Place the stator assembly on a non-conductive surface when performing the test. Follow the instructions of the megohmmeter manufacturer when performing this test.

A reading of approximately 500 kOhms (1/2 megohm) and higher indicates the winding is good.

A reading of less than 500 kOhms (approximately) indicates deterioration of winding insulation and possible current flow to ground.

8. Repair or replace the stator assembly if the test shows a winding is shorted to ground. Repair the leads if damaged or open. Solder and insulate the splices. Use new sleeving as needed when tying leads to the core.



Figure 3-16 Stator Winding High Voltage Test

Before beginning the alternator disassembly procedure, carefully read all safety precautions at the beginning of this manual. Please observe these precautions and those included in the text during the disassembly/ reassembly procedure.

The following procedures cover many models and some steps may not apply to a particular engine. Use Figure 4-1 or Figure 4-2 to help understand component descriptions and general configuration of the alternator. Use disassembly procedure as a step-by-step means to help disassemble the alternator. The disassembly procedure provides important information to minimize disassembly time and indicates where special configurations exist that may require taking notes. The reassembly procedure includes important alignment steps and provides critical torque specs.



Figure 4-1 Alternator Components, Typical



Figure 4-2 Alternator Components (International Spec.), Typical



Can cause severe injury or death.

Disconnect the battery cables before working on the generator set. Remove the negative (-) lead first when disconnecting the battery. Reconnect the negative (-) lead last when reconnecting the battery.

Disabling the generator set. Accidental starting can cause severe injury or death. Before working on the generator set or connected equipment, disable the generator set as follows: (1) Move the generator set master switch to the OFF position. (2) Disconnect the power to the battery charger. (3) Remove the battery cables, negative (-) lead first. Reconnect the negative (-) lead last when reconnecting the battery. Follow these precautions to prevent starting of the generator set by an automatic transfer switch, remote start/stop switch, or engine start command from a remote computer.



Servicing the exhaust system. Hot parts can cause severe injury or death. Do not touch hot engine parts. The engine and exhaust system components become extremely hot during operation.



Use extreme care when handling, storing, and using fuels.

The fuel system. Explosive fuel vapors can cause severe injury or death. Vaporized fuels are highly explosive. Use extreme care when handling and storing fuels. Store fuels in a well-ventilated area away from spark-producing equipment and out of the reach of children. Never add fuel to the tank while the engine is running because spilled fuel may ignite on contact with hot parts or from sparks. Do not smoke or permit flames or sparks to occur near sources of spilled fuel or fuel vapors. Keep the fuel lines and connections tight and in good condition. Do not replace flexible fuel lines with rigid lines. Use flexible sections to avoid fuel line breakage caused by vibration. Do not operate the generator set in the presence of fuel leaks, fuel accumulation, or sparks. Repair fuel systems before resuming generator set operation.

Explosive fuel vapors can cause severe injury or death. Take additional precautions when using the following fuels:

Propane (LP)—Adequate ventilation is mandatory. Because propane is heavier than air, install propane gas detectors low in a room. Inspect the detectors per the manufacturer's instructions.

Natural Gas—Adequate ventilation is mandatory. Because natural gas rises, install natural gas detectors high in a room. Inspect the detectors per the manufacturer's instructions.

Perform the following steps prior to disassembling the generator set.

- 1. Disconnect (negative lead first) and remove starting batteries from work area to prevent fire hazard. Disconnect AC-powered accessories, such as battery charger, block heater, battery heater, and fuel transfer pump (if equipped).
- 2. Shut off fuel supply. Drain fuel system as necessary by emptying fuel into proper containers. Remove fuel containers from work area to prevent fire hazard. Ventilate the work area to clear fumes.
- 3. Disconnect fuel, cooling, and exhaust systems as necessary to tilt generator set. Disconnect output leads or load circuit cables at generator set.
- 4. Any cranes, hoists, or other lifting devices used in the disassembly or reassembly procedure must be rated for the weight of the generator set. Check generator set nameplate or spec sheet for weight.

4.1 Disassembly

- 1. Remove the junction box panels. Disconnect all controller-to-engine and engine-to-alternator harnesses and wiring. Remove the junction box and controller as a unit.
- 2. Remove the fan guard from the alternator adapter.
- 3. Remove the alternator (rodent) guard from the end bracket (if equipped).
- 4. Disconnect the two-lead P6 connector at the LED optic board.
- 5. Remove the LED optic board holder from the end bracket (four screws). See Figure 4-3.



Figure 4-3 Removing LED Optic Board Holder

- 6. Remove the LED optic board from the LED optic board holder (one screw).
- 7. Remove the FRX activator board from the exciter armature assembly (three screws). See Figure 4-4.
- 8. Remove the FRX activator spacer from the exciter armature (three screws). See Figure 4-5.
- 9. Access the back of the FRX activator and remove the exciter armature leads (AC1, AC2, and AC3) by removing three elastic stop nuts. Note the lead terminals and their positioning on the FRX activator board silkscreen boxes for assembly later. See Figure 4-6.



Figure 4-4 Removing FRX Activator Board



Figure 4-5 Removing FRX Activator Spacer



Figure 4-6 FRX Activator Board Silkscreen Boxes

- 10. Remove the rotor assembly leads (FN and FP) by removing two elastic stop nuts. Note the lead terminals and their positioning on the FRX activator board silkscreen boxes for assembly later.
- 11. Remove the bolt and bow washer from the rotor assembly shaft.
- 12. Note the location of the rotor assembly leads (FN and FP) going through the hole in the exciter armature for assembly later.
- 13. Use tool Y-5812 or equivalent to remove the exciter armature from the rotor assembly shaft. Insert tool, rotate tool clockwise where washers grip the back of exciter armature core, and pull to remove the exciter armature. See Figure 4-7.
 - **Note:** Procure or fabricate service tool Y-5812 using Appendix F information.



Figure 4-7 Removing Exciter Armature

- 14. Remove bolts from the alternator vibromounts.
- 15. Suspend the alternator at both ends with hooks in lifting eyes. Use a hoist to raise the alternator end off the vibromounts. See Figure 4-8.
- Support the engine by placing wood blocks under the flywheel housing. Lower the alternator end until the alternator flywheel housing rests on the wood blocks. See Figure 4-8.
- 17. Remove bolts holding the alternator adapter to the flywheel housing.
- 18. Remove hardware holding the drive discs to the flywheel.



Figure 4-8 Hoisting Alternator

19. Work the drive discs over the studs (if equipped) to separate the alternator from the engine. See Figure 4-9.



Figure 4-9 Separating Alternator and Engine

- 20. Use a stud remover and remove the studs from the flywheel, if damaged.
- 21. Set alternator assembly on the floor in a horizontal position. Remove the support slings or chains.

- 22. To remove the rotor assembly, hook hoist to adapter and place the alternator assembly on the floor in a vertical position. See Figure 4-10. Before lowering assembly, place wood blocks along edge of end bracket to stabilize the stator assembly.
- 23. Remove the drive discs from the rotor assembly. See Figure 4-10.



Figure 4-10 Alternator Support, Drive Disc, and Fan Removal

- 24. Remove the alternator fan from the rotor assembly.
- 25. Fasten the lifting eye and hoist hook to the rotor flange. Hoist the rotor assembly carefully to avoid damaging the windings, laminations, or bearing. See Figure 4-11.
- 26. Place a 100 mm (4 in.) wood block under the rotor shaft end to prevent the coil end turns from coming in contact with the surface before the core stack as it is lowered. This procedure prevents damage to the rotor windings. Slowly lower the rotor to the horizontal position. Set the rotor on a wooden surface. Take care not to damage the windings, laminations, or bearing. See Figure 4-12.
- 27. Use a bearing puller to remove the bearing. Make note of the bearing location dimensions from the rotor shaft end for reference during installation.



Figure 4-11 Rotor Removal



Figure 4-12 Lowering Rotor

28. Place the alternator assembly on the alternator adapter end in order to remove the alternator adapter and end bracket from the stator. Fasten chains to the alternator adapter and lower to a horizontal position. Fasten hook to the end bracket eye and hoist to a vertical position. See Figure 4-13.



Figure 4-13 Removing Alternator Adapter

- 29. Remove the alternator adapter mounting bolts. Fasten the hoist hooks to the end bracket and raise the assembly slightly. Tap the alternator adapter loose by using a rubber mallet.
- 30. Lower the stator assembly. Loosen the end bracket mounting bolts. Separate the end bracket from the stator by tapping loose with a rubber mallet at the hoisting eye and mounting ears. Remove the end bracket mounting bolts. See Figure 4-14.



Figure 4-14 Removing End Bracket

4.2 Reassembly

Refer to Section 1, Specifications for torque specifications and Appendix C, General Torque Specifications during reassembly.

- 1. Place the stator assembly in a vertical position with the end bracket side up.
 - **Note:** The end bracket side of the stator assembly has four mounting bosses.
- 2. Place the end bracket on the stator assembly lip, position the end bracket housing eye opposite of the stator mounting bracket, and use the bolts to align the holes.

Use a rubber mallet to mount the end bracket flush with the stator assembly. See Figure 4-15.



Figure 4-15 Mounting End Bracket on Stator

- 3. Attach the end bracket to the stator using the original hardware. Torque to specifications.
- Attach hoist hooks to the end bracket and suspend the stator. Place the alternator adapter on the floor and lower the stator to within 6-12 mm (1/4-1/2 in.) of the adapter lip. See Figure 4-16.
- 5. Position the adapter hoisting eye opposite of the stator mounting bracket and directly below the end bracket hoisting eye.

Align the adapter with the stator and start the bolts with washers. Lower the stator onto the alternator adapter and tighten the bolts. Torque to specifications.



Figure 4-16 Aligning Adapter and Stator

- 6. Fasten the hoisting hook to the end bracket eye and lower the alternator assembly to a horizontal position.
- 7. Attach hoisting hooks to the alternator adapter as shown in Figure 4-17. Suspend the alternator assembly. Before lowering the alternator, place wood blocks along the edge of end bracket to stabilize the stator assembly and to allow space for the rotor shaft extending from the end bracket.



Figure 4-17 Supporting Stator Assembly

8. Rotor shaft bearing installation. Use a hydraulic press, bearing heater, or heavy rubber mallet and a

piece of round steel stock with an outside diameter less than the bearing inner race to install the new bearing tight against rotor shaft shoulder using measurements taken during the disassembly procedure. See bearing location value in Section 1.5, Torque Values and Assembly Specifications.

- 9. Place the stator assembly on the end bracket end when installing the rotor.
- 10. Fasten the lifting eye and hoist hook to the rotor flange. Use a wood block allowing the rotor shaft end to make contact with the surface prior to the rotor windings as it is tilted. See Figure 4-18. Hoist the rotor to a vertical position taking care not to damage windings, laminations, or bearing.



Figure 4-18 Hoisting Rotor

- 11. Suspend the rotor over the stator assembly. Secure the rotor leads (FN/FP) to prevent damage. Lower the rotor field into the stator. Be extremely careful while lowering the rotor to avoid damaging the field magnets, stator windings, or rotor laminations. See Figure 4-19.
- Carefully align rotor bearing into end bracket. Check for an outer race measurement of 6.35 mm (1/4 in.) from bracket to bearing.
- 13. Place the fan over the rotor flange and torque bolts to specifications.



Figure 4-19 Installing Rotor

- 14. Align the individual drive disks with the hex holes together and with the hole burr sides facing the same direction. Temporarily place two alignment pins (not supplied) or bolts in the outer holes at opposite ends and 90° from the hex hole before installing the drive disk to the rotor shaft. The pins help maintain concentric alignment of the individual drive disks during installation. See Figure 4-20.
 - Note: User-supplied pins should be no smaller than 0.025 mm (0.001 in.) of disc hole.
- 15. Attach the drive disc(s) to the end of the rotor shaft with the hole burr side toward the alternator fan and with the hex hole at the stator bottom position or within 60° clockwise (CW) or counterclockwise (CCW) of the bottom position as viewed when the stator is installed on the skid. Torque the drive disc(s) mounting bolts to specifications. Remove the two alignment pins or bolts.
- 16. Attach the hoist to adapter eye and place the alternator assembly in a horizontal position. Take care not to damage the rotor or stator. Place the hoisting eyes of alternator assembly to the top.



Figure 4-20 Aligning and Mounting Drive Disks

 If studs are used, apply Loctite[®] No. 271 red to stud threads and install into flywheel as shown in Figure 4-21. Install studs completely into flywheel. Apply Loctite[®] No. 242 blue to stud threads on nut side.



Figure 4-21 Flywheel Studs

 Place hoist hooks into the end bracket and adapter eye. Raise the alternator assembly and align the studs with the drive discs by turning the flywheel. Move the alternator as necessary to work the drive discs over studs. When the drive discs are about 25 mm (1 in.) over the studs, install spacers if so equipped. See Figure 4-22.

Loctite[®] is a registered trademark of Henkel-Loctite Corporation.



Figure 4-22 Installing Spacers

19. Move the alternator as necessary to align the alternator adapter and the flywheel housing. Fasten and final tighten the adapter to the flywheel housing using bolts and hardened lock washers. See Figure 4-23. Torque bolts to specifications.



Figure 4-23 Aligning Adapter and Flywheel Housing

- 20. Install the hardware attaching the drive discs to the flywheel. Do not final tighten at this time.
 - **Note:** Some models mount drive discs to flywheel using bolts. Some applications use hardened washers.
- 21. Hoist the alternator and engine slightly to remove the wood block(s) from under the flywheel housing. Align the alternator assembly and skid. Lower the alternator and tighten the vibromount mounting bolts.

- 22. Remove the chains or slings used for suspending the alternator. Final tighten the drive discs to the flywheel. Torque hardware to specifications.
- 23. Apply anti-seize compound to rotor shaft.
- 24. Install tool Y-5803 or equivalent on the rotor shaft and attach using an M16-2.0 x 200 mm bolt. Align tool with rotor shaft keyway. See Figure 4-24.
 - Note: Procure or fabricate service tool Y-5803 using Appendix F information. Requires (qty. 1) M16-2.0 x 200 mm bolt.



Figure 4-24 Installing Tool Y-5803

25. Install exciter armature with leads to the outside over service tool Y-5803. Route the rotor leads through the hole to the left of the keyway in the exciter armature core. See Figure 4-25.

Slide the exciter armature slowly onto stub shaft towards the end bracket magnets while pulling the rotor leads snug to remove slack and prevent pinching the rotor leads. When the exciter armature gets close to the magnets, the magnets will pull the exciter armature along the rotor shaft and the exciter armature will snap into the end bracket magnets.

26. Remove the M16-2.0 x 200 bolt and tool Y-5803.



3. Exciter armature core keyway

Figure 4-25 Exciter Armature/Rotor Leads

27. Install exciter armature hardware with bow washer (convex side outward) and torque to specifications. See Figure 4-26.



