

**INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS**

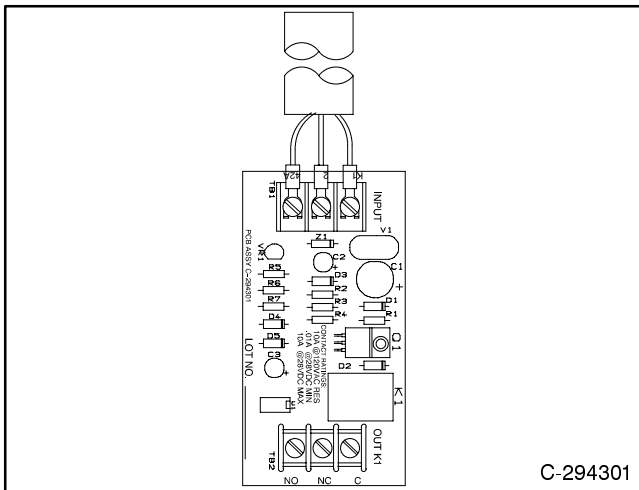
Original Issue Date: **5/95**

Model: **20-2000 kW**

Market: **Industrial**

Subject: **Failure Relay Kits PA-347274, PA-347274-SD, PA-361548, PA-361548-SD**

The failure relay kit allows remote monitoring of the standby system by using one set of contacts to trigger customer-provided signaling devices if a fault condition occurs. The kit typically connects to terminal 32A on terminal strip TB1. Connection to 32A on the controller circuit board part number A-336415 monitors emergency stop, auxiliary, overspeed, high engine temp, and low oil pressure. Connection to 32A on the controller circuit board A-352160 monitors emergency stop, overspeed, low oil pressure, high engine temperature, and overcrank. Typically, lamps, audible alarms, or other devices are connected to signal the conditions. Figure 1 shows the failure relay kit.



**Figure 1. Failure Relay Kit**

Customer-provided accessories require their own electrical source and must not exceed the relay contact ratings following.

Connect customer-supplied 12 volt DC accessories to battery positive (+) at the starter solenoid and to the battery negative (-) at the engine ground. Do not use terminals 42A and N of the controller or the connection kit terminal strip to supply the voltage to the relay contacts. Use separate leads directly from the battery for the supply voltage leads. Size leads according to local, state, and national electrical codes. Observe the following safety precautions while installing the kit.

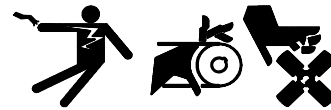
**NOTE**

Observe applicable local, state, and national electrical codes when installing the failure relay kit and related accessories.

**NOTE**

Monitor single faults by connecting to the appropriate terminal.

**⚠ WARNING**



**Accidental starting.  
Can cause severe injury or death.**

Disconnect the battery cables before working on the generator set. Remove the negative (-) lead first when disconnecting the battery. Reconnect the negative (-) lead last when reconnecting the battery.

**Disabling the generator set. Accidental starting can cause severe injury or death.** Before working on the generator set or connected equipment, disable the generator set as follows: (1) Move the generator set master switch to the OFF position. (2) Disconnect the power to the battery charger. (3) Remove the battery cables, negative (-) lead first. Reconnect the negative (-) lead last when reconnecting the battery. Follow these precautions to prevent starting of the generator set by an automatic transfer switch, remote start/stop switch, or engine start command from a remote computer.

**Relay Contact Rating**

Maximum Switching Voltage	.....	120 Volts AC
Maximum Switching Current	.....	10 Amps
Minimum Switching Power	.....	10 Milliamps
		at 28 Volts DC or equivalent

# Installation

1. Place the generator set master switch in the OFF position.
2. Disconnect the power to the battery charger, if equipped.
3. Disconnect the generator set engine starting battery(ies), negative (-) lead first.
4. Remove the generator set controller cover.
5. Mount the failure relay inside the junction box. Drill four 3/16 in. (5 mm) diameter holes in the generator panel using the relay board as a template. See Figure 3.
6. Attach the relay to the junction box. See Figure 3 for mounting styles and locations.
7. Use the supplied wiring harness and 18-gauge stranded wire to extend the failure relay wiring harness if mounting the kit in a location remote from the generator set.