Figure 4-26 Installing Exciter Armature Hardware

28. Attach rotor assembly leads (FN and FP) to FRX activator board using elastic stop nuts. See Figure 4-27. Position leads as shown on silkscreen box and torque to specifications.



Figure 4-27 FRX Activator Board

- 29. Attach exciter armature leads (AC1, AC2, and AC3) to FRX activator board using elastic stop nuts. Position leads as shown on silkscreen box and torque to specifications. See Figure 4-27.
- 30. Install the FRX activator spacer to the exciter armature using three screws and torque to specifications.

31. Position the FRX activator leads around FRX spacer to prevent pinching and push FRX activator board against FRX spacer while aligning mounting holes. Mount FRX activator board to FRX spacer using three screws and torque to specifications. See Figure 4-28.



Figure 4-28 Turn FRX Activator Board Leads Counter-Clockwise to Remove Slack

- 32. Mount the LED optic board to the LED optic board holder using one screw.
- 33. Attach the LED optic board holder to the end bracket using four screws and torque to specifications.
- 34. Reconnect the two-lead P6 connector at the LED optic board.
- 35. Install the fan guard to the alternator adapter.
- 36. Install the alternator (rodent) guard to the end bracket (if equipped).
- 37. Reinstall the junction box and controller.
- **38.** Reconnect all controller-to-engine and engine-toalternator harnesses and wiring. Refer to the wiring diagrams as required.
- 39. Reconnect the fuel, cooling, and exhaust systems disconnected during disassembly. Reconnect the output leads or load circuit cables at the alternator. Open the fuel supply valve.
- 40. Replace the junction box panels.
- 41. Reconnect the starting batteries, negative lead last. Connect any AC-powered accessories such as the battery charger, block heater, fuel transfer pump, etc.

Notes

The following list contains abbreviations that may appear in this publication.

A amn	ampere	cfm
	ampere	0
ABDC	alter bollom dead center	CG
AC	alternating current	CIL
A/D	analog to digital	CL
ADC	advanced digital control;	cm
	analog to digital converter	CM
adi	adjust adjustment	0.01
	adjuot, adjuotment	
ADV	drowing	cog
• •	urawing	con
An	amp-nour	con
AHWT	anticipatory high water	Cor
	temperature	con
AISI	American Iron and Steel	000
	Institute	COL
	anticinatory low oil pressure	CP
olt	alternator	crit.
ait.		CR
AI	aluminum	CS
ANSI	American National Standards	00
	Institute (formerly American	СТ
	Standards Association, ASA)	
AO	anticipatory only	Cu
APDC	Air Pollution Control District	cUL
	American Petroleum Institute	
		CU
approx.	approximate, approximately	
AQMD	Air Quality Management District	CU
AR	as required, as requested	04.
AS	as supplied as stated as	
/ 10	suggested	CW
ASE	Amorican Society of Engineers	cyl.
AGL	American Society of Engineers	D/A
ASME	American Society of	DA
	Mechanical Engineers	dB
assy.	assembly	uD JD/
ASTM	American Society for Testing	aB(
	Materials	DC
ATDC	after top dead center	DC
ATS	automatic transfor switch	dec
AIS		dor
auto.	automatic	
aux.	auxiliary	DFI
avg.	average	
AVR	automatic voltage regulator	dia.
AWG	American Wire Gauge	DI/E
	appliance wiring meterial	DIN
AVVIVI	appliance winny material	
bat.	battery	
BBDC	before bottom dead center	DIP
BC	battery charger, battery	וסח
	charging	
BCA	battery charging alternator	DP
PCI	Battory Coupoil International	DS
	Ballery Council International	DV
BDC	before dead center	Εé
BHP	brake horsepower	
blk.	black (paint color), block	LU
	(engine)	
blk. htr.	block heater	ED
DMED	brako moan offostivo prossuro	EFF
	bite ner eccord	e.g.
bps	bits per second	EĞ
br.	brass	EG
BTDC	before top dead center	La
Btu	British thermal unit	
Btu/min	British thermal units per minute	EIA
C	Coloina contigrada	
Ū.		EI/E
cal.	calorie	EM
CAN	controller area network	emi
CARB	California Air Resources Board	
CB	circuit breaker	
00	aubia aontimator	EP/
00		
CCA	cold cranking amps	EP
CCW.	counterclockwise	ER
CEC	Canadian Electrical Code	ES
cert	certificate certification certified	
ofh	cubic feet per hour	FSI
UIII	capic leer her riour	-01

cfm	cubic feet per minute
CG	center of gravity
	oubic inch displacement
CL	centerline
cm	centimeter
CMOS	complementary metal oxide
	substrate (semiconductor)
coaen.	cogeneration
com	communications (nort)
com	
com	commercial
Coml/Rec	Commercial/Recreational
conn.	connection
cont.	continued
CPVC	chlorinated polyvinyl chloride
crit	critical
CRI	cathode ray tube
CSA	Canadian Standards
	Association
CT	current transformer
Cu	copper
പ	Canadian Underwriter's
OOL	Laboratories
	Canadian Underwriter's
COL	Laboratorios
t	
cu. in.	cubic inch
CW.	clockwise
CWC	city water-cooled
cvl.	cvlinder
οj Π/Δ	digital to analog
	digital to analog convertor
DAC	digital to analog converter
dB	decibel
dB(A)	decibel (A weighted)
DC	direct current
DCB	direct current resistance
dea °	degree
deg., dest	department
dept.	department
DFMEA	Design Failure Mode and
	Effects Analysis
dia.	diameter
DI/EO	dual inlet/end outlet
DIN	Deutsches Institut fur Normuna
	e. V. (also Deutsche Industrie
	Normenausschuss)
סוף	dual inline nackade
	double pole double throw
DFDT	double-pole, double-tillow
DPST	double-pole, single-throw
DS	disconnect switch
DVR	digital voltage regulator
E. emer.	emergency (power source)
FCM	electronic control module
	engine control module
	electronic deta interabango
	electronic data interchange
EFR	
6 A	emergency frequency relay
c.y.	for example (exempli gratia)
EG	emergency frequency relay for example (<i>exempli gratia</i>) electronic governor
EG EGSA	emergency frequency relay for example (<i>exempli gratia</i>) electronic governor Electrical Generating Systems
EG EGSA	emergency frequency relay for example (<i>exempli gratia</i>) electronic governor Electrical Generating Systems Association
EG EGSA FIA	emergency frequency relay for example (<i>exempli gratia</i>) electronic governor Electrical Generating Systems Association Electronic Industries
EG EGSA EIA	emergency frequency relay for example (<i>exempli gratia</i>) electronic governor Electrical Generating Systems Association Electronic Industries Association
EG EGSA EIA	emergency frequency relay for example (<i>exempli gratia</i>) electronic governor Electrical Generating Systems Association Electronic Industries Association end inlet(ond outlot
EG EGSA EIA EI/EO	emergency frequency relay for example (<i>exempli gratia</i>) electronic governor Electrical Generating Systems Association Electronic Industries Association end inlet/end outlet
EG EGSA EIA EI/EO EMI	emergency frequency relay for example (<i>exempli gratia</i>) electronic governor Electrical Generating Systems Association Electronic Industries Association end inlet/end outlet electromagnetic interference
EG EGSA EIA EI/EO EMI emiss.	emergency frequency relay for example (<i>exempli gratia</i>) electronic governor Electrical Generating Systems Association Electronic Industries Association end inlet/end outlet electromagnetic interference emission
eg EGSA EIA EI/EO EMI emiss. eng.	emergency frequency relay for example (<i>exempli gratia</i>) electronic governor Electrical Generating Systems Association Electronic Industries Association end inlet/end outlet electromagnetic interference emission engine
EGSA EGSA EIA EI/EO EMI emiss. eng. EPA	emergency frequency relay for example (<i>exempli gratia</i>) electronic governor Electrical Generating Systems Association Electronic Industries Association end inlet/end outlet electromagnetic interference emission engine Environmental Protection
EG EGSA EIA EI/EO EMI emiss. eng. EPA	emergency frequency relay for example (<i>exempli gratia</i>) electronic governor Electrical Generating Systems Association Electronic Industries Association end inlet/end outlet electromagnetic interference emission engine Environmental Protection Agency
EG EGSA EIA EI/EO EMI emiss. eng. EPA EPS	emergency frequency relay for example (<i>exempli gratia</i>) electronic governor Electrical Generating Systems Association Electronic Industries Association end inlet/end outlet electromagnetic interference emission engine Environmental Protection Agency emergency power system
EG EGSA EIA EI/EO EMI emiss. eng. EPA EPS ER	emergency frequency relay for example (<i>exempli gratia</i>) electronic governor Electrical Generating Systems Association Electronic Industries Association end inlet/end outlet electromagnetic interference emission engine Environmental Protection Agency emergency power system emergency relay
EG EGSA EIA EI/EO EMI emiss. eng. EPA EPS ER	emergency frequency relay for example (<i>exempli gratia</i>) electronic governor Electrical Generating Systems Association Electronic Industries Association end inlet/end outlet electromagnetic interference emission engine Environmental Protection Agency emergency power system emergency relay engine
EG EGSA EIA EI/EO EMI emiss. eng. EPA EPS ER ES	emergency frequency relay for example (<i>exempli gratia</i>) electronic governor Electrical Generating Systems Association Electronic Industries Association end inlet/end outlet electromagnetic interference emission engine Environmental Protection Agency emergency power system emergency relay engineering special, engineering special,
EG EGSA EIA EI/EO EMI emiss. eng. EPA EPS ER ES	emergency frequency relay for example (<i>exempli gratia</i>) electronic governor Electrical Generating Systems Association Electronic Industries Association end inlet/end outlet electromagnetic interference emission engine Environmental Protection Agency emergency power system emergency relay engineering special, engineered special

aat	actimated
est.	estimated
E-Stop	emergency stop
etc.	et cetera (and so forth)
exh.	exhaust
ext.	external
F	Fahrenheit, female
falace	fiberalass
IYIASS.	flot bood machine (acrow)
	nacheau machine (screw)
fl. oz.	fluid ounce
flex.	flexible
freq.	frequency
FS	full scale
ft	foot feet
ft lb	foot pounds (torque)
ft. 1D.	fe et men minute
πр	file transfer protocol
g	gram
ga.	gauge (meters, wire size)
gal.	gallon
aen.	generator
genset	deperator set
GCIISCI	ground foult interruptor
GFI	ground laun interrupter
GND,	ground
aov.	governor
anh	gallons per hour
apm	gallons per minute
gpin	
gr.	grade, gross
GRD	equipment ground
gr. wt.	gross weight
HxWxD	height by width by depth
HC	hex cap
HCHT	high cylinder head temperature
НО	heavy duty
	high oxhoust tomp high
	nigh exhaust temp., nigh
h av i	engine temp.
nex	nexagon
Hg	mercury (element)
НН	hex head
HHC	hex head cap
HP	horsepower
hr.	hour
нs	heat shrink
har	housing
nsg.	nousing
HVAC	neating, ventilation, and air
	conditioning
HWI	high water temperature
Hz	hertz (cycles per second)
IC	integrated circuit
ID	inside diameter, identification
IFC	International Electrotechnical
	Commission
IFFF	Institute of Electrical and
	Flectronics Engineers
IMS	improved motor starting
in	inployed motor starting
	inch is share after the
In. H_2O	Inches of water
ın. Hg	inches of mercury
in. lb.	inch pounds
Inc.	incorporated
ind.	industrial
int	internal
int /ovt	internal/external
	innomal/enternal
1/0	input/output
IP	iron pipe
ISO	International Organization for
	Standardization
J	joule
JIS	Japanese Industry Standard

n	kilo (1000)
K	kelvin
kA	kiloampere
KB	kilobyte (210 bytes)
KBUS	konier communication protocol
kg kg/am ²	
kg/cm-	centimeter
kam	kilogram-meter
ka/m ³	kilograms per cubic meter
kHz	kilohertz
kJ	kiloioule
km	kilometer
kOhm, kΩ	kilo-ohm
kPa	kilopascal
kph	kilometers per hour
kV	kilovolt
kVA	kilovolt ampere
kvar	kilovolt ampere reactive
kW	kilowatt
kWh	kilowatt-hour
kWm	kilowatt mechanical
kvvth	kilowatt-thermal
	liter
	local area network
	length by width by height
ID. Ibm/#3	pounda masa par aubia faat
	line circuit breaker
	liquid crystal display
ld shd	load shed
I FD	light emitting diode
Lph	liters per hour
Lpm	liters per minute
LOP	low oil pressure
LP	liquefied petroleum
LPG	liquefied petroleum gas
LS	left side
LS L _{wa}	left side sound power level, A weighted
LS L _{wa} LWL	left side sound power level, A weighted low water level
LS L _{wa} LWL LWT	left side sound power level, A weighted low water level low water temperature
LS L _{wa} LWL LWT M	left side sound power level, A weighted low water level low water temperature meter, milli (1/1000) morga (10 ⁶ whon used with SI
LS L _{wa} LWL LWT M M	left side sound power level, A weighted low water level low water temperature meter, milli (1/1000) mega (10 ⁶ when used with SI units), male
LS L _{wa} LWL LWT M M	left side sound power level, A weighted low water level low water temperature meter, milli (1/1000) mega (10 ⁶ when used with SI units), male cubic meter
LS L _{wa} LWL LWT M M m ³ m ³ /hr.	left side sound power level, A weighted low water level low water temperature meter, milli (1/1000) mega (10 ⁶ when used with SI units), male cubic meter cubic meters per hour
LS Lwa LWL LWT M M m ³ /m ³ /hr. m ³ /min.	left side sound power level, A weighted low water level low water temperature meter, milli (1/1000) mega (10 ⁶ when used with SI units), male cubic meter cubic meters per hour cubic meters per minute
LS L _{wa} LWL LWT M M m ³ /m ³ /hr. m ³ /min. mA	left side sound power level, A weighted low water level low water temperature meter, milli (1/1000) mega (10 ⁶ when used with SI units), male cubic meter cubic meters per hour cubic meters per minute milliampere
LS L _{wa} LWL LWT M M m ³ /hr. m ³ /hr. m ³ /min. mA man.	left side sound power level, A weighted low water level low water temperature meter, milli (1/1000) mega (10 ⁶ when used with SI units), male cubic meter cubic meters per hour cubic meters per minute milliampere manual
LS L _{wa} LWL LWT M M ³ /hr. m ³ /hr. m ³ /min. mA man. max.	left side sound power level, A weighted low water level low water temperature meter, milli (1/1000) mega (10 ⁶ when used with SI units), male cubic meter cubic meters per hour cubic meters per minute milliampere manual maximum
LS L _{wa} LWL LWT M M ³ /hr. m ³ /hr. m ³ /min. mA man. MB	left side sound power level, A weighted low water level low water temperature meter, milli (1/1000) mega (10 ⁶ when used with SI units), male cubic meter cubic meter cubic meters per hour cubic meters per minute milliampere manual maximum megabyte (2 ²⁰ bytes)
LS L _{wa} LWL LWT m M m ³ /hr. m ³ /hr. m ³ /min. mA man. MB MCCB	left side sound power level, A weighted low water level low water temperature meter, milli (1/1000) mega (10 ⁶ when used with SI units), male cubic meter cubic meter cubic meters per hour cubic meters per minute milliampere manual maximum megabyte (2 ²⁰ bytes) molded-case circuit breaker
LS L _{wa} LWL LWT m M m ³ /hr. m ³ /hr. m ³ /min. mA man. mAx. MB MCCB MCM	left side sound power level, A weighted low water level low water temperature meter, milli (1/1000) mega (10 ⁶ when used with SI units), male cubic meter cubic meter cubic meters per hour cubic meters per minute milliampere manual maximum megabyte (2 ²⁰ bytes) molded-case circuit breaker one thousand circular mils
LS L _{wa} LWL LWT m M m ³ /hr. m ³ /min. mA man. mAx. MB MCCB MCM meggar	left side sound power level, A weighted low water level low water temperature meter, milli (1/1000) mega (10 ⁶ when used with SI units), male cubic meter cubic meters per hour cubic meters per hour cubic meters per minute milliampere manual maximum megabyte (2 ²⁰ bytes) molded-case circuit breaker one thousand circular mils megohmmeter
LS Lwa LWL LWT m M m ³ /hr. m ³ /hr. m ³ /min. mA man. mAx. MB MCCB MCM meggar MHz mi	left side sound power level, A weighted low water level low water temperature meter, milli (1/1000) mega (10 ⁶ when used with SI units), male cubic meter cubic meters per hour cubic meters per hour cubic meters per minute milliampere manual maximum megabyte (2 ²⁰ bytes) molded-case circuit breaker one thousand circular mils megohmmeter megahertz
LS Lwa LWL LWT m M m ³ /hr. m ³ /hr. m ³ /min. mA man. mAx. MB MCCB MCM meggar MHz mi. mi.	left side sound power level, A weighted low water level low water temperature meter, milli (1/1000) mega (10 ⁶ when used with SI units), male cubic meter cubic meter cubic meters per hour cubic meters per minute milliampere manual maximum megabyte (2 ²⁰ bytes) molded-case circuit breaker one thousand circular mils megohmmeter megahertz mile
LS L _{wa} LWL LWT m M m ³ /hr. m ³ /hr. m ³ /min. mA man. mA. MB MCCB MCM meggar MHz mi. min min	left side sound power level, A weighted low water level low water temperature meter, milli (1/1000) mega (10 ⁶ when used with SI units), male cubic meter cubic meters per hour cubic meters per hour cubic meters per minute milliampere manual maximum megabyte (2 ²⁰ bytes) molded-case circuit breaker one thousand circular mils megohmmeter megahertz mile one one-thousandth of an inch minimum minute
LS L _{wa} LWL LWT m M m ³ /hr. m ³ /hr. m ³ /min. mA man. mA. MB MCCB MCM meggar MHz mi. mi. mi. mi. mi. mi. mi. mi.	left side sound power level, A weighted low water level low water temperature meter, milli (1/1000) mega (10 ⁶ when used with SI units), male cubic meter cubic meters per hour cubic meters per minute milliampere manual maximum megabyte (2 ²⁰ bytes) molded-case circuit breaker one thousand circular mils megohmmeter megahertz mile one one-thousandth of an inch minimum, minute miscellaneous
LS L _{wa} LWL LWT m M m ³ /hr. m ³ /hr. m ³ /min. mA man. mA. MB MCCB MCM meggar MHz mi. mi. mi. mi. mi. MJ MJ	left side sound power level, A weighted low water level low water temperature meter, milli (1/1000) mega (10 ⁶ when used with SI units), male cubic meter cubic meters per hour cubic meters per hour cubic meters per minute milliampere manual maximum megabyte (2 ²⁰ bytes) molded-case circuit breaker one thousand circular mils megohmmeter megahertz mile one one-thousandth of an inch minimum, minute miscellaneous megaioule
LS L _{wa} LWL LWT m M m ³ /hr. m ³ /hr. m ³ /min. mA man. mA. MB MCCB MCM meggar MHz mi. mil min. misc. MJ mJ	left side sound power level, A weighted low water level low water temperature meter, milli (1/1000) mega (10 ⁶ when used with SI units), male cubic meter cubic meters per hour cubic meters per hour cubic meters per minute milliampere manual maximum megabyte (2 ²⁰ bytes) molded-case circuit breaker one thousand circular mils megohmmeter megahertz mile one one-thousandth of an inch minimum, minute miscellaneous megajoule millijoule
LS L _{wa} LWL LWT m M m ³ /hr. m ³ /hr. m ³ /min. mA man. mA. MB MCCB MCM meggar MHz mi. mil min. misc. MJ mJ mm	left side sound power level, A weighted low water level low water temperature meter, milli (1/1000) mega (10 ⁶ when used with SI units), male cubic meter cubic meters per hour cubic meters per minute milliampere manual maximum megabyte (2 ²⁰ bytes) molded-case circuit breaker one thousand circular mils megohmmeter megahertz mile one one-thousandth of an inch minimum, minute miscellaneous megajoule millijoule millimeter
LS L _{wa} LWL LWT m M m ³ /hr. m ³ /min. mA man. mA. mA. MB MCCB MCM meggar MHz mi. mi. mi. misc. MJ mM mOhm, mG	left side sound power level, A weighted low water level low water temperature meter, milli (1/1000) mega (10 ⁶ when used with SI units), male cubic meter cubic meters per hour cubic meters per minute milliampere manual maximum megabyte (2 ²⁰ bytes) molded-case circuit breaker one thousand circular mils megohmmeter megahertz mile one one-thousandth of an inch minimum, minute miscellaneous megajoule millijoule milliohm
LS Lwa LWL LWT m M m ³ /hr. m ³ /hr. m ³ /min. mA man. mA man. MB MCCB MCM meggar MHz mi. mi. mi. misc. MJ mM MOhm, MS	left side sound power level, A weighted low water level low water temperature meter, milli (1/1000) mega (10 ⁶ when used with SI units), male cubic meter cubic meters per hour cubic meters per minute milliampere manual maximum megabyte (2 ²⁰ bytes) molded-case circuit breaker one thousand circular mils megohmmeter megahertz mile one one-thousandth of an inch minimum, minute miscellaneous megajoule millijoule milliohm
LS L _{wa} LWL LWT m M m ³ /hr. m ³ /min. mA man. mA man. MB MCCB MCM meggar MHz mi. mil min. misc. MJ mM MOhm, MS MOV	left side sound power level, A weighted low water level low water temperature meter, milli (1/1000) mega (10 ⁶ when used with SI units), male cubic meter cubic meters per hour cubic meters per minute milliampere manual maximum megabyte (2 ²⁰ bytes) molded-case circuit breaker one thousand circular mils megohmmeter megahertz mile one one-thousandth of an inch minimum, minute miscellaneous megajoule millijoule milliohm 2megohm metal oxide varistor
LS L _{wa} LWL LWT m M m ³ /min. m ³ /min. mA man. max. MB MCCB MCM meggar MHz mi. mil min. misc. MJ mJ mM MOhm, MS MOV MPa	left side sound power level, A weighted low water level low water temperature meter, milli (1/1000) mega (10 ⁶ when used with SI units), male cubic meter cubic meters per hour cubic meters per minute milliampere manual maximum megabyte (2 ²⁰ bytes) molded-case circuit breaker one thousand circular mils megohmmeter megahertz mile one one-thousandth of an inch minimum, minute miscellaneous megajoule millijoule millimeter emilliohm 2megohm metal oxide varistor megapascal
LS Lwa LWL LWT m M m ³ /min. m ³ /min. mA man. max. MB MCCB MCM meggar MHz mi. mil min. misc. MJ mJ mM MOhm, MS MOV MPa mpg	left side sound power level, A weighted low water level low water temperature meter, milli (1/1000) mega (10 ⁶ when used with SI units), male cubic meter cubic meters per hour cubic meters per minute milliampere manual maximum megabyte (2 ²⁰ bytes) molded-case circuit breaker one thousand circular mils megohmmeter megahertz mile one one-thousandth of an inch minimum, minute miscellaneous megajoule millipoule millimeter milliohm 2megohm metal oxide varistor megapascal miles per gallon
LS Lwa LWL LWT m M m ³ /nin. mA man. mA man. mA max. MB MCCB MCM meggar MHz mi. mil min. misc. MJ mJ mM MOhm, MS MOV MPa mpg mph	left side sound power level, A weighted low water level low water temperature meter, milli (1/1000) mega (10 ⁶ when used with SI units), male cubic meter cubic meters per hour cubic meters per minute milliampere manual maximum megabyte (2 ²⁰ bytes) molded-case circuit breaker one thousand circular mils megohmmeter megahertz mile one one-thousandth of an inch minimum, minute miscellaneous megajoule millipoule millimeter milliohm 2megohm metal oxide varistor megapascal miles per gallon miles per hour
LS L _{wa} LWL LWT m M m ³ /hr. m ³ /min. mA man. max. MB MCCB MCM meggar MHz mi. mil min. misc. MJ mJ mM MOhm, MS MOV MPa mpg mph MS	left side sound power level, A weighted low water level low water temperature meter, milli (1/1000) mega (10 ⁶ when used with SI units), male cubic meter cubic meters per hour cubic meters per minute milliampere manual maximum megabyte (2 ²⁰ bytes) molded-case circuit breaker one thousand circular mils megohmmeter megahertz mile one one-thousandth of an inch minimum, minute miscellaneous megajoule millipoule millimeter milliohm 2megohm metal oxide varistor megapascal miles per gallon miles per hour milliary standard
LS Lwa LWL LWT m M m ³ /hr. m ³ /min. mA man. max. MB MCCB MCM meggar MHz mi. mil min. misc. MJ mJ mM MOhm, MS MOV MPa mpg mph MS ms ,	left side sound power level, A weighted low water level low water temperature meter, milli (1/1000) mega (10 ⁶ when used with SI units), male cubic meter cubic meters per hour cubic meters per minute milliampere manual maximum megabyte (2 ²⁰ bytes) molded-case circuit breaker one thousand circular mils megohmmeter megahertz mile one one-thousandth of an inch minimum, minute miscellaneous megajoule millipoule millimeter milliohm 2megohm metal oxide varistor megapascal miles per gallon miles per hour millisecond
LS Lwa LWL LWT m M m ³ /hr. m ³ /min. mA man. mA max. MB MCCB MCM meggar MHz mi. mil min. misc. MJ mJ mM MOV MPa mpg mph MS ms m/sec. MJ	left side sound power level, A weighted low water level low water temperature meter, milli (1/1000) mega (10 ⁶ when used with SI units), male cubic meter cubic meters per hour cubic meters per minute milliampere manual maximum megabyte (2 ²⁰ bytes) molded-case circuit breaker one thousand circular mils megohmmeter megahertz mile one one-thousandth of an inch minimum, minute miscellaneous megajoule millijoule millimeter 2millohm 2megohm metal oxide varistor megapascal miles per gallon miles per hour millisecond meters per second meters per second

мтво	mean time between overhauls
mtg.	mounting
мти	Motoren-und Turbinen-Union
MW	megawatt
mW	milliwatt
μF	microfarad
N, norm.	normal (power source)
NA	not available, not applicable
nat. gas	natural gas
NBS	National Bureau of Standards
NC	normally closed
NEC	National Electrical Code
NEMA	National Electrical
	Manufacturers Association
NFFA	Association
Nm	newton meter
NO	normally open
no., nos.	number, numbers
NPS	National Pipe, Straight
NPSC	National Pipe, Straight-coupling
NPT	National Standard taper pipe
	thread per general use
NPTF	National Pipe, Taper-Fine
NR	not required, normal relay
ns	nanosecond
	overcrank
	manufacturer
OF	overfrequency
opt.	option, optional
OS	oversize, overspeed
OSHA	Occupational Safety and Health
\sim	
07	ounce
n nn	page pages
PC	personal computer
РСВ	printed circuit board
pF	picofarad
PF	power factor
ph., Ø	phase
PHC	Phillips [®] head Crimptite [®]
рцц	(Sciew) Philling® hay head (screw)
PHM	nan head machine (screw)
	programmable logic control
PMG	permanent magnet generator
pot	potentiometer, potential
, ppm	parts per million
PROM	programmable read-only
	memory
psi	pounds per square inch
psig	pounds per square inch gauge
ρι. στο	positivo tomporaturo coofficient
PTO	nower takeoff
PVC	polyvinyl chloride
at.	quart. quarts
, qty.	quantity
R	replacement (emergency)
	power source
rad.	radiator, radius
KAM	random access memory
RDU rof	relay driver output
rom	remote
Res/Com	Residential/Commercial
RFI	radio frequency interference
RH	round head
RHM	round head machine (screw)
	rolov

rms	root mean square
rnd.	round .
ROM	read only memory
rot.	rotate, rotating
rom	revolutions per minute
BS	right side
BTH	remote terminal unit
DTV	room tomporature vulcanization
	rood/write
	Seciety of Automotive
SAE	Engineers
cofm	standard cubic foot por minuto
SCIII	silicon controlled rectifier
30h	silicon controlled rectilier
S, Sec.	
51	Systeme International d Unites,
SI/EO	side in/and out
SI/EU	
SII.	sliencer
SN	serial number
SNMP	simple network management
ODDT	
SPDT	single-pole, double-throw
SPST	single-pole, single-throw
spec	specification
specs	specification(s)
sq.	square
sq. cm	square centimeter
sq. in.	square inch
SS	stainless steel
std.	standard
stl.	steel
tach.	tachometer
TD	time delav
TDC	top dead center
TDEC	time delay engine cooldown
TDEN	time delay emergency to
IDEN	normal
TDES	time delay engine start
	time delay normal to
TENE	emergency
TDOF	time delay off to emergency
TDON	time delay off to normal
temn	temperature
term	terminal
	total barmonic distortion
	telephone influence factor
	total indiactor reading
1 IR tol	tolar indicator reading
LOI.	
turbo.	turbocharger
тур.	typical (same in multiple
	locations)
	underrequency
UHF	ultranign frequency
UL	Underwriter's Laboratories, Inc.
UNC	unified coarse thread (was NC)
UNF	unified fine thread (was NF)
univ.	universal
US	undersize, underspeed
UV	ultraviolet, undervoltage
V	volt
VAC	volts alternating current
VAR	voltampere reactive
VDC	volts direct current
VFD	vacuum fluorescent display
VGA	video graphics adapter
VHF	very high frequency
W	watt
WCR	withstand and closing rating
w/	with
w/o	without
wt.	weight
xfmr	transformer
· · · · · · ·	

Use the information below and on the following pages to identify proper fastening techniques when no specific reference for reassembly is made.