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## NOTE

Do not mount the kit more than 200 ft. (61 m) from the generator set.

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8. Connect the failure relay kit wiring harness (347275) according to one of the wiring diagrams listed in Figure 2. Use a customer connection kit (terminal strip) for easier connection and disconnection of generator set accessories. Controller/connection kit terminals 2 (ground) and 42A (battery voltage) must be connected to the failure relay terminal strip providing an electrical source to operate the K1 relay.

Determine which accessory connection wiring diagram to use by identifying the type of generator set controller by the circuit board part number on the controller circuit board. The letter in the circuit board part number may be different from the letter A shown. See Figure 2.

Circuit Board Part Number	Terminal Strip Qty.	Wiring Diagram
A-336415	TB1 and TB2	Figure 4
A-352160	TB1, TB2, TB3, and TB4	Figure 5

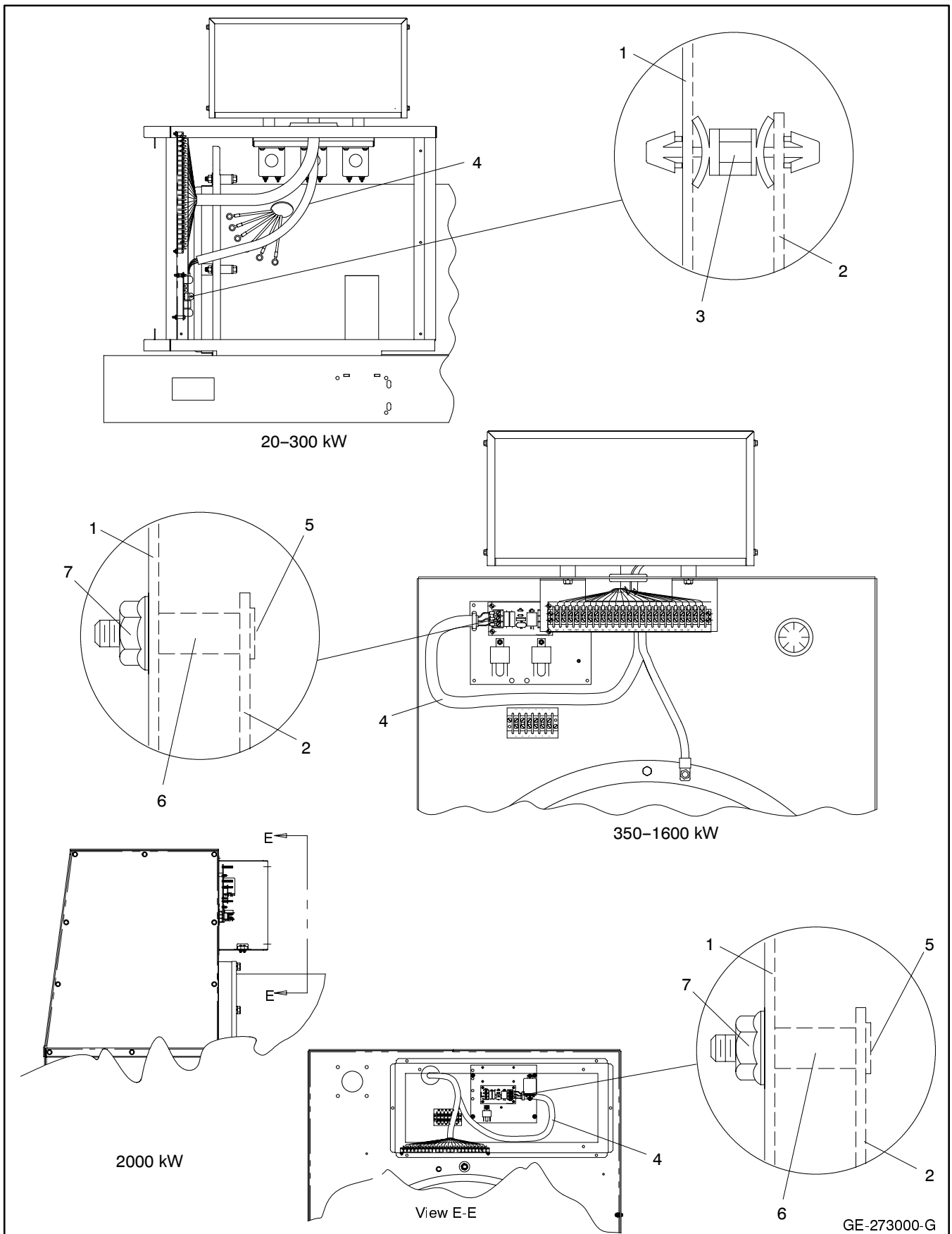
**Figure 2. Generator Set Controller Identification**