Bolt/Screw Length: When bolt/screw length is not given, use Figure 1 as a guide. As a general rule, a minimum length of one thread beyond the nut and a maximum length of 1/2 the bolt/screw diameter beyond the nut is the preferred method.

Washers and Nuts: Use split lock washers as a bolt locking device where specified. Use SAE flat washers with whiz nuts, spiralock nuts, or standard nuts and preloading (torque) of the bolt in all other applications.

See Appendix C, General Torque Specifications, and other torque specifications in the service literature.





Steps for common hardware application:

- 1. Determine entry hole type: round or slotted.
- 2. Determine exit hole type: fixed female thread (weld nut), round, or slotted.

For round and slotted exit holes, determine if hardware is greater than 1/2 inch in diameter, or 1/2 inch in diameter or less. Hardware that is *greater than 1/2 inch* in diameter takes a standard nut and SAE washer. Hardware 1/2 inch or less in diameter can take a properly torqued whiz nut or spiralock nut. See Figure 2.

- 3. Follow these SAE washer rules after determining exit hole type:
 - a. Always use a washer between hardware and a slot.
 - b. Always use a washer under a nut (see 2 above for exception).
 - c. Use a washer under a bolt when the female thread is fixed (weld nut).
- 4. Refer to Figure 2, which depicts the preceding hardware configuration possibilities.



Figure 2 Acceptable Hardware Combinations

American Standard Fasteners Torque Specifications								
	Torque		Assemb	Assembled into Aluminum				
Size	Measurement	Grad	e 2	Grad	e 5	Grad	e 8	Grade 2 or 5
8-32	Nm (in. lb.)	1.8	(16)	2.3	(20)			
10-24	Nm (in. lb.)	2.9	(26)	3.6	(32)			
10-32	Nm (in. lb.)	2.9	(26)	3.6	(32)	_		
1/4-20	Nm (in. lb.)	6.8	(60)	10.8	(96)	14.9	(132)	
1/4-28	Nm (in. lb.)	8.1	(72)	12.2	(108)	16.3	(144)	
5/16-18	Nm (in. lb.)	13.6	(120)	21.7	(192)	29.8	(264)	
5/16-24	Nm (in. lb.)	14.9	(132)	23.1	(204)	32.5	(288)	
3/8-16	Nm (ft. lb.)	24	(18)	38	(28)	53	(39)	
3/8-24	Nm (ft. lb.)	27	(20)	42	(31)	60	(44)	
7/16-14	Nm (ft. lb.)	39	(29)	60	(44)	85	(63)	
7/16-20	Nm (ft. lb.)	43	(32)	68	(50)	95	(70)	See Note 3
1/2-13	Nm (ft. lb.)	60	(44)	92	(68)	130	(96)	
1/2-20	Nm (ft. lb.)	66	(49)	103	(76)	146	(108)	
9/16-12	Nm (ft. lb.)	81	(60)	133	(98)	187	(138)	
9/16-18	Nm (ft. lb.)	91	(67)	148	(109)	209	(154)	
5/8-11	Nm (ft. lb.)	113	(83)	183	(135)	259	(191)	
5/8-18	Nm (ft. lb.)	128	(94)	208	(153)	293	(216)	
3/4-10	Nm (ft. lb.)	199	(147)	325	(240)	458	(338)	
3/4-16	Nm (ft. lb.)	222	(164)	363	(268)	513	(378)	1
1-8	Nm (ft. lb.)	259	(191)	721	(532)	1109	(818)	1
1-12	Nm (ft. lb.)	283	(209)	789	(582)	1214	(895)	

Metric Fasteners Torque Specifications, Measured in Nm (ft. lb.)					
	Assembled into Aluminum				
Size (mm)	Grade 5.8	Grade 8.8	Grade 10.9	Grade 5.8 or 8.8	
M6 x 1.00	6.2 (4.6)	9.5 (7)	13.6 (10)		
M8 x 1.25	15 (11)	23 (17)	33 (24)		
M8 x 1.00	16 (11)	24 (18)	34 (25)		
M10 x 1.50	30 (22)	45 (34)	65 (48)		
M10 x 1.25	31 (23)	47 (35)	68 (50)		
M12 x 1.75	53 (39)	80 (59)	115 (85)		
M12 x 1.50	56 (41)	85 (63)	122 (90)		
M14 x 2.00	83 (61)	126 (93)	180 (133)		
M14 x 1.50	87 (64)	133 (98)	190 (140)		
M16 x 2.00	127 (94)	194 (143)	278 (205)		
M16 x 1.50	132 (97)	201 (148)	287 (212)		
M18 x 2.50	179 (132)	273 (201)	390 (288)	See Note 3	
M18 x 1.50	189 (140)	289 (213)	413 (305)		
M20 x 2.50	245 (181)	374 (276)	535 (395)		
M20 x 1.50	264 (195)	402 (297)	576 (425)		
M22 x 2.50	332 (245)	507 (374)	725 (535)		
M22 x 1.50	351 (259)	535 (395)	766 (565)		
M24 x 3.00	425 (314)	649 (479)	928 (685)		
M24 x 2.00	447 (330)	682 (503)	976 (720)		
M27 x 3.00	_	937 (692)	1341 (990)		
M27 x 2.00	_	985 (727)	1409 (1040)		
M30 x 3.50	—	1278 (943)	1829 (1350)		
M30 x 2.00	—	1349 (996)	1931 (1425)]	

Notes:

- 1. The torque values above are general guidelines. Always use the torque values specified in the service manuals and/or assembly drawings when they differ from the above torque values.
- 2. The torque values above are based on new plated threads. Increase torque values by 15% if non-plated threads are used.
- 3. Hardware threaded into aluminum must have either two diameters of thread engagement or a 30% or more reduction in the torque to prevent stripped threads.
- 4. Torque values are calculated as equivalent stress loading on American hardware with an approximate preload of 90% of the yield strength and a friction coefficient of 0.125.

Appendix D Common Hardware Identification

Screw/Bolts/Studs				
Head Styles				
Hex Head or Machine Head				
Hex Head or Machine Head with Washer	() I			
Flat Head (FHM)	Aman			
Round Head (RHM)	+)			
Pan Head				
Hex Socket Head Cap or Allen™ Head Cap				
Hex Socket Head or Allen™ Head Shoulder Bolt				
Sheet Metal Screw				
Stud				
Drive Styles				
Hex	\bigcirc			
Hex and Slotted				
Phillips®	Þ			
Slotted	\bigcirc			
Hex Socket	\bigcirc			

Nuts			
Nut Styles			
Hex Head	6		
Lock or Elastic			
Square			
Cap or Acorn			
Wing	Ø		
Washers			
Washer Styles			
Plain	0		
Split Lock or Spring	Ø		
Spring or Wave	\bigcirc		
External Tooth Lock	TO A		
Internal Tooth Lock	A CONTRACTOR		
Internal-External Tooth Lock	0		

Hardness Grades				
American Standard				
Grade 2	\odot			
Grade 5				
Grade 8				
Grade 8/9 (Hex Socket Head)	\bigcirc			
Metric				
Number stamped on hardware; 5.8 shown	5.8			

Allen[™] head screw is a trademark of Holo-Krome Co.

Phillips® screw is a registered trademark of Phillips Screw Company.

Sample Dimensions



The Common Hardware List lists part numbers and dimensions for common hardware items.