Select normally open or normally closed contacts, depending upon the application. The relay contact closure corresponds to the selected controller light being activated.

9. Customer-provided devices connected to the failure relay kit must have an adequate electrical supply to operate the device. Check the electrical requirements of the customer-provided accessories prior to installation. Use 18-gauge stranded wire to connect customer-provided accessories to the failure relay terminal strip.
10. Use cable tie (X-468-1) to bundle and secure the wiring harness.
11. Reinstall the generator set controller cover.
12. Reconnect the generator set engine starting battery, negative (-) lead last.
13. Reconnect the power to the battery charger, if equipped.

## Testing

Test the failure relay operation by connecting an ohmmeter across the NO and C terminals on the relay terminal strip. Start the generator set and ground the connected shutdown switch on the controller terminal strip TB1. During generator set shutdown, the relay contacts should close and the ohmmeter should display a low resistance reading (continuity). After the test is completed, place the generator controller master switch in the OFF position.



- 1. Circuit board
- 2. Relay panel
- 3. Circuit board standoff (360459)
- 4. Wiring harness

- 5. Screw (X-51-3)
- 6. Spacer (X-712-9)
- 7. Nut (X-6210-4)

**Figure 3. Failure Relay Kit Installation**

## Controller Terminal Identification

### TB1 Terminal Strip

- 1 Ground—emergency stop relay (K4)—Connect emergency stop across terminals TB1-1 and 1A†
- 1A Emergency Stop Relay (K4) coil; negative side—Connect emergency stop across terminals TB1-1 and 1A†
- 2 Ground terminal
- 12 Overcrank (OC) signal\*
- 26 Auxiliary (AUX) signal\*
- 32 Failure Relay/Preatarm Line 1—A/V alarm or failure relay activated by OC, 12; AUX, 26; LWT, 35; HET, 36; LOP, 38; OS, 39; AHET, 40; ALOP, 41; and LF, 63 faults
- 32A Failure Relay/Preatarm Line 2—A/V alarm or failure relay activated by AUX, 26; HET, 36; LOP, 38; OS, 39; and ES, 48 faults
- 35 Low water temperature (LWT) signal
- 36 High engine temperature (HET) signal\*
- 38 Low oil pressure (LOP) signal\*
- 39 Overspeed (OS) signal\*
- 40 Anticipatory high engine temperature (AHET) signal\*
- 41 Anticipatory low oil pressure (ALOP) signal\*
- 42A Battery voltage (fuse #1 protected)—accessory power supply; Customer may also provide separate accessory power source
- 48 Emergency stop (ES) signal\*
- 56 Air damper (AD) switch, if equipped. Standard on all 200-2000 kW Detroit Diesel powered models
- 60 System ready signal\*
- 61 Battery charger fault—Connect battery charger alarm contact to TB1-61 to activate fault lamp (active low) if used
- 62 Low battery volts—Connect battery charger alarm contact to TB1-62 to activate fault lamp (active low) if used
- 63 Low fuel (LF) fault—Connect fuel level sensor to TB1-63 to activate fault lamp (active low) if used
- 70C Generator in cool down mode signal
- 70R Generator in running mode signal
- 80 Not in auto signal\*

NOTE: Not all terminals are used for all generator sets (see appropriate wiring diagrams for specific generator set model)

† Connect jumper across terminals 1 and 1A if emergency stop switch is not used.