American Standard

Hex Head Bolts, Carde 5) Hex Head Bolts, cont. Hex Nuts X4465.1 1/4-20 x.38 X-6238-14 38.24 x.75 X-6009-1 1-8 Standard X465.6 1/4-20 x.38 X-6238-16 38.24 x.75 X-6010-3 6.21 Whiz X465.6 1/4-20 x.75 X-6238-12 38.24 x.75 X-6210-3 8.22 Whiz X465.6 1/4-20 x.100 X-6024-5 7/16-14 x.75 X-6210-1 10-32 Whiz X465.8 1/4-20 x.130 X-6024-2 7/16-14 x.100 X-6210-6 1/4-28 Spiralock X465.1 1/4-20 x.125 X-6024-1 7/16-14 x.275 X-6210-8 5/16-24 Spiralock X465.11 1/4-20 x.125 X-6024-1 7/16-14 x.275 X-6210-8 5/16-24 Spiralock X465.11 1/4-20 x.226 X-6024-1 7/16-14 x.275 X-6210-8 Spiralock X465.21 1/4-20 x.257 X-6024-12 1/16-14 x.275 X-6210-14 7/16-14 Spiralock X465.20 1/4-28 x.38 X-129-15 1/2	Part No.	Dimensions	Part No.	Dimensions	Part No.	Dimensions	Туре
$ \begin{array}{c} x465-7\\ x465-6\\ x465-2\\ x465-2\\ x465-8\\ x465-2\\ x465-8\\ x465-8$	Hex Head Bolts (Grade 5)		Hex Head B	olts, cont.	Hex Nuts		
X:465 14:20 Xe238:21 38:24 x 4:50 Xe210.4 6.32 Whiz X:465-16 14:20 x 75 Xe238:22 38:24 x 4:50 Xe210.4 8.32 Whiz X:465-16 14:20 x 15 Xe024-2 7116-14 x 75 Xe0210-1 10.32 Whiz X:465-8 14:20 x 155 Xe024-2 7116-14 x 120 Xe6210-1 10.32 Whiz X:465-8 14:20 x 175 Xe024-2 7116-14 x 120 Xe6210-6 14:428 Spiralock X:465-10 14:20 x 2:0 Xe024-12 7116-14 x 120 Xe6210-6 14:428 Spiralock X:465-11 14:20 x 2:0 Xe024-12 7116-14 x 5:0 Xe210-18 Spiralock Spiralock X:465-12 14:420 x 2:0 Xe024-12 7116-14 x 5:0 Xe210-19 717-10 Spiralock X:465-12 14:420 x 2:0 Xe024-12 716-14 x 5:0 Xe210-19 717-10 Spiralock X:465-20 14:210 x 1:0 X:129-15 12:13 x 1:50 Xe210-15 7712:20 Spiralock <t< td=""><td>X-465-17 X-465-6</td><td>1/4-20 x .38</td><td>X-6238-14 X-6238-16</td><td>3/8-24 x .75 3/8-24 x 1 25</td><td>X-6009-1</td><td>1-8</td><td>Standard</td></t<>	X-465-17 X-465-6	1/4-20 x .38	X-6238-14 X-6238-16	3/8-24 x .75 3/8-24 x 1 25	X-6009-1	1-8	Standard
x445-16 1/4-20 x75 x4238-22 3/8-24 x4.50 x4210-5 8.32 White x445-7 1/4-20 x100 x6024-5 7/16-14 x 1.50 x6210-5 10-24 White x445-6 1/4-20 x11.50 x6024-6 7/16-14 x 1.50 x6210-1 10-32 White x445-6 1/4-20 x15.5 x6024-8 7/16-14 x 1.50 x6210-6 1/4-28 Spiralock x445-11 1/4-20 x2.00 x6024-1 7/16-14 x 1.50 x6210-8 S/16-18 Spiralock x445-11 1/4-20 x2.25 x6024-12 7/16-14 x 2.50 X6210-8 S/16-18 Spiralock x445-21 1/4-20 x2.50 x129-15 1/2-13 x 7.5 X6210-12 1/2-13 Spiralock x445-21 1/4-28 x3.8 x129-17 1/2-13 x 1.50 X6210-12 1/2-13 Spiralock x445-23 5/16-18 x5.0 x129-19 1/2-13 x 1.50 X6210-12 1/2-20 Spiralock x125-23 <td>X-465-2</td> <td>$1/4-20 \times .50$ $1/4-20 \times .62$</td> <td>X-6238-21</td> <td>$3/8-24 \times 4.00$</td> <td>X 6210 2</td> <td>6 32</td> <td>W/biz</td>	X-465-2	$1/4-20 \times .50$ $1/4-20 \times .62$	X-6238-21	$3/8-24 \times 4.00$	X 6210 2	6 32	W/biz
x:445-18 14/20 x 100 X:602-12 X:6210-5 X:6210-10	X-465-16	$1/4-20 \times .02$ $1/4-20 \times .75$	X-6238-22	$3/8-24 \times 4.50$	X-0210-3	0-32	WIIIZ Whiz
X:4657 14:20 × 100 X:6024-5 7/16-14 ×.75 X:2010-5 10-23 Whitz X:465.6 14:20 × 150 X:6024-8 7/16-14 × 1.25 X:2010-1 10-32 Whitz X:465.6 14:20 × 150 X:6024-8 7/16-14 × 1.25 X:2010-1 10-32 Whitz X:465.10 14:20 × 1.75 X:6024-4 7/16-14 × 1.50 X:2010-5 5/16-18 Spiratock X:465.11 14:20 × 2.75 X:6024-12 7/16-14 × 2.75 X:2010-8 3/8-16 Spiratock X:465.11 14:20 × 2.75 X:6024-12 7/16-14 × 2.75 X:2010-9 3/8-16 Spiratock X:465.2 14:28 × 38 X:129-17 1/2.13 x 1.25 X:2010-11 7/16-14 Spiratock X:465.2 14:28 × 38 X:129-19 1/2.13 x 1.75 X:6210-11 7/16-14 Spiratock X:465.2 14:28 × 38 X:129-19 1/2.13 x 1.50 X:6210-11 7/16-14 Spiratock X:465.2 14:28 × 38 X:129-19 1/2.13 x 1.50 X:6210-15 7/16-20 <t< td=""><td>X-465-18</td><td>1/4-20 × .88</td><td>7-0200-22</td><td>3/0-24 × 4.30</td><td>X-0210-4</td><td>10.04</td><td>VVIIIZ M/biz</td></t<>	X-465-18	1/4-20 × .88	7-0200-22	3/0-24 × 4.30	X-0210-4	10.04	VVIIIZ M/biz
X-485.9 14 20 X 125 X-6024-2 7/16-14 x 1.00 X-0210-1 10-32 Will X-485.9 114 20 X 1.75 X-6024-3 7/16-14 x 1.50 X-6210-2 1/4-20 X-00-6 1/4-28 Spiralock X-485.10 114-20 X 2.00 X-6024-11 7/16-14 x 1.50 X-6210-5 1/4-28 Spiralock X-485.11 114-20 X 2.75 X-6024-11 7/16-14 x 2.05 X-6210-8 5/16-24 Spiralock X-485.21 114-20 X 2.75 X-6024-11 7/16-14 x 5.50 X-6210-10 3/8-14 Spiralock X-485.21 114-20 X 2.75 X-6024-11 7/16-14 x 5.50 X-6210-11 3/8-16 Spiralock X-485.20 114-28 X 1.00 X-129-18 1/2-13 x 1.50 X-6210-11 7/16-14 Spiralock X-125-23 5/16-18 x .00 X-129-19 1/2-13 x 1.50 X-6210-11 7/16-20 Spiralock X-125-23 5/16-18 x .00 X-129-24 1/2-13 x 1.50 X-6210-15 7/16-20 Spiralock X-125-24 5/16-18 x .00 X-129-27	X-465-7	$1/4-20 \times 1.00$	X-6024-5	7/16-14 x .75	X-0210-3	10-24	
x:465-0 14/20 x:150 X:6024-8 7/16-14 x 1.50 X:6210-2 14/20 Spiralock X:465-10 14/20 x 1.757 X:6024-4 7/16-14 x 2.00 X:6210-7 5/16-18 Spiralock X:465-11 14/20 x 2.25 X:6024-4 7/16-14 x 2.00 X:6210-7 5/16-18 Spiralock X:465-11 14/20 x 2.75 X:6024-12 7/16-14 x 6.50 X:6210-9 3/8-16 Spiralock X:465-14 14/20 x 2.75 X:6024-12 7/16-14 x 6.50 X:6210-13 3/8-16 Spiralock X:465-25 14/2.8 x 3.8 X:129-17 1/2-13 X 1.00 X:6210-11 7/16-14 Spiralock X:125-33 5/16-18 x.50 X:129-20 1/2-13 X 1.75 X:6210-15 7/16-20 Spiralock X:125-33 5/16-18 x.50 X:129-20 1/2-13 X 2.00 X:85-3 5/8-11 Standard X:125-3 5/16-18 x.50 X:129-21 1/2-13 X 2.00 X:85-3 5/8-11 Standard X:125-3 5/16-18 x.50 X:129-21 1/2-13 X 5.0 X:85-3 <td>X-465-8</td> <td>$1/4-20 \times 1.00$</td> <td>X-6024-2</td> <td>7/16-14 x 1.00</td> <td>X-0210-1</td> <td>10-32</td> <td>VVIIIZ</td>	X-465-8	$1/4-20 \times 1.00$	X-6024-2	7/16-14 x 1.00	X-0210-1	10-32	VVIIIZ
\$x485.10 14/20 x 175 X6024.3 7/16-14 x 1.50 Xe10.6 14/28 Spiralock X485.11 14/20 x 2.25 X6024.11 7/16-14 x 2.75 Xe310.8 Spiralock X485.12 14/20 x 2.25 X6024.11 7/16-14 x 2.75 Xe310.0 Spiralock X485.12 14/20 x 2.25 X6024.11 7/16-14 x 2.75 Xe310.0 Spiralock X485.21 14/20 x 2.25 X6024.11 7/16-14 x 2.75 Xe310.0 Spiralock X485.22 14/28 x 1.00 X129.15 1/2.13 x 1.25 Xe310.10 Spiralock X125.33 5/16-18 x 50 X129.20 1/2.13 x 1.25 Xe310.14 1/2.20 Spiralock X125.33 5/16-18 x 50 X129.21 1/2.13 x 1.25 Xe310.4 1/2.20 Spiralock X125.3 5/16-18 x 1.05 X129.21 1/2.13 x 1.25 Xe310.4 Spiralock X125.45 5/16-18 x 1.05 X129.21 1/2.13 x 1.25 Xe310.4 Spiralock X125.24 5/16-18 x 1.75 X129.22 1/2.12.13 x 2.50 Xe3	X-465-9	1/4-20 x 1 50	X-6024-8	7/16-14 x 1.25	X-6210-2	1/4-20	Spiralock
X:465.11 114/20 X 225 X 6024-4 7/16-14 x 2.00 X 6210-7 5/16-18 Spiralock X:465.12 114/20 x 2.25 X 6024-12 7/16-14 x 8.50 X 6210-9 3/8-16 Spiralock X:465.21 114/20 x 2.75 X 6024-12 7/16-14 x 8.50 X 6210-9 3/8-16 Spiralock X:465.25 114/28 x 38 X 129-17 12-13 x 1.05 X 6210-11 7/16-14 Spiralock X:465.20 114/28 x 38 X 129-17 12-13 x 1.25 X 6210-12 12-13 Spiralock X:125-33 5/16-18 x 50 X 129-19 12-13 x 1.75 X 6210-14 1/2-20 Spiralock X:125-35 5/16-18 x 75 X 129-21 12-13 x 1.50 X 85-3 5/8-11 Standard X:125-45 5/16-18 x 1.50 X 129-22 12-13 x 2.50 X 88-12 3/4-10 Standard X:125-26 5/16-18 x 1.50 X 129-29 12-13 x 4.50 X 88-12 3/4-10 Standard X:125-26 5/16-18 x 2.50 X 129-29 12-13 x 4.50 X 89-2	X-465-10	1/4-20 x 1 75	X-6024-3	7/16-14 x 1.50	X-6210-6	1/4-28	Spiralock
x:465:12 1/4:20 x 2:25 X6024-11 7/16-14 x 2:75 X6210-8 5/16-24 Spiralock X:465:14 1/4:20 x 2:75 X6024-11 7/16-14 x 6:50 X6210-0 3/8-24 Spiralock X:465:21 1/4:20 x 5:00 X:129:15 1/2:13 x:150 X6210-11 7/16-14 Spiralock X:465:25 1/4:28 x:38 X:129:17 1/2:13 x:150 X6210-12 1/2:13 Spiralock X:465:25 1/4:28 x:38 X:129:19 1/2:13 x:150 X6210-15 7/16-14 Spiralock X:125:33 5/16-18 x:62 X:129:20 1/2:13 x:155 X:6210-15 7/16-20 Spiralock X:125:35 5/16-18 x:62 X:129-21 1/2:13 x:155 X:6210-14 1/2:20 Spiralock X:125:45 5/16-18 x:60 X:129-21 1/2:13 x:155 X:6210-15 7/16-14 X:135 X:125:24 5/16-18 x:105 X:129-21 1/2:14 x:275 X:88-12 3/4 + 10 Standard X:125:25 5/16-18 x:105 X:129-29 1/2:13 x:50 Washers Standa	X-465-11	1/4-20 x 2.00	X-6024-4	7/16-14 x 2.00	X-6210-7	5/16-18	Spiralock
x:465:14 1/4:20 x 275 x:6024-12 7/16-14 x 6.50 x:2715, x:2716, x:2715, x:2715, x:2716, x:2715, x:2715, x:2716, x:2715, x:2715, x:2716, x:2715, x:2716, x:2715, x:2716, x:2715, x:2716, x:2715, x:2716, x:2715, x:2715, x:2716, x:2715, x:2716, x:2715, x:2716, x:2715, x:2716, x:2715, x:2716, x:2715, x:2711, x:2715, x:2715, x:2716, x:2716, x:2715, x:27112, x:2715, x:2714, x:2715, x:2714, x:2715, x:2714, x:2715, x:2714, x:2714, x:2715, x:2714, x:2	X-465-12	1/4-20 x 2.25	X-6024-11	7/16-14 x 2.75	X-6210-8	5/16-24	Spiralock
X-465-21 1/4-28 X 500 X-129-15 1/2-13 X 75 X 5210-10 3/6-24 Spiralock X-465-20 1/4-28 X 38 X 129-11 //2.13 X 1.00 X-429.10 1 //1.614 Spiralock X-465-20 1/4-28 X 38 X 129-18 1/2.13 X 1.50 X-6210-11 //1.614 Spiralock X-465-20 1/4-28 X 1.00 X-129-18 1/2.13 X 1.50 X-6210-12 1/2.13 Spiralock X-125-33 5/16-18 x.50 X-129-20 1/2.13 X 1.50 X-6210-14 1/2-20 Spiralock X-125-33 5/16-18 x.75 X-129-21 1/2.13 X 2.25 X-6210-14 1/2-20 Spiralock X-125-35 5/16-18 x 1.00 X-129-22 1/2.13 X 2.25 X-6210-14 1/2-20 Spiralock X-125-5 5/16-18 x 1.00 X-129-23 1/2.13 X 2.50 X-68-12 3/4-10 Standard X-125-5 5/16-18 x 1.50 X-129-23 1/2.13 X 2.50 X-68-12 3/4-10 Standard X-125-26 5/16-18 x 1.50 X-129-29 1/2.13 X 3.50 X-125-26 5/16-18 x 1.50 X-129-29 1/2.13 X 4.50 X-125-26 5/16-18 x 2.50 X-463-9 1/2.12 X 4.50 X-125-26 5/16-18 x 2.50 X-463-9 1/2.12 X 4.50 X-125-28 5/16-18 x 2.50 X-463-9 1/2.12 X 5.50 X-129-54 1/2.20 X 1.50 X-25-48 1.68 4.38 0.49 #6 X-125-25 1/12-20 X 1.50 X-25-48 1.68 4.38 0.49 #6 X-125-25 1/2-20 X 1.50 X-25-48 1.68 4.38 0.49 #6 X-125-35 5/16-18 x 6.50 X-6021-3 5/8-11 x 1.50 X-25-44 8/8 1.00 X-6021-3 5/8-11 x 1.50 X-25-44 8/8 0.49 9/6 H 10 X-125-34 5/16-18 x 6.50 X-6021-3 5/8-11 x 1.50 X-25-40 281 6/25 0/65 1/4 X-125-34 5/16-18 x 6.50 X-6021-3 5/8-11 x 1.50 X-25-34 4/68 7.00E 5/16 X-125-34 5/16-18 x 6.50 X-6021-3 5/8-11 x 1.50 X-25-34 4/68 7.00E 5/16 X-125-34 5/16-18 x 6.50 X-6021-3 5/8-11 x 1.50 X-25-34 4/68 7.00E 5/16 X-125-34 5/16-18 x 6.50 X-6021-3 5/8-11 x 1.50 X-25-34 2.81 6/25 0/25 1/1 5/8-11 x 2.55 X-25-34 2.81 6/25 0/25 1/1 5/8-11 x 1.55 X-25-34 2.81 6/25 0/25 1/1 5/8-11 x 1.55 X-25-34 2.80 X-25-36 5/16 X-250 X-25-34 1.84 5/00 X-25-34 4/8 9/7 0/25 5/16 X-250 X-25-34 3/4 0/25 5/16 X-250 X-25-34	X-465-14	1/4-20 x 2.75	X-6024-12	7/16-14 x 6.50	X-6210-9	3/8-16	Spiralock