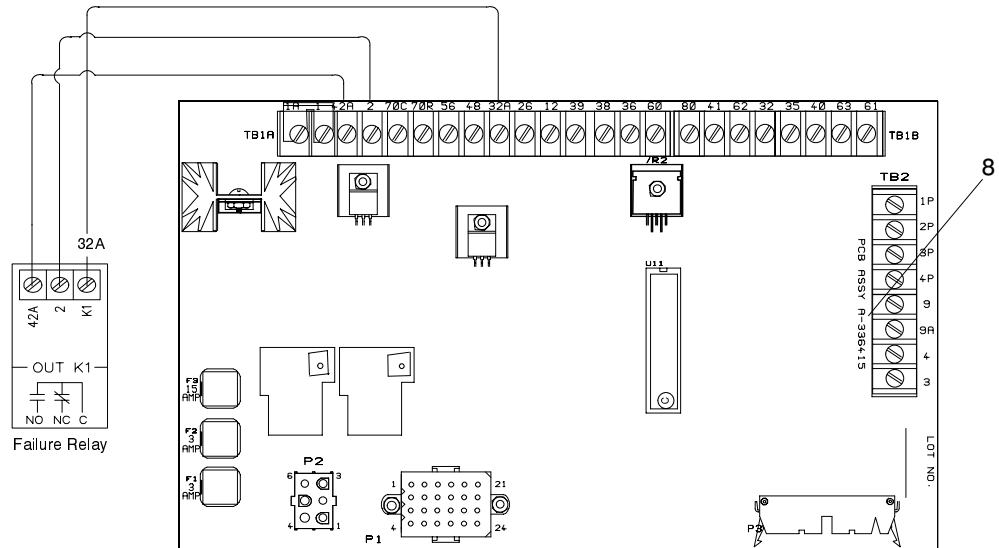
\* Use a remote annunciator and/or A/V alarm kit as an indicator with a dry contact kit connected to controller terminal strip TB1.

### TB2 Terminal Strip

- 1P Prime power operation
- 2P Prime power operation
- 3 Remote start ground—Connect transfer switch or remote start switch to TB2-3 and TB2-4
- 3P Prime power operation
- 4 Remote start—Connect transfer switch or remote start switch to TB2-3 and TB2-4
- 4P Prime power operation
- 9 Crank mode selection (open—cyclic crank; ground—continuous crank). Connect TB2-9 to TB2-9A for continuous cranking; leave TB2-9 open cyclic cranking—see Starting
- 9A Crank mode ground

NOTE: To use prime power mode—place jumpers across TB2-1P to TB2-2P, TB2-3P to TB2-4P, and TB2-3 to TB2-4. To deactivate prime power mode—remove jumpers across TB2-1P to TB2-2P, TB2-3P to TB2-4P, and TB2-3 to TB2-4.

Note: Wiring harness leads connected to controller/connection kit terminals 2 and 42A connect to failure relay terminals 2 and 42A respectively. The remaining wiring harness lead connects to selected generator output on the controller/connection kit terminal strip and to failure relay K1 terminal. If wiring harness is connected to terminal other than 32A mark lead according to new terminal connection.



328912-

8. Circuit board part number location

**Figure 4. Controller Circuit Board A-336415 Wiring Diagram**



## Failure Relay Kit

Parts List				
Kits: PA-347274, PA-347274-SD, PA-361548, PA-361548-SD			Unique Parts	
Qty.	Description	Common Parts	PA-347274 PA-347274-SD	PA-361548 PA-361548-SD
1	Circuit board assembly, failure relay	C-294301		
4	Screw, r.h.m., 8-32 x 1.0 in.		X-51-3	
1	Tie, cable	X-468-1		
4	Spacer, 1/2 in.		X-712-9	
4	Nut, 8-32		X-6210-4	
1	Harness, wiring	347275		
4	Standoff, circuit board			360459