X-465-25 1/4-28 X 38 X 129-17 1/2.13 X 100 X 2270-11 7/16-14 Spiralock X-465-20 1/4-28 X 1.00 X 129-18 1/2.13 X 1.25 X 6210-11 7/16-14 Spiralock X-465-20 1/4-28 X 1.00 X 129-18 1/2.13 X 1.50 X 6210-15 7/16-20 Spiralock X-125-23 5/16-18 x.62 X-129-29 1/2.13 X 1.75 X 6210-14 1/2-20 Spiralock X-125-3 5/16-18 x.63 X 129-22 1/2.13 X 2.50 X 85-3 5/8-11 Standard X-125-5 5/16-18 x.16 X 129-22 1/2-13 X 2.50 X 88-12 3/4-10 Standard X-125-5 5/16-18 x.15 X 129-24 1/2-13 X 3.00 X-125-25 5/16-18 x 1.75 X-129-27 1/2-13 X 3.00 X-125-25 5/16-18 x 2.50 X 429-29 1/2-13 X 4.00 X-125-25 5/16-18 x 2.50 X 429-29 1/2-13 X 4.00 X-125-25 5/16-18 x 2.50 X 429-9 1/2-13 X 4.00 X-125-25 5/16-18 x 2.50 X 429-9 1/2-13 X 4.00 X-125-25 5/16-18 x 2.50 X 429-9 1/2-13 X 4.50 X-125-25 5/16-18 X 2.50 X 429-9 1/2-13 X 4.50 X-125-25 5/16-18 X 2.50 X 429-9 1/2-13 X 4.50 X-125-25 5/16-18 X 2.50 X 429-9 1/2-13 X 4.50 X-125-25 5/16-18 X 2.50 X 429-9 1/2-13 X 4.50 X-125-25 5/16-18 X 2.50 X 429-9 1/2-13 X 4.50 X-125-25 5/16-18 X 5.00 X 129-51 1/2-20 X 7.5 X-25-9 1.56 3.75 0.49 #6 X-125-32 5/16-18 X 5.00 X 129-52 1/2-20 X 1.50 X-25-48 1.88 4.488 0.49 #8 X-125-32 5/16-18 X 5.00 X-129-52 1/2-20 X 1.50 X-25-48 1.86 4.487 0.065 5/16 X-125-36 5/16 1X 1.50 X-25-48 1.486 7.065 5/16 X-125-36 5/16 1X 1.50 X-25-48 1.486 7.065 5/16 X-125-36 5/16 1X 1.25 X-25-48 3.14 6.487 0.065 5/16 X-125 X-25-48 3.14 6.487 0.055 5/16 X-125 X-25-48 3	X-465-21	1/4-20 x 5.00	X-129-15	1/2-13 x 75	X-6210-10	3/8-24	Spiralock
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	X-465-25	1/4-28 x .38	X-129-17	1/2-13 x 1 00	X-6210-11	7/16-14	Spiralock
X-125-33 5/16-18 x.50 X-129-19 1/2-13 x 1.50 X-6210-15 7/16-20 Spiralock X-125-23 5/16-18 x.50 X-129-20 1/2-13 x 1.50 X-6210-14 1/2-20 Spiralock X-125-23 5/16-18 x.75 X-129-21 1/2-13 x 2.20 X-85-3 5/8-11 Standard X-125-3 5/16-18 x.10 X-129-22 1/2-13 x 2.20 X-85-3 5/8-11 Standard X-125-4 5/16-18 x.150 X-129-25 1/2-13 x 3.00 X-89-2 1/2-20 Standard X-125-25 5/16-18 x 1.50 X-129-27 1/2-13 x 4.50 Washers Bolt/ 230578 5/16-18 x 2.50 X-129-30 1/2-13 x 4.50 Washers Bolt/ X-125-25 5/16-18 x 4.50 X-129-41 1/2-13 x 5.50 Part No. D D Thick. Screw X-125-25 5/16-18 x 4.50 X-129-41 1/2-20 x 7.5 X-25-46 1/25 2.50 2.26 2.10 2.00 2.44 4.84 0.49 #6 X-25-36 2.14 9.00 0.49 #10 X-25-36 2.14 9.65 3.16 3.75<	X-465-20	1/4-28 x 1.00	X-129-18	1/2-13 x 1 25	X-6210-12	1/2-13	Spiralock
X125-33 5/16-18 X 30 X129.20 1/2.13 X 175 X6210-14 1/2.20 Spiralock X125-3 5/16-18 X, 75 X129.21 1/2.13 X 2.25 X.65-3 5/8-11 Standard X125-3 5/16-18 X, 75 X129.22 1/2.13 X 2.25 X.85-3 5/8-11 Standard X125-5 5/16-18 X 1.25 X.129-24 1/2.13 X 2.75 X.89.2 1/2.20 Standard X125-4 5/16-18 X 1.50 X.129-27 1/2.13 X 3.00 X.89.2 1/2.20 Standard X125-26 5/16-18 X 1.75 X.129-27 1/2.13 X 5.50 Washers Bolt/ X125-27 5/16-18 X 2.50 X.129-45 1/2.20 X 7.5 X.25-46 1.25 .00 Thick. Screw X125-28 5/16-18 X 5.00 X.129-51 1/2.20 X 1.50 X.25-48 1.88 .438 .049 #8 X125-25 5/16-18 X 5.50 X.129-52 1/2.20 X 1.50 X.25-48 .188 .043 .049 #10 X125-35 5/16-18 X 6.50 X.6021-1 5/8-11 X 1.50 X.25-48 .188 .049 #8 .425-37 .049	V 405 00		X-129-19	1/2-13 x 1.50	X-6210-15	7/16-20	Spiralock
X12523 5/16-18 X.52 X.128-32 1/2-13 X 2.00 X.455-31 5/16-18 X.55 X.425-31 5/16-18 X.88 X.129-22 1/2-13 X 2.25 X.485-31 5/18-118 Standard X.125-5 5/16-18 X.125 X.129-22 1/2-13 X 2.25 X.485-31 5/18-118 Standard X.125-4 5/16-18 X.125 X.129-24 1/2-13 X 2.00 Washers Standard X.125-25 5/16-18 X.125 X.129-27 1/2-13 X 3.00 Yashers Bolt/ X.125-26 5/16-18 X 2.25 X.463.9 1/2-13 X 4.00 Washers Bolt/ X.125-29 5/16-18 X 2.25 X.463.9 1/2-20 X 7.5 X.25-46 1/25 .25.0 0.22 #4 X.125-29 5/16-18 X 5.00 X.129-43 1/2-20 X 7.5 X.25-46 1/25 .25.9 .049 #6 X.125-32 5/16-18 X 5.00 X.129-45 1/2-20 X 7.5 X.25-46 .25.0 0.22 #4 X.125-32 5/16-18 X 5.00 X.129-52 1/2-20 X 7.5 X.25-36 .049 #6 X.125-34 5/16-18 X 5.00 X.129-52 1/2-20 X 7.5 X.25-36	X-125-33	5/16-18 x .50	X-129-20	1/2-13 x 1.75	X-6210-14	1/2-20	Spiralock
A12533 0) 161 8 x /3 1/22.22 1/2.13 x 2.25 X.45.3 5/6-18 X1 Standard X1255-5 5/16-18 x 1.00 X129.23 1/2.13 x 2.75 X.89-2 1/2-20 Standard X1255-4 5/16-18 x 1.50 X.129-27 1/2-13 x 2.50 X.89-2 1/2-20 Standard X125-24 5/16-18 x 1.50 X.129-27 1/2-13 x 3.50 X.89-2 1/2-20 Standard X.125-26 5/16-18 x 1.75 X.129-27 1/2-13 x 4.00 Washers Standard X.125-29 5/16-18 x 2.50 X.463-9 1/2-13 x 5.50 Y.25-46 1.15 Z.50 0.02 #4 X.125-29 5/16-18 x 3.00 X.129-51 1/2-20 x 7.5 X-25-46 1.25 2.50 0.02 #4 X.125-22 5/16-18 x 5.00 X.129-51 1/2-20 x 1.55 X25-40 1.86 4.33 0.49 #6 X.125-25 5/16-18 x 5.00 X-6021-3 5/8-11 x 1.00 X25-40 2.16 0.49 #10 X.125-30 5/16-18 x 5.50 X-6021-1 5/8-11 x 1.55 X25-33 4.49 9.22 0.	X-125-23	5/16-18 x .62	X-129-21	1/2-13 x 2.00	X-0210-14	1/2-20	Opilalook
X-129-31 0.10-18 X 86 X-129-23 1/2-13 X 2.50 X-88-12 3/4-10 Standard X-125-24 5/16-18 X 1.20 X-129-24 1/2-13 X 2.50 X-89-2 1/2-20 Standard X-125-24 5/16-18 X 1.25 X-129-27 1/2-13 X 3.50 X-89-2 1/2-20 Standard X-125-25 5/16-18 X 2.50 X-129-29 1/2-13 X 4.50 Washers Bolt/ 230578 5/16-18 X 2.25 X-129-44 1/2-13 X 6.00 Part No. ID OD Thick. Screw X-125-25 5/16-18 X 2.75 X-129-44 1/2-10 X 7.5 X-25-46 .125 2.50 .48.3 X-125-28 5/16-18 X 6.50 X-129-52 1/2-20 X .75 X-25-46 .125 .200 .022 #4 X-125-32 5/16-18 X 6.50 X-129-52 1/2-20 X .75 X-25-48 .188 .438 .049 #8 X-125-32 5/16-18 X 6.50 X-6021-1 5/8-11 X 1.00 X-25-48 .188 .438 .049 #8 X-125-36 5/16-24 X 1.75 X-6021-1 5/8-11 X 1.05 X-25-40 .2816 .065 .1/8 <td>X-125-3</td> <td>5/16-18 X ./5</td> <td>X-129-22</td> <td>1/2-13 x 2.25</td> <td>X-85-3</td> <td>5/8-11</td> <td>Standard</td>	X-125-3	5/16-18 X ./5	X-129-22	1/2-13 x 2.25	X-85-3	5/8-11	Standard
X-129-3 0.16-16 X 1.00 X-129-24 1/2-13 x 2.75 X-89-2 1/2-20 Standard X-125-24 5/16-18 X 1.25 X-129-25 1/2-13 x 3.50 Washers Image: Constraint of the image: Constraint	X-125-31	5/16-18 X .88	X-129-23	1/2-13 x 2.50	X-88-12	3/4-10	Standard
X-125-24 5/16-18 x 1.50 X-129-25 1/2-13 x 3.00 X-125-25 5/16-18 x 1.75 X-129-27 1/2-13 x 4.00 230578 5/16-18 x 2.25 X-129-30 1/2-13 x 4.00 X-125-26 5/16-18 x 2.25 X-129-30 1/2-13 x 4.00 X-125-27 5/16-18 x 2.25 X-129-30 1/2-13 x 5.50 X-125-28 5/16-18 x 2.75 X-129-44 1/2-13 x 6.00 X-125-25 5/16-18 x 5.00 X-129-51 1/2-20 x 7.5 X-25-46 125 2.50 0.02 #4 X-125-32 5/16-18 x 5.00 X-129-52 1/2-20 x 1.50 X-25-48 188 .438 0.49 #8 X-125-35 5/16-18 x 6.50 X-6021-3 5/8-11 x 1.00 X-25-40 .281 .605 1/4 X-125-40 5/16-18 x 6.50 X-6021-1 5/8-11 x 1.50 X-25-37 .406 .425 .625 .665 1/4 X-125-30 5/16-18 x 6.50 X-6021-1 5/8-11 x 1.50 X-25-37 .406 .425 .625 .665 .14 X-125-30 5/16-24 x .75 X-6021-5 5/8-11 x 2.15	X-120-0	5/10-10 X 1.00	X-129-24	1/2-13 x 2.75	X-89-2	1/2-20	Standard
X125-35 5/16-18 x 1.75 X.129-27 1/2-13 x 4.50 Washers X125-26 5/16-18 x 2.00 X.129-30 1/2-13 x 4.50 Part No. ID OD Thick. Screw X.125-26 5/16-18 x 2.00 X.129-30 1/2-13 x 4.50 Part No. ID OD Thick. Screw X.125-28 5/16-18 x 2.50 X.129-51 1/2-20 x 7.5 X-25-46 1.25 2.50 .0.22 #4 X.125-22 5/16-18 x 5.00 X.129-51 1/2-20 x 7.5 X-25-48 1.88 .438 .049 #6 X.125-35 5/16-18 x 5.50 X-6021-3 5/8-11 x 1.00 X-25-48 1.88 .438 .049 #6 X.125-30 5/16-18 x 6.50 X-6021-4 5/8-11 x 1.50 X-25-48 1.88 .438 .049 #8 X.125-43 5/16-18 x 6.50 X-6021-4 5/8-11 x 1.50 X-25-48 .84 .687 .065 5/16 X.125-43 5/16-24 x 1.75 X-6021-1 5/8-11 x 2.50 X-25-37 .406 .812 .065 5/16 X.125-30 5/16-24 x .75 X-6021-1 <td< td=""><td>X-120-24 X 105 24</td><td>5/10-10 X 1.25 5/10 19 x 1 50</td><td>X-129-25</td><td>1/2-13 x 3.00</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>	X-120-24 X 105 24	5/10-10 X 1.25 5/10 19 x 1 50	X-129-25	1/2-13 x 3.00			
X-122-23 3)(B+16 X 1.73) X-129-29 1/2-13 x 4.00 Washers 230578 5/16-18 x 2.25 X-129-30 1/2-13 x 5.50 Part No. ID OD Thick. Screw X-125-27 5/16-18 x 2.55 X-129-44 1/2-13 x 5.50 X-25-46 125 250 0.022 #4 X-125-27 5/16-18 x 4.50 X-129-51 1/2-20 x 1.25 X-25-9 156 3.75 0.49 #6 X-125-32 5/16-18 x 5.50 X-129-52 1/2-20 x 1.50 X-25-46 1.88 0.49 #8 X-125-32 5/16-18 x 6.50 X-6021-4 5/8-11 x 1.25 X-25-36 219 5.00 0.49 #10 X-125-30 5/16-18 x 6.50 X-6021-2 5/8-11 x 1.55 X-25-37 406 .812 .065 5/16 X-125-30 5/16-18 x 6.50 X-6021-5 5/8-11 x 1.75 X-25-46 .812 .625 .065 1/4 X-125-30 5/16-24 x 1.75 X-6021-1 5/8-11 x 2.15 X-25-37 .406 .812 .065 5/16 X-125-30 5/16-24 x 2.75 X-6021-15 5/8-	X-120-04 X 105 05	5/10-10 X 1.50 5/10 19 x 1 75	X-129-27	1/2-13 x 3.50			
X12202 3/16/16 X 2.00 X-129-30 1/2-13 x 4.50 Bolt/ X125-29 5/16/18 X 2.50 X-463.9 1/2-13 x 5.00 Y-25 X 5.50 Y-125 X 5.50 Y-25 Y 1.50 Y-25 Y 1.50 </td <td>X-120-20 X 105-26</td> <td>$5/16 18 \times 2.00$</td> <td>X-129-29</td> <td>1/2-13 x 4.00</td> <td>Washers</td> <td></td> <td></td>	X-120-20 X 105-26	$5/16 18 \times 2.00$	X-129-29	1/2-13 x 4.00	Washers		
2403010 5/16-18 × 2.25 X-463-9 1/2-13 × 5.50 Part No. ID OD Thick. Screw X-125-227 5/16-18 × 2.50 X-129-51 1/2-20 × 75 X-25-46 1.25 2.50 0.02 #4 X-125-22 5/16-18 × 5.00 X-129-51 1/2-20 × 75 X-25-46 1.25 2.50 0.49 #6 X-125-32 5/16-18 × 5.00 X-129-52 1/2-20 × 1.55 X-25-46 1.25 0.49 #6 X-125-32 5/16-18 × 5.00 X-129-52 1/2-20 × 1.50 X-25-46 1.25 0.49 #8 X-125-33 5/16-18 × 6.00 X-6021-4 5/8-11 × 1.00 X-25-36 2.19 500 0.49 #10 X-125-40 5/16-18 × 6.50 X-6021-1 5/8-11 × 1.25 X-25-43 4.68 0.065 5/16 X-125-44 5/16-24 × 2.50 27049 5/8-11 × 1.75 X-25-37 406 .812 0.65 3/8 X-125-30 5/16-24 × 2.75 X-6021-7 5/8-11 × 2.50 X-25-26 5.31 1.062 0.95 1/2 X-125-38 5/16-24 ×	230578	5/16-18 x 2.00	X-129-30	1/2-13 x 4.50			Bolt/
A 122-275/16-18 x 2.05 $x.129-44$ $1/2-13 \times 6.00$ Part No.DODTinck. ScrewX 125-285/16-18 x 4.50 $x.129-51$ $1/2-20 \times 7.5$ $x.25-46$ 1.25 $.250$ $.022$ #4X 125-325/16-18 x 5.00 $x.129-52$ $1/2-20 \times 1.25$ $x.25-9$ 156 $.375$ $.049$ #6X 125-335/16-18 x 5.00 $x.129-52$ $1/2-20 \times 1.50$ $x.25-48$ $.188$ $.438$ $.049$ #8X 125-365/16-18 x 5.00 $x.6021-3$ $5/8-11 \times 1.50$ $x.25-48$ $.188$ $.438$ $.049$ #8X 125-365/16-18 x 6.50 $x.6021-4$ $5/8-11 \times 1.50$ $x.25-36$ $.219$ $.500$ $.049$ #10X 125-345/16-24 x 1.75 $x.6021-1$ $5/8-11 \times 1.50$ $x.25-37$ $.406$ $.812$ $.065$ $3/8$ X -125-345/16-24 x 7.5 $x.6021-5$ $5/8-11 \times 2.25$ $x.25-26$ 531 1.062 $.095$ $1/2$ X 125-385/16-24 x 2.75 $x.6021-6$ $5/8-11 \times 2.25$ $x.25-26$ 531 1.062 $.095$ $1/2$ X -125-385/16-24 x 2.75 $x.6021-12$ $5/8-11 \times 2.75$ $x.25-127$ 1.062 2.000 $.134$ 1 X -6238-1 $3/8-16 \times 1.25$ $x.6021-9$ $5/8-11 \times 3.75$ $x.25-127$ 1.062 2.000 $.134$ 1 X -6238-4 $3/8-16 \times 1.50$ $x.6239-1$ $3/4+10 \times 1.00$ $x.25-127$ 1.062 2.000 $.134$ 1 X -6238-6 $3/8-16 \times$	X-125-29	5/16-18 x 2 50	X-463-9	1/2-13 x 5.50	Dout No.		Thick Seren
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	X-125-25	5/16-18 x 2 75	X-129-44	1/2-13 x 6.00	Part NO.		Thick. Screw
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	X-125-28	5/16-18 x 3 00	V 100 E1	1/2 20 × 75	X-25-46	.125 .250	.022 #4
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	X-125-22	5/16-18 x 4 50	X 129-01	1/2-20 X .75	X-25-9	.156 .375	.049 #6
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	X-125-32	5/16-18 x 5 00	X-129-43 X 120 52	1/2-20 X 1.23	X-25-48	.188 .438	.049 #8
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	X-125-35	5/16-18 x 5.50	X-123-32	1/2-20 × 1.50	X-25-36	.219 .500	.049 #10
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	X-125-36	5/16-18 x 6.00	X-6021-3	5/8-11 x 1.00	X-25-40	.281 .625	.065 1/4
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	X-125-40	5/16-18 x 6.50	X-6021-4	5/8-11 x 1.25	X-25-85	.344 .687	.065 5/16
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			X-6021-2	5/8-11 x 1.50	X-25-37	.406 .812	.065 3/8
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	X-125-43	5/16-24 x 1.75	X-6021-1	5/8-11 x 1.75	X-25-34	.469 .922	.065 7/16
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	X-125-44	5/16-24 X 2.50	273049	5/8-11 x 2.00	X-25-26	.531 1.062	.095 1/2
$X-125-39$ $5/16-24 \times 2.00$ $X-6021-6$ $5/8-11 \times 2.50$ $X-25-29$ 812 1.469 1.34 $3/4$ $X-6238-2$ $3/8-16 \times .62$ $X-6021-7$ $5/8-11 \times 2.75$ $X-25-127$ 1.062 2.000 $.134$ 1 $X-6238-10$ $3/8-16 \times .62$ $X-6021-12$ $5/8-11 \times 2.75$ $X-25-127$ 1.062 2.000 $.134$ 1 $X-6238-10$ $3/8-16 \times .75$ $X-6021-11$ $5/8-11 \times 4.50$ $X-25-127$ 1.062 2.000 $.134$ 1 $X-6238-3$ $3/8-16 \times .75$ $X-6021-10$ $5/8-11 \times 4.50$ $X-25-127$ 1.062 2.000 $.134$ 1 $X-6238-3$ $3/8-16 \times 1.50$ $X-6021-9$ $5/8-18 \times 2.50$ $X-25-127$ 1.062 2.000 $.134$ 1 $X-6238-4$ $3/8-16 \times 1.50$ $X-6021-9$ $5/8-18 \times 2.50$ $X-6238-1$ $3/8-16 \times 1.50$ $X-6239-2$ $3/4-10 \times 1.00$ $X-6238-1$ $3/8-16 \times 1.50$ $X-6239-2$ $3/4-10 \times 1.25$ $X-6238-1$ $3/8-16 \times 2.25$ $X-6239-3$ $3/4-10 \times 2.50$ $X-6238-6$ $3/8-16 \times 2.25$ $X-6239-3$ $3/4-10 \times 2.50$ $X-6238-3$ $3/8-16 \times 2.75$ $X-6239-6$ $3/4-10 \times 3.50$ $X-6238-19$ $3/8-16 \times 3.25$ $X-792-1$ $1-8 \times 2.25$ $X-6238-13$ $3/8-16 \times 3.50$ $X-6238-12$ $3/8-16 \times 3.50$ $X-792-5$ $1-8 \times 3.00$ $X-6238-13$ $3/8-16 \times 3.50$ $X-792-8$ $1-8 \times 5.00$ $X-6238-18$ $3/8-16 \times 5.50$ $X-792-8$ $1-8 \times 5.00$	X-125-30	5/16-24 X .75	X-6021-5	5/8-11 x 2.25	X-25-15	.656 1.312	.095 5/8
$X-125-38$ $5/16-24 \times 2.75$ $X-6021-7$ $5/8-11 \times 2.75$ $X-25-127$ 1.062 2.000 1.14 1.14 $X-6238-2$ $3/8-16 \times .62$ $X-6021-12$ $5/8-11 \times 3.75$ $X-25-127$ 1.062 2.000 $.134$ 1 $X-6238-10$ $3/8-16 \times .75$ $X-6021-11$ $5/8-11 \times 4.50$ $X-6238-3$ $3/8-16 \times .88$ $X-6021-10$ $5/8-11 \times 4.50$ $X-6238-3$ $3/8-16 \times .88$ $X-6021-9$ $5/8-18 \times 2.50$ $X-6238-4$ $3/8-16 \times 1.25$ $X-6238-4$ $3/8-16 \times 1.25$ $X-6239-1$ $3/4-10 \times 1.00$ $X-6238-5$ $3/8-16 \times 1.75$ $X-6239-8$ $3/4-10 \times 1.25$ $X-6238-6$ $3/8-16 \times 2.25$ $X-6239-3$ $3/4-10 \times 2.50$ $X-6238-7$ $3/8-16 \times 2.50$ $X-6239-4$ $3/4-10 \times 2.50$ $X-6238-7$ $3/8-16 \times 2.75$ $X-6239-6$ $3/4-10 \times 3.50$ $X-6238-9$ $3/8-16 \times 3.00$ $X-6239-6$ $3/4-10 \times 3.50$ $X-6238-12$ $3/8-16 \times 3.55$ $X-792-1$ $1-8 \times 2.25$ $X-6238-12$ $3/8-16 \times 3.50$ $X-792-5$ $1-8 \times 3.00$ $X-6238-13$ $3/8-16 \times 5.50$ $X-792-8$ $1-8 \times 5.00$	X-125-39	5/16-24 X 2.00	X-6021-6	5/8-11 x 2.50	X-25-29	.812 1.469	.134 3/4
X-6238-2 $3/8-16 \times .62$ X-6021-12 $5/8-11 \times 3.75$ X-6238-10 $3/8-16 \times .75$ X-6021-11 $5/8-11 \times 4.50$ X-6238-3 $3/8-16 \times .88$ X-6021-10 $5/8-11 \times 4.50$ X-6238-3 $3/8-16 \times .100$ X-6021-9 $5/8-11 \times 2.50$ X-6238-4 $3/8-16 \times 1.25$ X-6239-1 $3/4-10 \times 1.00$ X-6238-5 $3/8-16 \times 1.50$ X-6239-8 $3/4-10 \times 1.25$ X-6238-6 $3/8-16 \times 1.75$ X-6239-8 $3/4-10 \times 1.25$ X-6238-7 $3/8-16 \times 2.25$ X-6239-3 $3/4-10 \times 2.50$ X-6238-7 $3/8-16 \times 2.75$ X-6239-4 $3/4-10 \times 3.50$ X-6238-9 $3/8-16 \times 3.25$ X-792-1 $1-8 \times 2.25$ X-6238-12 $3/8-16 \times 3.50$ X-792-5 $1-8 \times 3.00$ X-6238-13 $3/8-16 \times 3.75$ X-792-8 $1-8 \times 5.00$	X-125-38	5/16-24 X 2.75	X-6021-7	5/8-11 x 2.75	X-25-127	1.062 2.000	.134 1
X-6238-10 $3/8-16 \times .75$ $X-6021-11$ $5/8-11 \times 4.50$ X-6238-3 $3/8-16 \times .88$ X-6021-10 $5/8-11 \times 6.00$ X-6238-11 $3/8-16 \times 1.00$ X-6021-9 $5/8-18 \times 2.50$ X-6238-4 $3/8-16 \times 1.25$ X-6239-1 $3/4-10 \times 1.00$ X-6238-5 $3/8-16 \times 1.50$ X-6239-8 $3/4-10 \times 1.25$ X-6238-6 $3/8-16 \times 2.00$ X-6239-2 $3/4-10 \times 1.50$ X-6238-7 $3/8-16 \times 2.25$ X-6239-3 $3/4-10 \times 2.00$ X-6238-7 $3/8-16 \times 2.50$ X-6239-4 $3/4-10 \times 2.50$ X-6238-8 $3/8-16 \times 2.75$ X-6239-5 $3/4-10 \times 3.00$ X-6238-9 $3/8-16 \times 3.25$ X-792-1 $1-8 \times 2.25$ X-6238-12 $3/8-16 \times 3.50$ X-792-5 $1-8 \times 3.00$ X-6238-13 $3/8-16 \times 3.75$ X-792-8 $1-8 \times 5.00$	X-6238-2	3/8-16 x .62	X-6021-12	5/8-11 x 3.75			
X-6238-3 $3/8-16 \times .88$ X-6021-10 $5/8-11 \times 6.00$ X-6238-11 $3/8-16 \times 1.00$ X-6021-9 $5/8-18 \times 2.50$ X-6238-4 $3/8-16 \times 1.25$ X-6239-1 $3/4-10 \times 1.00$ X-6238-5 $3/8-16 \times 1.75$ X-6239-8 $3/4-10 \times 1.25$ X-6238-6 $3/8-16 \times 2.25$ X-6239-2 $3/4-10 \times 1.50$ X-6238-17 $3/8-16 \times 2.25$ X-6239-3 $3/4-10 \times 2.50$ X-6238-7 $3/8-16 \times 2.50$ X-6239-4 $3/4-10 \times 2.50$ X-6238-8 $3/8-16 \times 2.75$ X-6239-5 $3/4-10 \times 3.50$ X-6238-9 $3/8-16 \times 3.25$ X-792-1 $1-8 \times 2.25$ X-6238-12 $3/8-16 \times 3.50$ X-792-5 $1-8 \times 3.00$ X-6238-13 $3/8-16 \times 4.50$ X-792-8 $1-8 \times 5.00$	X-6238-10	3/8-16 x .75	X-6021-11	5/8-11 X 4.50			
X-6238-11 $3/8-16 \times 1.00$ X-6021-9 $5/8-18 \times 2.50$ X-6238-4 $3/8-16 \times 1.25$ X-6239-1 $3/4-10 \times 1.00$ X-6238-5 $3/8-16 \times 1.75$ X-6239-8 $3/4-10 \times 1.25$ X-6238-6 $3/8-16 \times 2.00$ X-6239-2 $3/4-10 \times 1.50$ X-6238-7 $3/8-16 \times 2.25$ X-6239-3 $3/4-10 \times 2.00$ X-6238-7 $3/8-16 \times 2.50$ X-6239-4 $3/4-10 \times 2.50$ X-6238-8 $3/8-16 \times 2.75$ X-6239-5 $3/4-10 \times 3.00$ X-6238-9 $3/8-16 \times 3.25$ X-792-1 $1-8 \times 2.25$ X-6238-12 $3/8-16 \times 3.50$ X-792-5 $1-8 \times 3.00$ X-6238-13 $3/8-16 \times 4.50$ X-792-8 $1-8 \times 5.00$	X-6238-3	3/8-16 x .88	X-6021-10	5/8-11 X 6.00			
X-6238-4 $3/8-16 \times 1.25$ X-6239-1 $3/4-10 \times 1.00$ X-6238-5 $3/8-16 \times 1.50$ X-6239-8 $3/4-10 \times 1.25$ X-6238-1 $3/8-16 \times 2.00$ X-6239-2 $3/4-10 \times 1.50$ X-6238-17 $3/8-16 \times 2.25$ X-6239-3 $3/4-10 \times 2.00$ X-6238-7 $3/8-16 \times 2.50$ X-6239-4 $3/4-10 \times 2.50$ X-6238-8 $3/8-16 \times 2.75$ X-6239-5 $3/4-10 \times 3.00$ X-6238-9 $3/8-16 \times 3.25$ X-792-1 $1-8 \times 2.25$ X-6238-12 $3/8-16 \times 3.50$ X-792-5 $1-8 \times 3.00$ X-6238-13 $3/8-16 \times 3.75$ X-792-8 $1-8 \times 5.00$	X-6238-11	3/8-16 x 1.00	X-6021-9	5/8-18 x 2.50			
X-6238-5 $3/8-16 \times 1.50$ $X-6239-1$ $3/4-10 \times 1.00$ X-6238-1 $3/8-16 \times 1.75$ $X-6239-8$ $3/4-10 \times 1.25$ X-6238-6 $3/8-16 \times 2.00$ $X-6239-2$ $3/4-10 \times 1.50$ X-6238-7 $3/8-16 \times 2.25$ $X-6239-3$ $3/4-10 \times 2.00$ X-6238-7 $3/8-16 \times 2.50$ $X-6239-4$ $3/4-10 \times 2.50$ X-6238-8 $3/8-16 \times 2.75$ $X-6239-5$ $3/4-10 \times 3.00$ X-6238-9 $3/8-16 \times 3.25$ $X-792-6$ $3/4-10 \times 3.50$ X-6238-12 $3/8-16 \times 3.50$ $X-792-5$ $1-8 \times 2.25$ X-6238-12 $3/8-16 \times 3.75$ $X-792-5$ $1-8 \times 3.00$ X-6238-13 $3/8-16 \times 4.50$ $X-792-8$ $1-8 \times 5.00$	X-6238-4	3/8-16 x 1.25	X 0000 4				
X-6238-1 $3/8-16 \times 1.75$ $X-6239-8$ $3/4-10 \times 1.25$ X-6238-6 $3/8-16 \times 2.00$ X-6239-2 $3/4-10 \times 1.50$ X-6238-17 $3/8-16 \times 2.25$ X-6239-3 $3/4-10 \times 2.00$ X-6238-7 $3/8-16 \times 2.50$ X-6239-4 $3/4-10 \times 2.50$ X-6238-8 $3/8-16 \times 2.75$ X-6239-5 $3/4-10 \times 3.00$ X-6238-9 $3/8-16 \times 3.25$ X-792-1 $1-8 \times 2.25$ X-6238-12 $3/8-16 \times 3.50$ X-792-5 $1-8 \times 3.00$ X-6238-13 $3/8-16 \times 3.75$ X-792-8 $1-8 \times 5.00$ X-6238-13 $3/8-16 \times 4.50$ X-792-8 $1-8 \times 5.00$	X-6238-5	3/8-16 x 1.50	X-6239-1	3/4-10 x 1.00			
X-6238-6 3/8-16 × 2.00 X-6239-2 3/4-10 × 1.50 X-6238-17 3/8-16 × 2.25 X-6239-3 3/4-10 × 2.00 X-6238-7 3/8-16 × 2.50 X-6239-4 3/4-10 × 2.50 X-6238-8 3/8-16 × 2.75 X-6239-5 3/4-10 × 3.00 X-6238-9 3/8-16 × 3.00 X-6239-6 3/4-10 × 3.50 X-6238-19 3/8-16 × 3.25 X-792-1 1-8 × 2.25 X-6238-12 3/8-16 × 3.50 X-792-5 1-8 × 3.00 X-6238-13 3/8-16 × 3.75 X-792-8 1-8 × 5.00 X-6238-13 3/8-16 × 4.50 X-792-8 1-8 × 5.00	X-6238-1	3/8-16 x 1.75	X-6239-8	3/4-10 X 1.25			
X-6238-17 3/8-16 × 2.25 X-6239-3 3/4-10 × 2.00 X-6238-7 3/8-16 × 2.25 X-6239-4 3/4-10 × 2.50 X-6238-8 3/8-16 × 2.75 X-6239-5 3/4-10 × 3.00 X-6238-9 3/8-16 × 3.00 X-6239-6 3/4-10 × 3.50 X-6238-19 3/8-16 × 3.25 X-792-1 1-8 × 2.25 X-6238-20 3/8-16 × 3.75 X-792-5 1-8 × 3.00 X-6238-13 3/8-16 × 4.50 X-792-8 1-8 × 5.00	X-6238-6	3/8-16 x 2.00	X-6239-2	3/4-10 X 1.50			
X-6238-7 3/8-16 x 2.50 X-6239-4 3/4-10 x 2.30 X-6238-8 3/8-16 x 2.75 X-6239-5 3/4-10 x 3.00 X-6238-9 3/8-16 x 3.00 X-6239-6 3/4-10 x 3.50 X-6238-19 3/8-16 x 3.25 X-792-1 1-8 x 2.25 X-6238-20 3/8-16 x 3.75 X-792-5 1-8 x 3.00 X-6238-13 3/8-16 x 5.00 X-792-8 1-8 x 5.00	X-6238-17	3/8-16 x 2.25	X-6239-3	3/4-10 X 2.00			
X-6238-8 3/8-16 × 2.75 X-6239-5 3/4-10 × 3.00 X-6238-9 3/8-16 × 3.00 X-6239-6 3/4-10 × 3.50 X-6238-19 3/8-16 × 3.25 X-792-1 1-8 × 2.25 X-6238-20 3/8-16 × 3.75 X-792-5 1-8 × 3.00 X-6238-13 3/8-16 × 4.50 X-792-8 1-8 × 5.00	X-6238-7	3/8-16 x 2.50	X-0239-4 X 6020 5	3/4-10 X 2.50			
X-6238-9 3/8-16 x 3.00 X-6239-0 3/4-10 x 3.00 X-6238-19 3/8-16 x 3.25 X-792-1 1-8 x 2.25 X-6238-20 3/8-16 x 3.50 X-792-5 1-8 x 3.00 X-6238-13 3/8-16 x 4.50 X-792-8 1-8 x 5.00 X-6238-18 3/8-16 x 4.50 X-792-8 1-8 x 5.00	X-6238-8	3/8-16 x 2.75	X-0239-3	$3/4 - 10 \times 3.00$			
X-6238-19 3/8-16 x 3.25 X-792-1 1-8 x 2.25 X-6238-12 3/8-16 x 3.50 X-792-5 1-8 x 3.00 X-6238-20 3/8-16 x 3.75 X-792-8 1-8 x 5.00 X-6238-13 3/8-16 x 4.50 X-792-8 1-8 x 5.00	X-6238-9	3/8-16 x 3.00	A-0239-0	3/4-10 X 3.50			
X-6238-12 3/8-16 x 3.50 X-792-5 1-8 x 3.00 X-6238-20 3/8-16 x 3.75 X-792-8 1-8 x 5.00 X-6238-13 3/8-16 x 4.50 X-6238-18 3/8-16 x 5.50	X-6238-19	3/8-16 X 3.25	X-792-1	1-8 x 2.25			
X-6238-13 3/8-16 x 4.50 X-792-8 1-8 x 5.00 X-6238-18 3/8-16 x 4.50	X-6238-12	3/8-16 X 3.50	X-792-5	1-8 x 3.00			
X-6238-18 3/8-16 x 5.50	X-6238-20	3/8-16 X 3.75	X-792-8	1-8 x 5.00			
	X-6238-13	3/8-16 X 4.50					
X 6238.25 3 (8.16 × 6.50	A-0230-10 X-6238-25	3/8-16 x 5.50 3/8-16 x 6 50					

Metric

Hex head bolts are hardness grade 8.8 unless noted.

Part No.	Dimensions	Part No.	Dimensions
Hex Head Bolts	(Partial Thread)	Hex Head Bolts	(Partial Thread),
M931-05055-60	M5-0.80 x 55	continued	-
M931-06040-60	M6-1.00 x 40	M960-16090-60	M16-1.50 x 90
M931-06055-60	M6-1.00 x 55	M931-16090-60	M16-2.00 x 90
M931-06060-60	M6-1.00 X 60	M931-16100-60	M16-2.00 x 100
M931-06060-55	M6-1.00 X 60	M931-16100-82	M16-2.00 x 100*
M931-06070-SS	M6-1.00 x 70	M931-16120-60	M16-2.00 X 120 M16-2 00 x 150
M931-06075-60	M6-1.00 x 75		MITO 2.00 × 100
M931-06090-60	M6-1.00 x 90	M931-20065-60	M20-2.50 x 65
M931-06145-60	M6-1.00 x 145	M931-20090-60	M20-2.50 X 90 M20-2.50 x 100
M931-06150-60	M6-1.00 x 150	M931-20120-60	M20-2.50 x 120
M931-08035-60	M8-1.25 x 35	M931-20140-60	M20-2.50 x 140
M931-08040-60	M8-1.25 x 40	M931-20160-60	M20-2.50 x 160
M931-08045-60	M8-1.25 x 45	M931-22090-60	M22-2.50 x 90
M931-08050-60	M8-1 25 x 55	M931-22120-60	M22-2.50 x 120
M931-08055-82	M8-1.25 x 55*	M931-22160-60	M22-2.50 x 160
M931-08060-60	M8-1.25 x 60	M931-24090-60	M24-3.00 x 90
M931-08070-60	M8-1.25 x 70	M931-24120-60	M24-3.00 x 120
M931-08070-82	M8-1.25 x 70*	M931-24160-60	M24-3.00 x 160
M931-08075-60	M8-1.25 X 75	M931-24200-60	M24-3.00 x 200
M931-08090-60	M8-1 25 x 90		
M931-08095-60	M8-1.25 x 95	Hex Head Bolts	(Full Thread)
M931-08100-60	M8-1.25 x 100	M933-04006-60	M4-0.70 x 6
M931-08120-60	M8-1.25 x 120	M933-05030-60	M5-0.80 x 30
M931-08130-60	M8-1.25 x 130	M933-05035-60	M5-0.80 x 35
M931-08140-60	M8-1.25 x 140	M933-05050-60	M5-0.80 x 50
M931-08150-60	M8-1.25 x 150	M933-06010-60	M6-1.00 x 10
101931-08200-60	M8-1.25 X 200	M933-06012-60	M6-1.00 x 12
M931-10040-82	M10-1.25 x 40*	M933-06014-60	M6-1.00 x 14
M931-10040-60	M10-1.50 x 40	M933-06016-60	M6 1 00 x 10
M931-10045-60	M10-1.50 X 45	M933-06025-60	M6-1.00 x 25
M931-10050-80	M10-1.25 x 50*	M933-06030-60	M6-1.00 x 30
M931-10055-60	M10-1.50 x 55	M933-06040-60	M6-1.00 x 40
M931-10060-60	M10-1.50 x 60	M933-06050-60	M6-1.00 x 50
M931-10065-60	M10-1.50 x 65	M933-07025-60	M7-1.00 x 25
M931-10070-60	M10-1.50 x 70	M022 08010 60	M9 1 25 v 10
M931-10080-80	M10-1.50 X 80 M10-1 25 X 80*	M933-08012-60	M8-1 25 x 12
M931-10090-60	M10-1.50 x 90	M933-08016-60	M8-1.25 x 16
M931-10090-82	M10-1.50 x 90*	M933-08020-60	M8-1.25 x 20
M931-10100-60	M10-1.50 x 100	M933-08025-60	M8-1.25 x 25
M931-10110-60	M10-1.50 x 110	M933-08030-60	M8-1.25 x 30
M931-10120-60	M10-1.50 X 120 M10-1 50 x 130	101933-06030-62	10-1.25 X 30"
M931-10140-60	M10-1.50 x 140	M933-10012-60	M10-1.50 x 12
M931-10180-60	M10-1.50 x 180	M961-10020-60	M10-1.25 x 20
M931-10235-60	M10-1.50 x 235	M933-10020-60	M10-1.50 X 20 M10-1 50 x 25
M931-10260-60	M10-1.50 x 260	M961-10025-60	M10-1.25 x 25
M960-10330-60	M10-1.25 x 330	M933-10025-82	M10-1.50 x 25*
M931-12045-60	M12-1.75 x 45	M961-10030-60	M10-1.25 x 30
M960-12050-60	M12-1.25 x 50	M933-10030-60	M10-1.50 x 30
M960-12050-82	M12-1.25 x 50*	M933-10030-82	M10-1.50 X 30*
M931-12050-80	M12-1.75 x 50 M12-1 75 x 50*	M933-10035-60	M10-1 50 x 35
M931-12055-60	M12-1.75 x 55	M933-10035-82	M10-1.50 x 35*
M931-12060-60	M12-1.75 x 60	M961-10040-60	M10-1.25 x 40
M931-12060-82	M12-1.75 x 60*		
M931-12065-60	M12-1.75 x 65		
M931-120/5-60	W12-1.75 X 75 M12-1 75 x 80		
M931-12090-60	M12-1.75 x 90		
M931-12100-60	M12-1.75 x 100		
M931-12110-60	M12-1.75 x 110		

Part No.	Dimensions
Hex Head Bolts	(Full Thread),
continued M933-12016-60 M933-12020-60 M961-12020-60F M933-12025-60 M933-12025-82 M961-12030-60 M933-12030-82F M933-12030-60 M933-12040-82 M933-12040-60 M933-12040-82	$\begin{array}{c} M12\text{-}1.75 \times 16 \\ M12\text{-}1.75 \times 20 \\ M12\text{-}1.75 \times 25 \\ M12\text{-}1.75 \times 25\text{*} \\ M12\text{-}1.75 \times 25\text{*} \\ M12\text{-}1.25 \times 30\text{*} \\ M12\text{-}1.75 \times 30\text{*} \\ M12\text{-}1.75 \times 30\text{*} \\ M12\text{-}1.75 \times 35 \\ M12\text{-}1.25 \times 40\text{*} \\ M12\text{-}1.75 \times 40\text{*} \\ \end{array}$
M961-14025-60	M14-1.50 x 25
M933-14025-60	M14-2.00 x 25
M961-14050-82	M14-1.50 x 50*
M961-16025-60 M933-16025-60 M961-16030-82 M933-16030-82 M933-16030-82 M933-16040-60 M961-16040-60 M961-16045-82 M933-16045-82 M933-16050-60 M933-16050-60 M933-18035-60 M933-18050-60 M933-20050-60 M933-20055-60 M933-24060-60	$\begin{array}{c} M16\text{-}1.50 \times 25\\ M16\text{-}2.00 \times 25\\ M16\text{-}2.00 \times 30^*\\ M16\text{-}2.00 \times 30^*\\ M16\text{-}2.00 \times 30^*\\ M16\text{-}2.00 \times 35\\ M16\text{-}1.50 \times 40\\ M16\text{-}2.00 \times 40^*\\ M16\text{-}2.00 \times 50\\ M16\text{-}2.00 \times 50\\ M16\text{-}2.00 \times 50^*\\ M16\text{-}2.00 \times 70\\ M18\text{-}2.50 \times 50\\ M18\text{-}2.50 \times 50\\ M18\text{-}2.50 \times 50\\ M20\text{-}2.50 \times 55\\ M20\text{-}2.50 \times 55\\ M20\text{-}2.50 \times 55\\ M20\text{-}2.50 \times 55\\ M20\text{-}2.50 \times 60\\ M20\text{-}2.50 \times 55\\ M20\text{-}2.50 \times 50\\ M20\text{-}2.50 \times$
M933-24003-00 M933-24070-60	M24-3.00 x 03
M7985A-03010-20	M3-0.50 x 10
M7985A-03012-20	M3-0.50 x 12
M7985A-04010-20	M4-0.70 x 10
M7985A-04016-20	M4-0.70 x 16
M7985A-04020-20	M4-0.70 x 20
M7985A-04050-20	M4-0.70 x 50
M7985A-04100-20	M4-0.70 x 100
M7985A-05010-20 M7985A-05012-20 M7985A-05016-20 M7985A-05020-20 M7985A-05020-20 M7985A-05030-20 M7985A-05080-20 M7985A-05100-20	$\begin{array}{c} M5{\text{-}}0{\text{-}}80\times10\\ M5{\text{-}}0{\text{-}}80\times12\\ M5{\text{-}}0{\text{-}}80\times16\\ M5{\text{-}}0{\text{-}}80\times20\\ M5{\text{-}}0{\text{-}}80\times25\\ M5{\text{-}}0{\text{-}}80\times30\\ M5{\text{-}}0{\text{-}}80\times80\\ M5{\text{-}}0{\text{-}}80\times100 \end{array}$

M7985A-06100-20 M6-1.00 x 100

Flat Head Machine Screws

M965A-04012-SS	M4-0.70 x 12
M965A-05012-SS	M5-0.80 x 12
M965A-05016-20	M5-0.80 x 16
M965A-06012-20	M6-1.00 x 12

* This metric hex bolt's hardness is grade 10.9.

Metric, continued

Part No.	Dimensions	Туре	
Hex Nuts			
M934-03-50	M3-0.50	Standard	
M934-04-50	M4-0.70	Standard	
M934-04-B	M4-0.70	Brass	
M934-05-50	M5-0.80	Standard	
M934-06-60	M6-1.00	Standard	
M934-06-64	M6-1.00	Std. (green)	
M6923-06-80	M6-1.00	Spiralock	
M982-06-80	M6-1.00	Elastic Stop	
M934-08-60	M8-1.25	Standard	
M6923-08-80	M8-1.25	Spiralock	
M982-08-80	M8-1.25	Elastic Stop	
M934-10-60	M10-1.50	Standard	
M934-10-60F	M10-1.25	Standard	
M6923-10-80	M10-1.50	Spiralock	
M6923-10-62	M10-1.50	Spiralock†	
M982-10-80	M10-1.50	Elastic Stop	
M934-12-60	M12-1.75	Standard	
M934-12-60F	M12-1.25	Standard	
M6923-12-80	M12-1.75	Spiralock	
M982-12-80	M12-1.75	Elastic Stop	
M982-14-60	M14-2.00	Elastic Stop	
M6923-16-80	M16-2.00	Spiralock	
M982-16-80	M16-2.00	Elastic Stop	
M934-18-80	M18-2.5	Standard	
M982-18-60	M18-2.50	Elastic Stop	
M934-20-80	M20-2.50	Standard	
M982-20-80	M20-2.50	Elastic Stop	
M934-22-60	M22-2.50	Standard	
M934-24-80	M24-3.00	Standard	
M982-24-60	M24-3.00	Elastic Stop	
M934-30-80	M30-3.50	Standard	

Washers

				Bolt/
Part No.	ID	OD	Thick.	Screw
M125A-03-80	3.2	7.0	0.5	MЗ
M125A-04-80	4.3	9.0	0.8	M4
M125A-05-80	5.3	10.0	1.0	M5
M125A-06-80	6.4	12.0	1.6	M6
M125A-08-80	8.4	16.0	1.6	M8
M125A-10-80	10.5	20.0	2.0	M10
M125A-12-80	13.0	24.0	2.5	M12
M125A-14-80	15.0	28.0	2.5	M14
M125A-16-80	17.0	30.0	3.0	M16
M125A-18-80	19.0	34.0	3.0	M18
M125A-20-80	21.0	37.0	3.0	M20
M125A-24-80	25.0	44.0	4.0	M24

 \dagger This metric hex nut's hardness is grade 8.

Appendix F Exciter Mounting Tool Y-5803



Exciter Removal Tool Y-5812





KOHLER CO. Kohler, Wisconsin 53044 Phone 920-457-4441, Fax 920-459-1646 For the nearest sales/service outlet in the US and Canada, phone 1-800-544-2444 KohlerPower.com

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